QLCS Mesovortex Warning System Reference Sheets

NWS Central Region Tornado Warning Improvement Project

QLCS Mesovortex Warning System

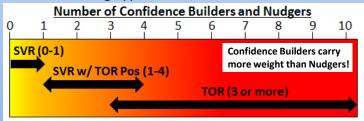
- 1. Use Three Ingredients Method to anticipate areas where mesovortex genesis is likely over next 30-45 minutes
- 2. Identify presence of Confidence Builders and Nudgers which indicate an increased likelihood for tornadoes
- 3. Determine the number and quality of Confidence Builders and Nudgers to issue heightened warning products
- 4. Draw an effective polygon to capture motion and evolution of key features over next 30-45 minutes

Three Ingredients Method

- 1. System cold pool and ambient low-level shear nearly balanced or slightly shear dominant <u>and</u>
- 2. 0-3 km line-normal bulk shear magnitude > 30 kts and
- 3. Rear-inflow jet (RIJ) or enhanced outflow causes surge or bow within a QLCS

General Rules of Thumb for Warning Types

<u>Once the three Ingredients are met</u>, sum up number of Confidence Builders and Nudgers and use chart below to determine warning type:



Note: Use quality and persistence of Confidence Builders and Nudgers to tweak confidence up or down in overlap regions.

Descending RIJ/reflectivity drop

Enhancing surge/bow

Line break

Paired front/rear inflow notch

UDCZ entry point

Front reflectivity nub

Boundary ingestion

Contracting bookend vortex with $V_r \ge 25$ kt

Tight/strong mesovortex with $V_r \ge 25$ kt

Confirmed tornado/tornadic debris signature (TDS)

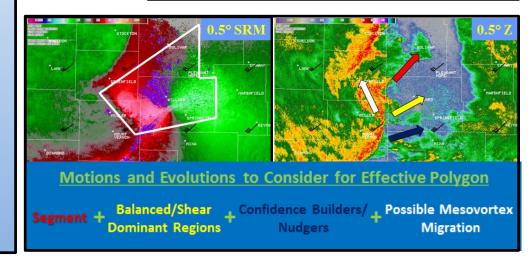
Reflectivity tag intersecting a surge/bow 0 to 3 km MLCAPE > 40 J/kg

History of tornadoes (includes prior TDSs)

Note: Confidence Builders carry more weight

Cell merger/reflectivity spike near surge/bow

Note: Confidence Builders carry more weight than Nudgers!

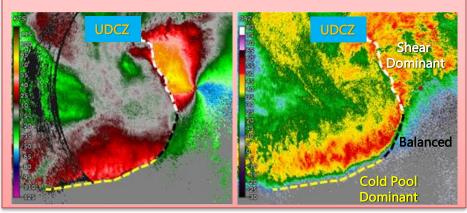


Three Ingredients Method for Mesovortex Genesis and Intensification



Locate Balanced and Slightly Shear Dominant Regimes

- A. Locate the Updraft Downdraft Convergence Zone (UDCZ) using 0.5° SRM, V, and SW products
- B. Compare location of UDCZ to updraft region in 0.5° Z product:
 - Shear Dominant UDCZ within or behind updraft towers
 - Balanced UDCZ on immediate front edge of updraft towers
 - <u>Cold Pool Dominant</u> UDCZ out ahead of updraft towers





Locate Bows and Local Surges

- A. A rear inflow jet or enhanced outflow are likely candidates to cause a local surge or bow
 - Look for MARC signatures in the 8-16 kft layer as a precursor to bows
 - Low level V, SRM, and SW products often reveal developing local surges quicker than Z product

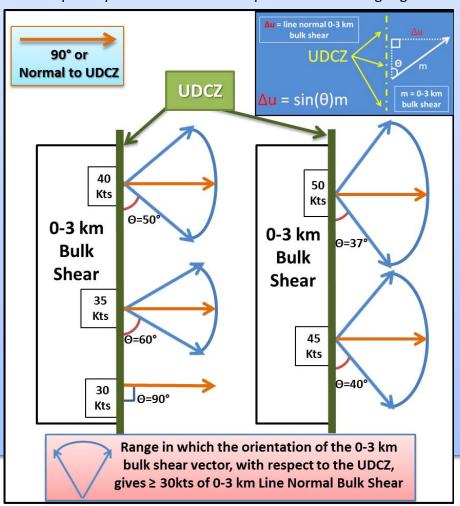
When all three ingredients are co-located within a QLCS, there is an increased likelihood for mesovortex genesis and intensification, along with increased tornado potential.

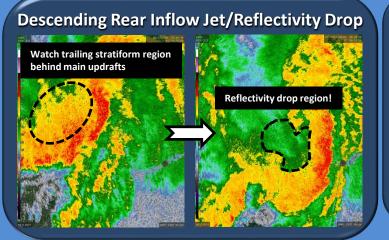
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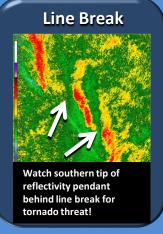
Locate Regions where Line-Normal 0-3 km Bulk Shear is ≥ 30 Knots

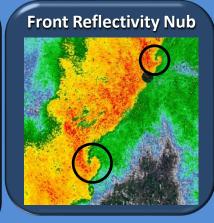
- A. Determine 0-3 km bulk shear just ahead of the QLCS (must be ≥ 30 knots for ingredient to be fulfilled)
- B. Use equation below to determine line-normal bulk shear values as they relate to the UDCZ

Tip: Local surges and bows often change the orientation of the UDCZ. This is especially true for the northern portion of a bowing segment.

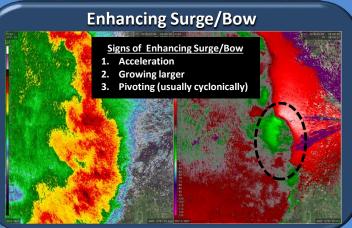




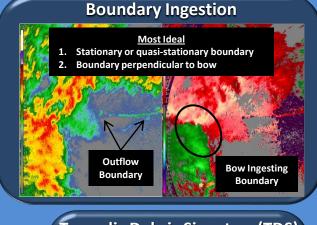


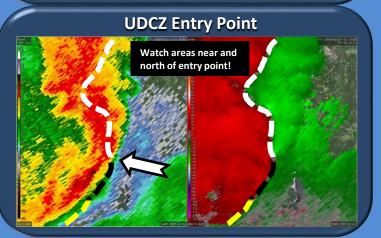


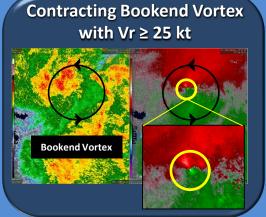


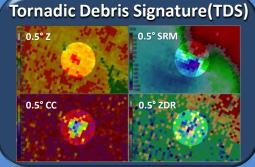






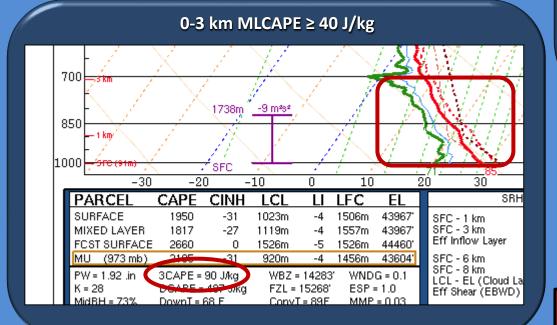


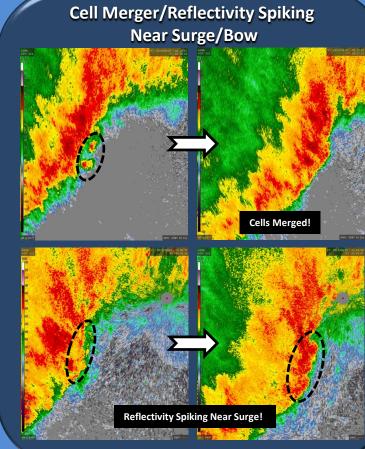


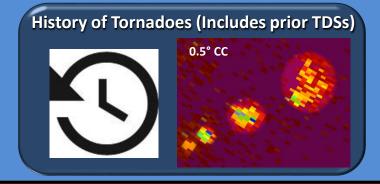


Tornado Warning Confidence Builders

Reflectivity Tag Intersecting a Surge/Bow Tag motion Tag crossing surge! Nov. 2719-34130 Tag crossing surge!







Tornado Warning Nudgers