

Drought Information Statement for South Central and Southeast Colorado

Valid April 10th, 2025

Issued By: NWS Pueblo, Colorado

Contact Information: nws.pueblo@noaa.gov

- This product will be updated by May 10th, 2025 or sooner if drought conditions change significantly.
- Please see all currently available products at https://drought.gov/drought-information-statements.
- Please visit https://www.weather.gov/pub/DroughtInformationStatement for previous statements.
- Please visit https://www.drought.gov/drought-status-updates/ for regional drought status updates.
- Moderate to Extreme Drought Conditions persist across the Southwest Mountains
- Moderate to Severe Drought Conditions continue to develop across south central and southeast Colorado







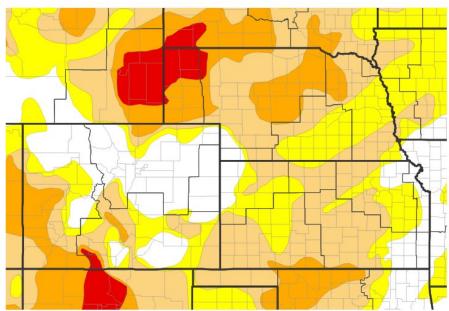
U.S. Drought Monitor

Link to the <u>latest U.S. Drought Monitor</u> for Colorado

- Drought intensity and Extent
 - D4 (Exceptional Drought): N/A
 - D3 Extreme Drought: SE Mineral, extreme southwestern Rio Grande, western and central Conejos counties.
 - D2 Severe Drought: Southern Mineral, southwestern Rio Grande, central Conejos, extreme southeast Chaffee, western Fremont, western Custer and northwest Huerfano counties.
 - D1 Moderate Drought: Northern Mineral, southwestern and central Saguache, eastern Rio Grande, eastern Conejos, most of Chaffee, central Fremont, Custer, northern Huerfano, western Las Animas, eastern Baca, eastern Prowers, southeast and southwest Kiowa, eastern Crowley, northeast Otero and northern Bent counties.
 - One Abnormally Dry: Saguache, eastern Rio Grande, western Alamosa, eastern Conejos, eastern Costilla, eastern Fremont, western and central Pueblo, western Crowley, northern Otero, southeast Huerfano, western and southeast Las Animas, western Baca, southeast Bent, western Prowers, and southwest and southeast Kiowa counties.

Valid April 8th, 2025

U.S. Drought Monitor



U.S. Drought Monitor

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Abnormally Dry (D0) Moderate Drough	t Severe Drought	Extreme Drought	Exceptional
(D1)	(D2)	(D3)	Drought (D4)

Source(s): NDMC, NOAA, USDA; image courtesy of Drought.gov

Data Valid: 04/08/25





Recent Change in Drought Intensity

- Four Week Drought Monitor Class Change.
 - Drought Worsened: Areas over and near the higher terrain as well as portions of the southeast Plains.
 - No Change: Portions of the San Luis Valley and southeast Plains.
 - Drought Improved: Central Kiowa county.

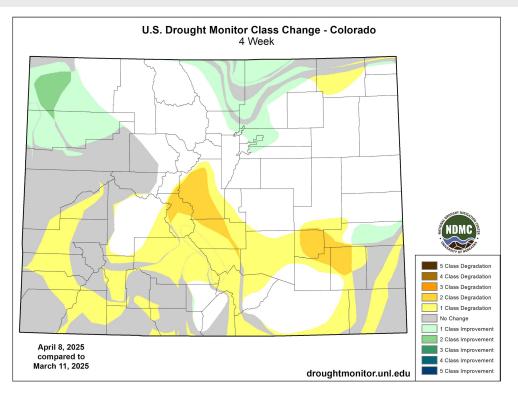


Image Caption: <u>Drought Monitor Colorado 4 Week Change Map</u> valid April 8th, 2025





Links: See/submit Condition Monitoring Observer Reports (CMOR) and view the Drought Impacts Reporter

Hydrologic Impacts

- April 1st Statewide snowpack was at 85 percent of median, with the southern basins lagging well behind the northern basins. This is also reflective in the <u>latest April-July and April-September streamflow forecasts</u>.
- Current streamflow conditions are near normal across south central and southeast Colorado and below normal across southwest Colorado.

Agricultural Impacts

Soil moisture is around seasonal levels across south central and southeast Colorado.
 (CPC Daily Soil Moisture Ranking)

Fire Hazard Impacts

- Dry fuels across snow free areas, combined with windy conditions has produced moderate to at times extreme high fire danger across south central and southeast Colorado.
- Much lower than normal snowpack, and an expected early melt off, has brought an increased potential for significant wildfires across the Southwest Mtns for the month of June.

Mitigation Actions

Please refer to your municipality and/or water provider for mitigation information.





Hydrologic Conditions and Impacts

Links to Current NRCS Mountain Precipitation and NRCS StreamFlow Forecast (January-June)

- Latest 7 day average stream flows are near normal across south central and southeast Colorado, with below average conditions across southwest Colorado.
- NRCS data indicates statewide mountain precipitation for the month of March was at 104 percent of median, as compared to 156 percent of median at the same time last year. This brings statewide Water Year 2025 to date precipitation to 92 percent of median, as compared to 103 percent of median at the same time last year.
- In the **Arkansas basin**, March precipitation came in at 77 percent of median, as compared to 186 percent of median at the same time last year. The southern portions of the basin were much drier than northern portions. This brings Arkansas basin Water Year 2025 to date precipitation to 92 percent of median, as compared to 115 percent of median at the same time last year.
- In the **Upper Rio Grande basin**, March precipitation came in at 86 percent of median, as compared to 175 percent of median at the same time last year. This brings Upper Rio Grande basin Water Year 2025 to date precipitation to 79 percent of median, as compared to 93 percent of median at the same time last year.

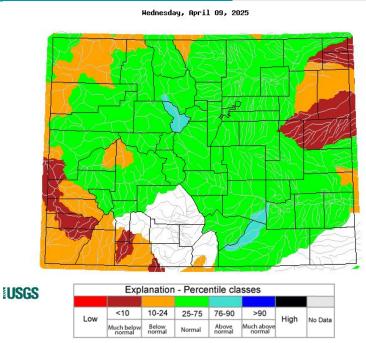


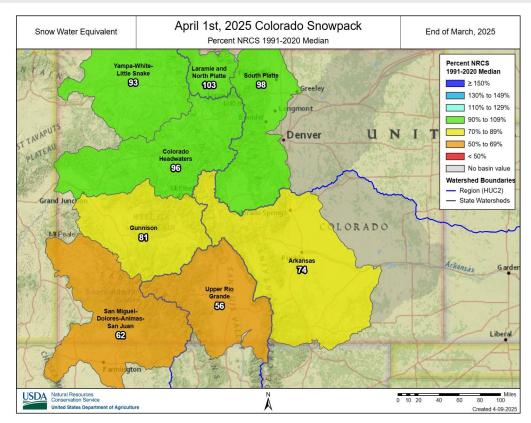
Image Caption: <u>USGS 7 day average streamflow for Colorado</u> valid April 9th, 2025



Hydrologic Conditions Colorado Snowpack

Link to USDA NRCS Colorado Water Supply Outlook Report (January-June)

- At the end of March, NRCS data indicated <u>Colorado</u> <u>Statewide Snowpack</u> was at 85 percent of median, as compared to 112 percent of median at the same time last year. The southern basins are lagging well behind the northern basins
- April 1st snowpack in the <u>Arkansas basin</u> was at 74 percent of median, as compared to 118 percent of median at the same time last year. Current streamflow forecasts range from 32% of median at Grape Creek near Westcliffe to 98% of median at the Arkansas River at Salida.
- April 1st snowpack in the <u>Upper Rio Grande basin</u> was at 56 percent of median, as compared to 109 percent of median at the same time last year. Current streamflow forecasts range from 21% of median at San Antonio River near Ortiz to 80% of median at Rio Grande at Thirty Mile Bridge.





Agricultural and Water Storage Impacts

Link to the latest USDA Colorado Crop Progress and Condition Report

 Latest CPC data indicates soil moisture is running around seasonal norms across south central and southeast Colorado.

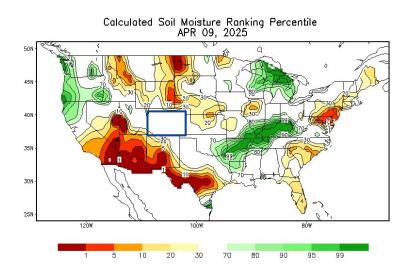


Image Caption: <u>CPC Daily Soil Moisture Ranking</u> valid April 9th. 2025

- NRCS data indicated <u>statewide</u>
 <u>Colorado Reservoir Storage</u> was at 92 percent of median at the end of March, as compared to 100 percent of median at the same time last year.
- In the Arkansas basin, reservoir storage was at 113 percent of median at the end of March, as compared to 110 percent of median at the same time last year.
- In the **Rio Grande basin**, reservoir storage was at 121 percent of median at the end of March, as compared to 116 percent of median at the same time last year.

Fire Hazard Impacts

Link to Wildfire Potential Outlooks from the National Interagency Coordination Center.

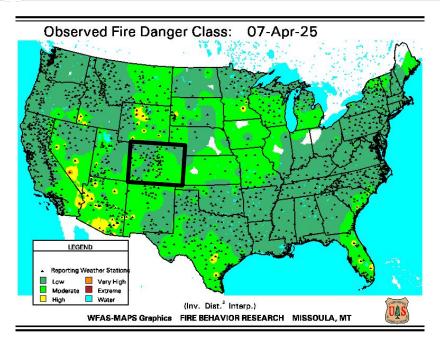


Image Caption: Wildland Fire Assessment System Observed Fire Danger valid April 7th, 2025

Link to Latest Fire Restrictions across the state of Colorado

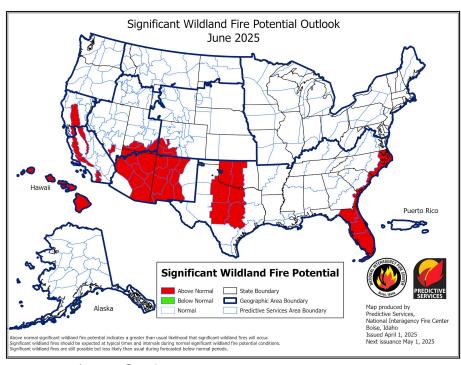


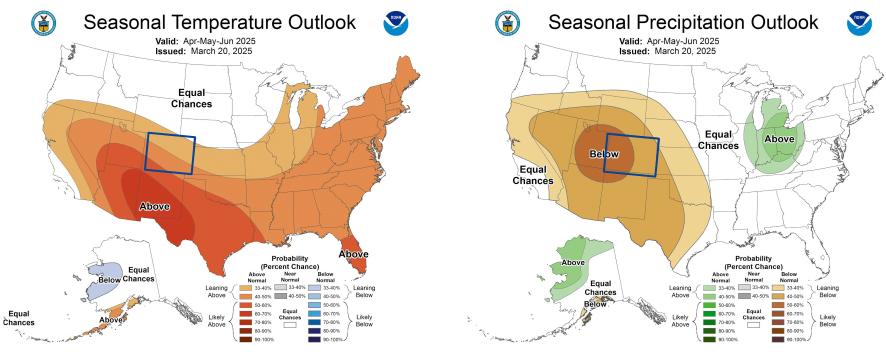
Image Caption: NIFC Monthly Significant Wildland Fire Potential Outlook valid for June 2025





Long-Range Three Month Outlook (April-June)

The latest seasonal outlooks can be found on the CPC homepage



The CPC outlook for April through June leans to above normal temperatures and below normal precipitation across south central and southeast Colorado.





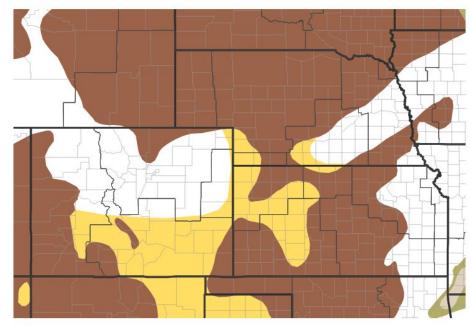
Drought Three Month Outlook

Drought conditions look to persist and expand across south central and southeast Colorado through the rest of the Spring and into the early Summer.

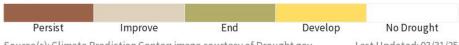
Links to the latest:

Climate Prediction Center Monthly Drought Outlook Climate Prediction Center Seasonal Drought Outlook

Seasonal (3-Month) Drought Outlook for March 31, 2025-June 30, 2025







Source/cl. Climate Dradiction Contar image courtesu of Draught gay

