## CBRFC MRF Project

DOH Meeting
June 2004

## Steve Shumate

## CBRFC AHPS PROIECT

## A cooperative effort between:

Colorado
University of Colorado at Boulder

NOAA-CIRES
Climate Diagnostios

Center


## Goals

Introduce probabilistic 14 day meteorological forecasts
(ensembles) into a river forecast system.
Capture and display the uncertainty.

Verify the process.

## Project Area: 27 Seciments Above Cameo, Colorado River



## Method

## Medium Range -orecast Model

Mean Areal Temperature and Precipitation Ensembles

## Probabilistic River Forecasts

## Medjum Range Forecast (MRF) yloded

- Global Meteorological Model
- Many Atmospheric Variables
- Frozen Version
- Run Daily at CDC
- ~70km Spatial Resolution


## MRF Spatial Resolution



## WAY TOO LARGE!

## Need to Relate to Basin...

## ENSEMBLE RE-FORECASTING : <br> IMPROVINGMEDIUM-RANGE FORECAST SKILL USING RETROSPECTIVE FORECASTS <br> Thomas M. Hamill1, Jeffrey S. Whitaker2, and XueWei1

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## Downscalling



MRF Variables:
2 m air temp
Precipitation
700 mb Relative Humidity
Sea Level Pressure
-10m Vector Wind

- Total Column

Precipitable Water

## Downscalling Method

1. Relates historical MRF scale variable to historical basin scale variables through multivariate linear regression equations. For example:

Basin MAP $=a_{1}($ MRF Precipitation $)+a_{2}($ MRF wind $)+$
2. Equations developed in (1) are applied to future MRF forecasts to produce forecasts of basin scale variables.
3. Multiple values at a particular time step are generated to create ensembles.

## Downscaling Results



## Input into ESP

MRF and Historical for 0221 for gbyc2hlf


MRF derived MAT/MAPs are attached to historical years ("ensembles") and 'fed' to ESP.

## Schematic of Using Ensembles from MRF(day 1-14) As Input to ESP



Median forecasted temperature

## Ensembles From The 'Frozen' MRF

> Ensembles From Historical Data

## ESP peak flow

ESP Generated Data 02-26 for GBYC2H_F

Week 1


Weeks 3 \& 4


Exceedence Probability (99.8, 99, 90, 75, 50, 25, 10, 1, 0.2\%)
Smaller peaks because MRF is colder for first 14 days causes less melt.

## ESp volumes



Smaller volumes through week 4 due to "banking" of water in colder than normal period leads to larger April - July volume.

## Future Plans

Use Statistical Weather/Climate GeneratorIn Lieu of Historical Ensembles

Use Experimental Technique to Downscale GPC Forecasts/Apply to Historical and WX/Generator

Use Finer Grid MM5 Forecasts to Produce Downscaled MAPS/MATs

Investigate Downscale Errors - Lumps or Points

