



# VAR Update

D.-J. Seo<sup>1,4</sup>, Lee Cajina<sup>2</sup>, Bob Corby<sup>3</sup>, Tracy Howieson<sup>3</sup>, Vadim Kuzmin<sup>1,5</sup>, Victor Koren<sup>1</sup>, Haksu Lee<sup>1,4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Hydrologic Science and Modeling Branch <sup>2</sup>Hydrologic Software Engineering Branch Hydrology Laboratory Office of Hydrologic Development NOAA/National Weather Service

> <sup>3</sup>West Gulf River Forecast Center NOAA/National Weather Service

<sup>4</sup>University Corporation for Atmospheric Research <sup>5</sup>Now at University of Melbourne, Australia





#### Elements of a Hydrologic Ensemble Prediction System







#### Uncertainties in Hydrologic Forecast







### FY06 Activities

- Funded by CPPA
- Continued experimental operation of prototype VAR at WGRFC
- Carried out comparative evaluation of prototype VAR
- Summarized in Seo et al. (manuscript in internal review for submission to ASCE J. Hydrol. Eng., an earlier version is available as Appendix G in Folder "dj" at http://www.weather.gov/ohd\_files/quickpost/inde

<u>x.php</u>)







Adjust model states, observed precipitation and PE, and model errors so that the model-simulated flow is sufficiently close to the observed





## Comparative evaluation

- The evaluation period was from July 1, 2005, through July 31, 2006.
- 23 headwater basins in TX (22 in the evaluation)
- Adjustment factors to MAPX and climatological PE, estimation optimization of unit hydrograph, and local optimization of SAC parameters for 1-hr timestep were made using AB\_OPT.
- VAR updated the model states every hour, whereas forecaster MOD updated the model states once every day or less frequently.
- 7 different forecasts and simulations were intercompared pairwise.
- Verification statistics were calculated for high (85th-percentile or higher), low (below 85th-percentile) and for all observed flows.
- Basin-specific verification statistics were aggregated over multiple basins according to the basin response time:
  - Fast (time-to-peak less than 12 hrs, 12 basins)
  - Intermediate (time-to-peak between 12 and 24 hrs, 8 basins)
  - Slow (time-to-peak greater than 24 hrs, 2 basins)
- The following 6 slides are excerpted from Appendix G in Folder "dj" at <a href="http://www.weather.gov/ohd\_files/quickpost/index.php">http://www.weather.gov/ohd\_files/quickpost/index.php</a>



#### **Study Basins**



T<sub>p</sub> (hrs)



Nov 28-30, 2006





Table 2. Types of forecasts and simulations of river stage intercompared

Forecast	Timestep (hr)	Explanation
турс		
FA	1	VAR-aided SAC-UH forecast
FC	1	MOD <sup>a</sup> -aided SAC-UH forecast
FD	6	MOD <sup>a</sup> -aided SAC-UH forecast with Adjust-Q <sup>b</sup>
FQ	1	Raw SAC-UH simulation
FU	1	Raw SAC-UH forecast
FW	1	MOD <sup>a</sup> -aided SAC-UH simulation
FX	6	MOD <sup>a</sup> -aided SAC-UH simulation

<sup>a</sup> Run-time modification by human forecaster.

<sup>b</sup> Weighted interpolation of flow between the model forecast and the observations over a time window such that the model forecast matches the observed over very short lead times and remains unchanged over long lead times.



Nov 28-30, 2006

RFC Short-Term Ensemble Workshop



Nov 28-30, 2006

RFC Short-Term Ensemble Workshop





Nov 28-30, 2006

RFC Short-Term Ensemble Workshop





## **FY07** Activities

- AHPS funding anticipated to enhance data assimilation capabilities for lumped SAC-UH
  - Continue experimental operation of prototype VAR at WGRFC
  - Enhance prototype VAR to work at 6- or 3-hr timestep
  - Begin development of an ensemble DA capability that builds on the prototype VAR
- Prototype VAR to be implemented in the Gulf Coast Region as a part of Site-Specific (funded by Hurricane Supplemental)





# Thank you