



Ensemble Hindcaster for Precipitation, Temperature, & Streamflow Ensemble Forecast Verification

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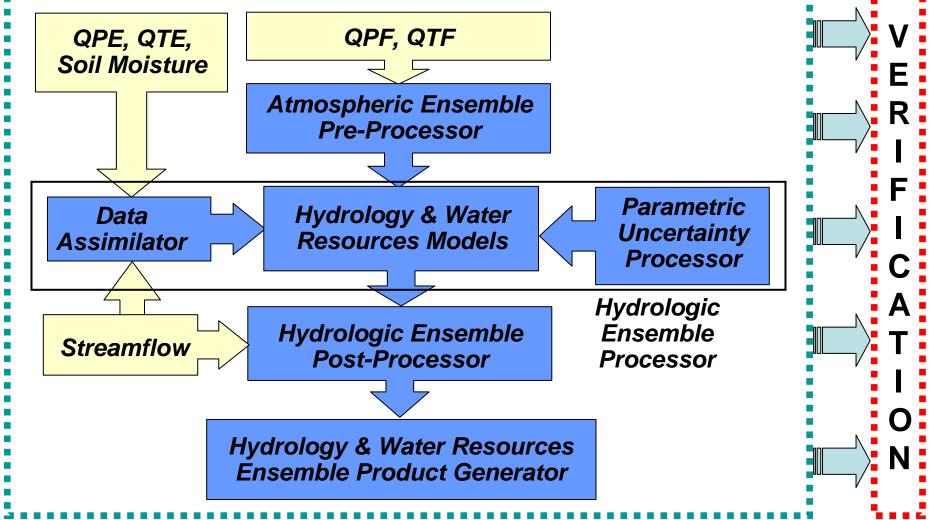
RFC Short-Term Ensemble Workshop, November 28, 2006

Overview

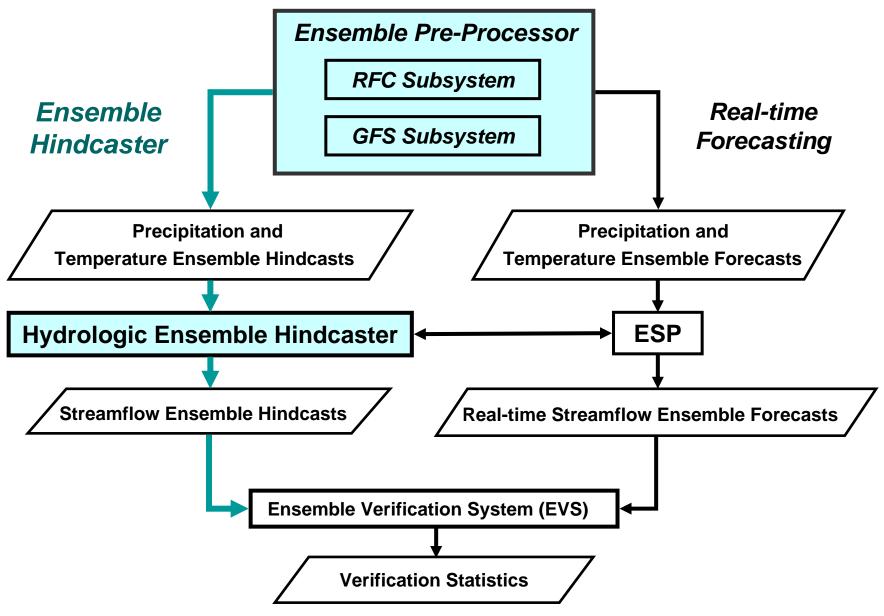
- Hindcaster Presentation
- Ensemble Hindcaster
 Hindcasting Process
 Hydrologic Ensemble Hindcaster Prototype
 Input and Output Data
- Issues
- Examples
- Future steps

Elements of a Hydrologic Ensemble Prediction System

Real-time forecasting & hindcasting modes



Ensemble Hindcaster Components



Ensemble Hindcaster

- Goal: capability for systematic hindcasting (re-forecasting) based on operational and experimental forecasting system to evaluate probabilistic forecast performance and validate ensemble science
- Benefits:
 - improve predictions and validate improvements relative to forecast reliability and skill
 - serve RFC's operational need for ensemble system calibration and forecast validation

Ensemble Hindcaster

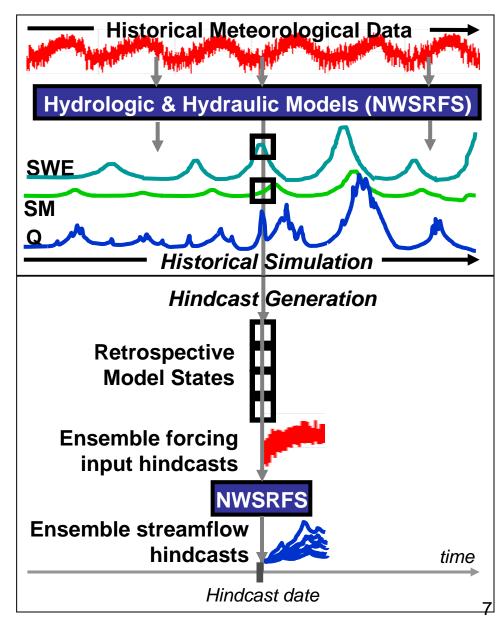
• Previous capabilities:

 Imited capability with ETSGEN gui with operational ESP
 hindcasting capability for CBRFC Pre-Processor
 Imited capability at OHD for short-term precipitation and temperature ensembles produced by experimental EPPI

- Current Ensemble Hindcaster prototype:
 - Meteorological Ensemble Hindcaster: Ensemble Pre-Processor in hindcasting mode to produce forcing input hindcasts
 - Hydrologic Ensemble Hindcaster (HEH): 2 Korn shell scripts to produce corresponding streamflow (and stage) hindcasts from retrospective model states

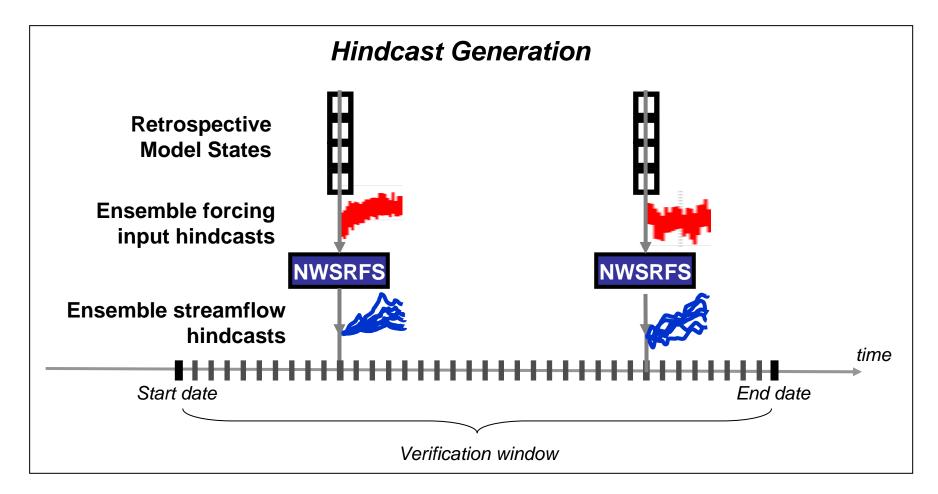
Ensemble Hindcaster: Process

- Hindcasting Process consists of generating and archiving for a range of dates and for a given verification time period:
 - retrospective model states
 using historical simulation
 mode
 - forcing input hindcasts from a meteorological hindcaster
 - streamflow hindcasts using conditional simulation mode



Ensemble Hindcaster: Process

 Hindcast generation: done once for a given forecast scenario and a given verification time period

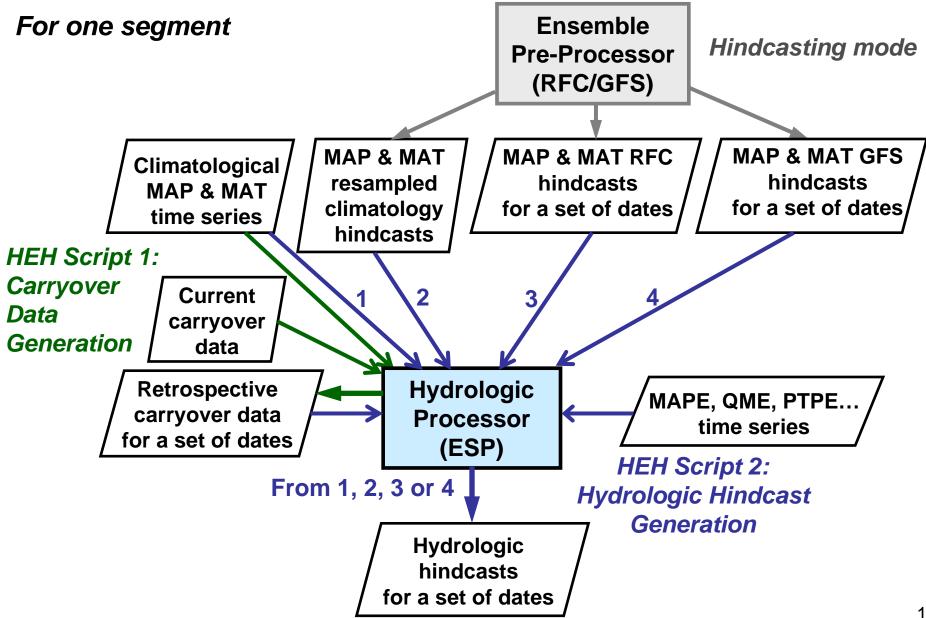


Ensemble Hindcaster: Prototype

Hydrologic Ensemble Hindcaster

- 2 Korn shell scripts: 1) generate retrospective carryover data
 2) generate ensemble flow hindcasts
- Input data: forcing input observations (datacard files) and existing carryover data, forcing input hindcasts (datacard files with date stamp)
- Cutput ensemble hindcasts for a range of dates: CS files for flow hindcasts with date stamp
- Capability for a segment or forecast group:
 - Generating retrospective model states by running OFS FCST ESP in simulating mode
 - Section of the sec

Ensemble Hindcaster: Prototype



Ensemble Hindcaster: Data

Required input data for ensemble generation and verification:

- Precipitation:
 - MAP observations, up to present, datacard format
 - HPC/RFC forecasts and/or GFS forecasts, up to present
- Temperature :
 - MAT observations, up to present, datacard format
 - HPC/RFC forecasts and/or GFS forecasts for TMax and TMin, up to present
- Other inputs (MAPE, PTPE, QME, etc.) up to present
- Streamflow:
 - Solution Soluti Solution Solution Solution Solution Solution Solution Solut

Ensemble Hindcaster: Data

Output data:

- Precipitation hindcasts: 1 file for each date (month/day/year) with date stamp <year yyyy><month mm><day dd><time series ID>. MAP06
- Temperature hindcasts: 1 file for each date (month/day/year) with date stamp <year yyyy><month mm><day dd>< time series ID >. MAT
- Retrospective model states: 1 file for each Julian day (month/day) for all historical years
 <segment ID>.<month mm>.<day dd>.24.<time zone XST>
- Streamflow (CS) hindcasts: 1 file for each date (month/day/year) with date stamp <segment ID>.< time series ID>.QINE.06.VS.<year yyyy><month mm><day dd>
- Simulated flow (HS) files: 1 file for the whole verification period <segment ID>.<time series ID>.QINE.06.HS

Ensemble Hindcaster: Issues

- Generation of retrospective model states:
 - From existing carryover data, simulation w/ historical forcing input
 - Raw Model without forecaster MODs vs. with forecaster MODs
 - with automated state updating
- Identify and quantify the different error sources in forecast process for both deterministic and probabilistic approach: various hindcasting scenarios
 - Integrating other preprocessor methodologies: GFS-based ensembles, SREFbased ensembles, CFS-based ensembles, etc.
 - Integrating other hydrologic forecast scenarios (state updating, calibrated model parameters, post-processor, etc.)
- Use of various reference flow values to identify and quantify error sources:
 - Flow from forcing input forecasts vs. simulated flow from perfect forcing input
 forcing input uncertainty
 - Solution Flow from forcing input forecasts vs. observed flow
 - so forcing input uncertainty + hydrologic uncertainty

Ensemble Hindcaster: Examples

 Comparison of Brier Skill Scores (BSS) for streamflow generated from EPPII forcing inputs and GFS forcing inputs

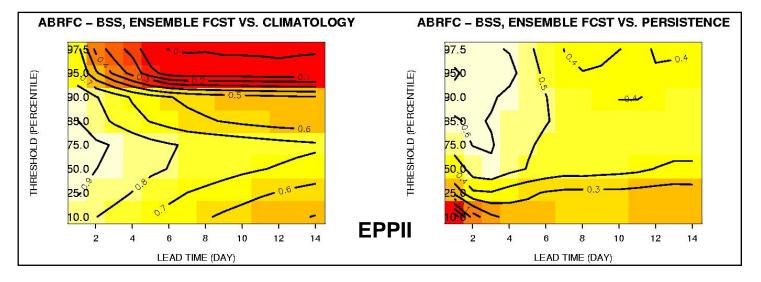
Aggregate BSS for 24-hr flows generated for 5 ABRFC basins from 03/06/2003 to 12/31/2004

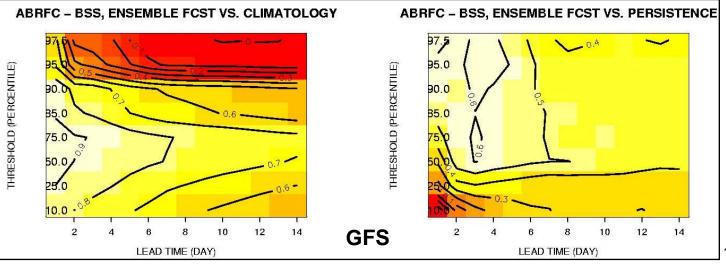
Brier Score

measures mean squared probability error

Perfect score: BSS=1

Reference flow: simulated (shows input uncertainty)





Future Steps

- Enhance user-friendliness (prototype user interface?)
- Release and support Hydrologic Ensemble Hindcaster experimental prototype => RFC feedback
- Develop other forecast scenarios: pre-processor, postprocessor, state updating, etc.
- Evaluate separately uncertainties from forcing inputs, initial conditions, parameters, other forecast elements
- Link with Deterministic Hindcaster

Thank you