National Weather Service Medford

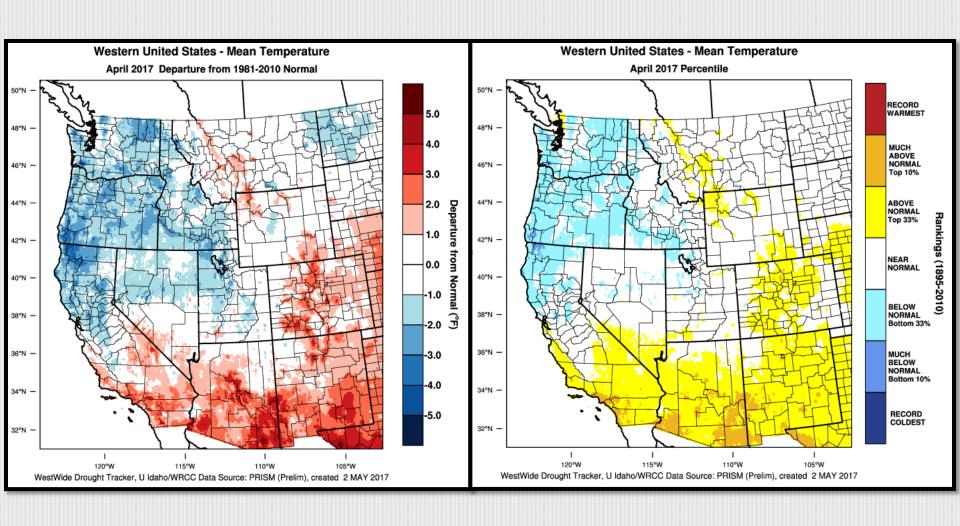
April 2017 Climate Summary

April 2017 Weather Review

Much like March, and the rest of the Wet Season for that matter, active weather continued on into April 2017. Overall, the area experienced colder than normal temperatures and above normal precipitation, along with multiple daily rainfall records broken during the month. As is to be expected with spring months, there were bouts of warm and dry weather followed by cooler and wetter weather. April started off with a bout of warm and dry weather. However, a potent spring storm moved through the area during the 6th and 7th bringing strong winds to much of the area, especially at the coast and in the higher elevations. Even the more sheltered valleys experienced strong winds with this storm. The Medford Airport recorded 42 mph gusts on both the 6th and 7th with sustained winds in the lower 30s during this time. This storm also brought a round of heavy snow above 4,000 feet in the mountains and a couple of inches in the Mount Shasta City area. The mountains in the Mount Shasta area reported around 2 feet of new snow on the 6th and 7th and a spotter in Tennant California reported 6 inches of snow on the morning of the 8th.

Shortly after this system, a second storm brought another round of strong winds to the area around the 11th. Although not as strong as the first system, the sheltered valleys still experienced strong winds. The Medford Airport recorded gusts up to 35 mph on the 12th. The cycle of warm and dry followed by cool and wet continued through the end of the month as a few more storm systems moved through the area.

April 2017 Observed Temperatures



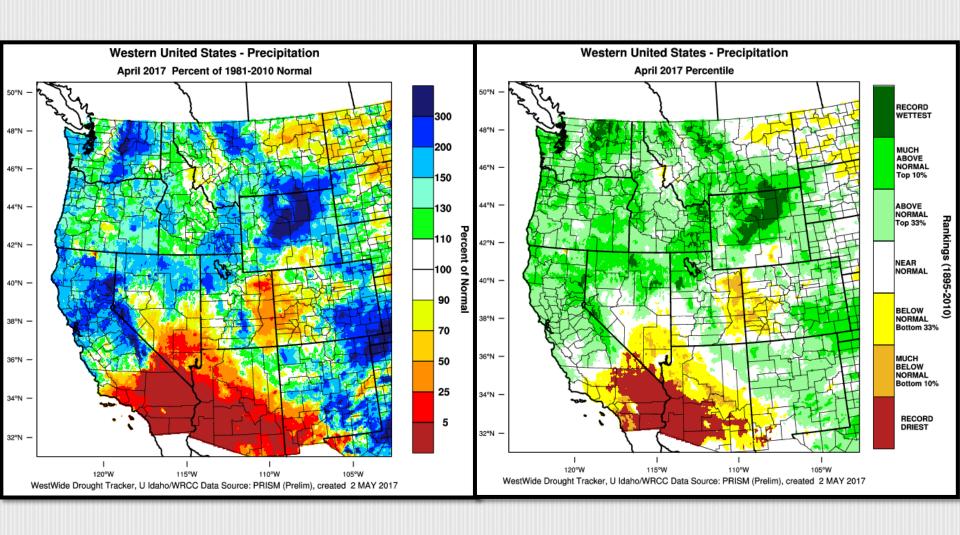
Average Temperatures

	Average (°F)	Departure from Normal	Average Max (°F)	Departure from Normal	Average Min (°F)	Departure from Normal
North Bend	50.6	+1.4°	57-3	+2.0°	44.0	+0.9°
Roseburg	52.0	-0.2°	61.3	-1.1°	42.7	0.7°
Medford	52.2	-0.6°	63.3	-1.6°	41.1	+0.3°
Klamath Falls	42.3	-o.8°	54-5	-2.0°	30.1	+0.4°
Montague, CA	45-9	-1.2°	59-5	-1.4°	32.2	-1.0°
Mt. Shasta City, CA	46.4	-o.8°	57.2	-3.7°	35-5	+2.1°
Alturas, CA	44.0	+o.8°	56.3	-1.5°	31.7	+3.0°

Monthly Max & Min Temperatures

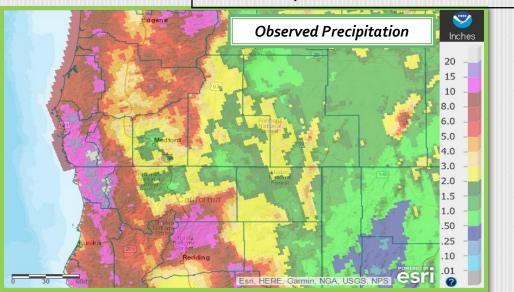
	Max (°F)	Date(s)	Min (°F)	Date(s)
North Bend	72°	21 st	<i>37</i> °	3 rd & 15 th
Roseburg	74°	21 st	34°	9 th
Medford	76°	21 st	31°	9 th
Klamath Falls	66°	1 st	20°	9 th
Montague, CA	71°	29 th	21°	9 th
Mt. Shasta City, CA	72°	29 th	25°	14 th
Alturas, CA	69°	5 th	21°	15 th

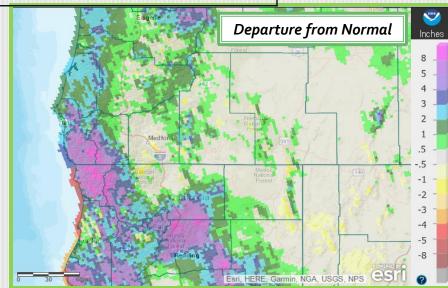
April 2017 Observed Precipitation



April Precipitation

	Total	Departure from Normal	Greatest 24-hrTotal	Date(s)
North Bend	6.41"	+1.24"	0.93"	6 th
Roseburg	2.78"	-0.04"	0.63"	26 th
Medford	0.95"	-0.43"	0.27"	26 th
Klamath Falls	0.84"	-0.53"	0.20"	26 th
Montague, CA	1.03"	-0.53"	0.37"	12 th
Mt. Shasta City, CA	8.48"	+5.55"	3.37"	6 th
Alturas, CA	1.51"	-0.05"	0.35"	26 th





Record Precipitation – Daily & Water Year (to date)

Year to Date -

10/1/2016 -

Montague

Record Daily (April) Precipitation

	New Record	Date	Old Record	Year
North Bend	0.93"	6 th	0.92"	1937
Roseburg	0.42"	17 th	tied	1958
Roseburg	0.63"	26 th	0.30"	1978
Klamath Falls	0.16"	12 th	0.13"	1992
Alturas	0.28"	13 th	0.25"	2012
Mt Shasta City	3.37"	6 th	0.58"	1967
Mt Shasta City	1.73"	12 th	tied	2012
Montague	0.37"	12 th	0.34"	1972

Water Year Record Tracker

First

2005-

2006

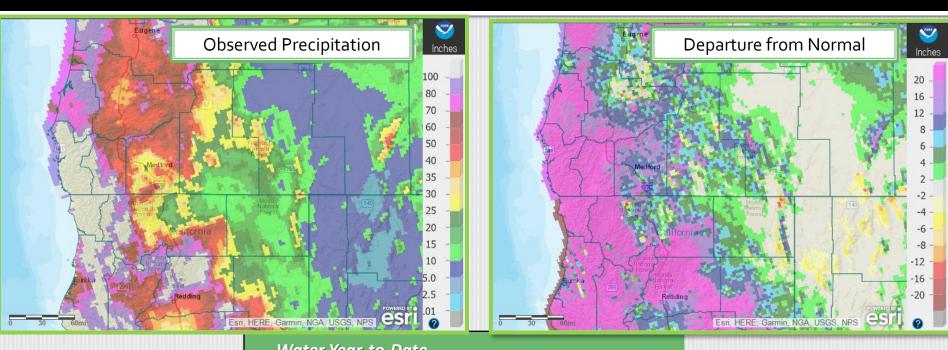
18.51"

4/30/2017	Naiik	Value	Place	Value
North Bend	11 th	74.35"	1981- 1982	82.28"
Roseburg	3 rd	40.41"	1955- 1956	44.66"
Medford	8 th	23.69"	1955- 1956	27.59"
Klamath Falls	10 th	10.68"	2005- 2006	15.48"
Alturas	1 st	12.93"	2016- 2017	New Record
Mt Shasta City	3 rd	57.94"	1982- 1983	63.07"

14.90"

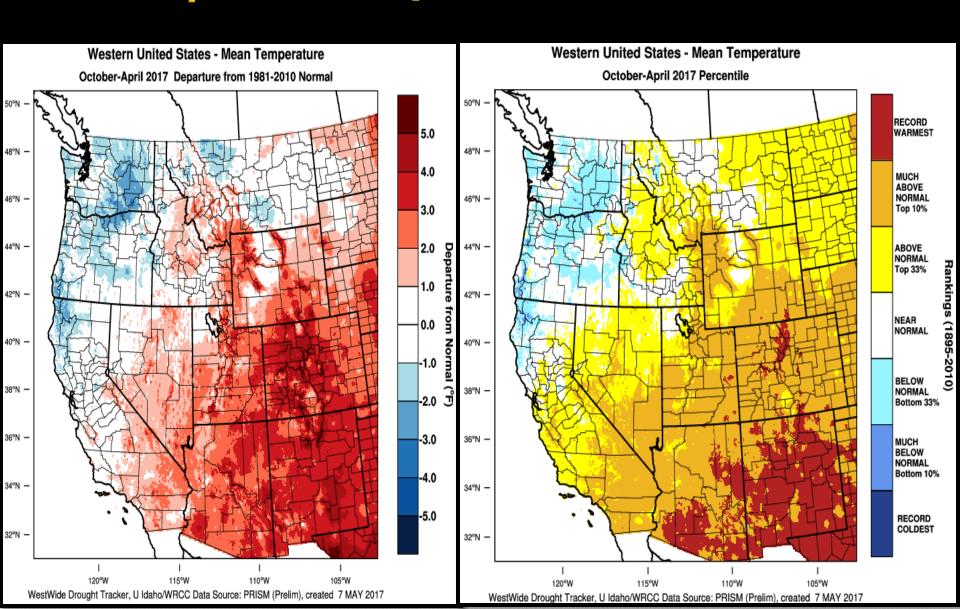
2nd

Water Year to Date

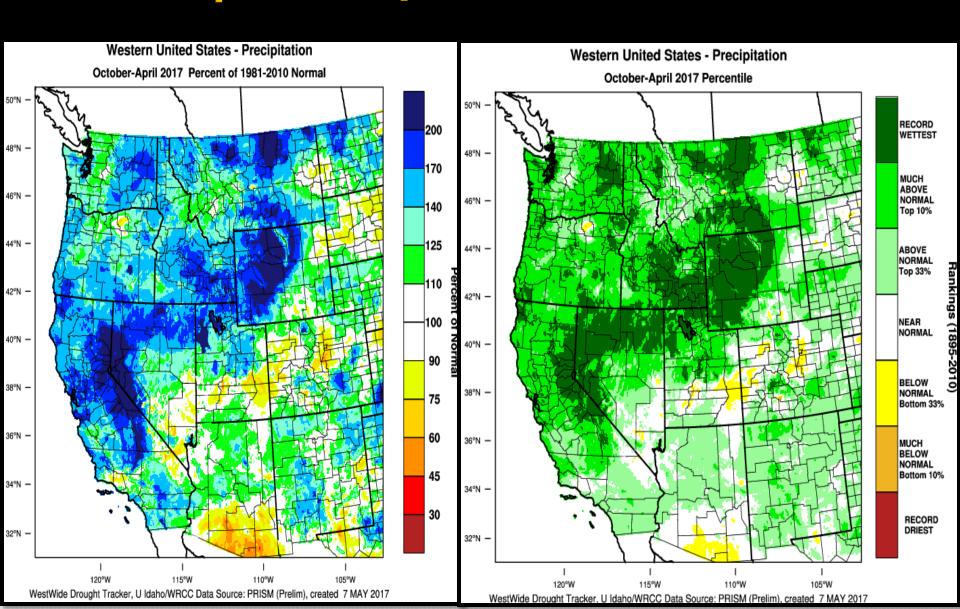


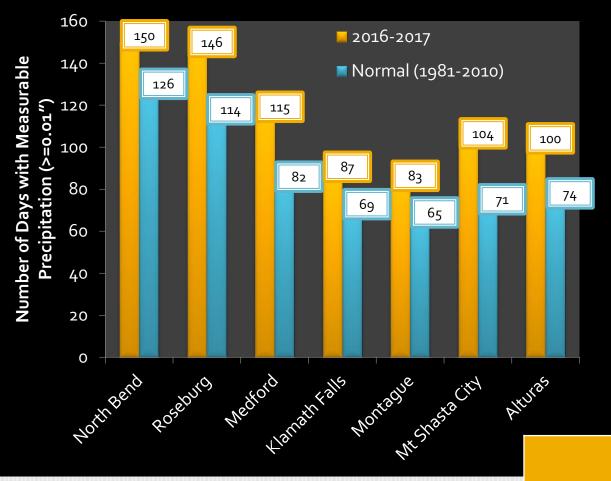
Water Year-to-Date 10/1 – 4/30	Total	Normal
North Bend	74.35"	56.87"
Roseburg	40.41"	31.01"
Medford	23.69"	15.17"
Klamath Falls	10.68"	11.10"
Montague, CA	14.90"	14.91"
Mt. Shasta City, CA	57.94"	38.39"
Alturas, CA	12.93″	10.69″

Temperatures, Water Year to Date



Precipitation, Water Year to Date





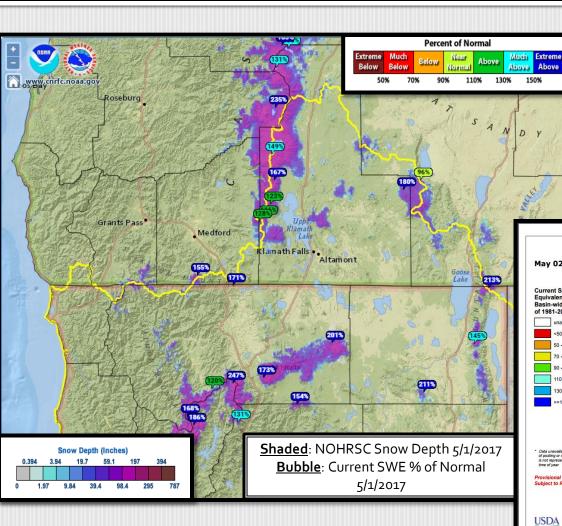
How Many Days of Rain?!

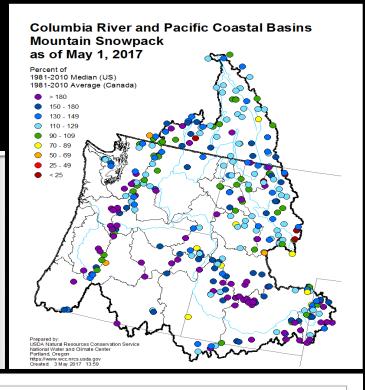
Not only has it been a record setting water year (to date) based on precipitation totals, but also based on the number of days with measurable precipitation. The exceptions are:

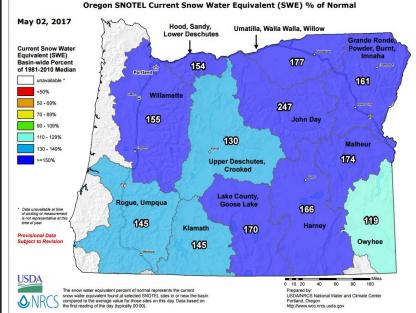
- Roseburg, which is only one day behind the current record
- Klamath Falls and Mt Shasta City which are currently tied with the record setting year.

2016-2017 (10/1 – 4/30)	Previous Record / Year
150	146 / 1996-1997
146	147 / 1998-1999
115	104 / 1997-1998
87	87 / 2005-2006
83	82 / 2010-2011
104	104 / 2005-2006
100	92 / 2002-2003
	(10/1 – 4/30) 150 146 115 87 83 104

Snowpack Status



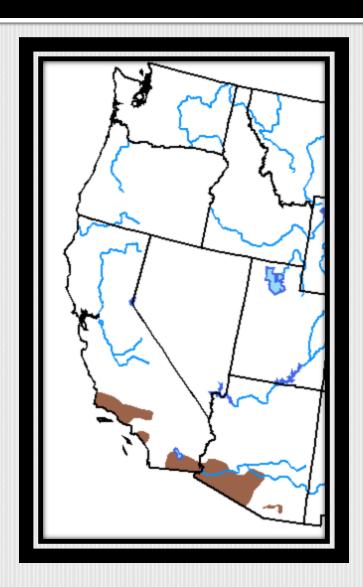


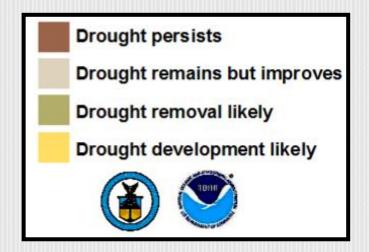


Crater Lake



Drought Outlook: May





Valid for May 2017 Released April 30, 2017

http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/expert_assessment/ month_drought.png

Looking Ahead: Normals for May (1981-2010)

Temperatures:

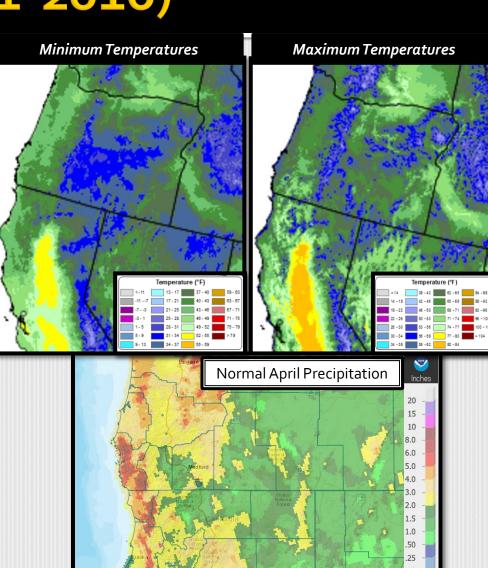
Along the coast, lows are typically in upper 4os to lower 50s with highs in the upper 50s to mid 6os. The Interior West Side valleys usually experiences average lows in the 4os to 50s and highs in the lower 6os to mid 7os. Lows are typically in the 3os across the higher mountains west of the Cascades and the majority of the East Side. Highs across even the higher elevations are typically in the 4os and 5os, while across the valleys east of the Cascades highs are typically 6o-70 degrees.

Precipitation:

Curry County usually gets 4 to 10 inches of water. South and southwest flow favored areas west of the Cascades, the Mount Shasta area, and the Cascades and Siskiyous typically get 2 to 5 inches. The remainder of the West Side has a wide range in normals, from as low as 0.50 up to 2 inches. East of the Cascades, the drier portions of Lake County can expect 0.50 to 1.5 inches, while most of the rest of the East Side gets 1 to 3 inches of water, though some of the mountains typically see up to around 4 inches.

Snow:

With peak snow water equivalent normally having occurred in mid-March, we expect the snowpack to be melting off. However, in some years the snowpack peaks in April. Also, we do sometimes get mountain snow in May that slows the melting process. The snowpack typically melts off much faster on southerly slopes than northerly slopes due to exposure and related temperatures. Snowpack at and above 7000 feet usually remains through the month of May, though it is melting much of the time.



May 2017 Outlook

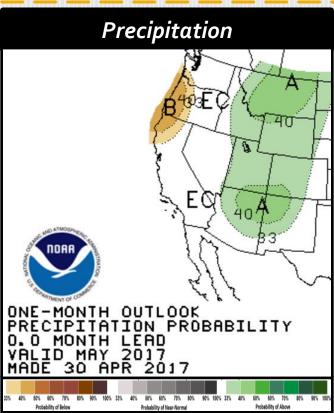
The official CPC forecast, which was issued at the end of April, generally indicates an increased chance for below normal precipitation across the area, but equal chances for above, below and near normal precipitation for far eastern portions of the area. Temperatures are equal chances of above, near and below normal, except over the farthest southeastern portions of the area, where probabilities slightly favor above normal temperatures.

This May is looking to be something of a roller coaster for temperatures, but leaning near to below normal per the latest short and longer range guidance for the month, as a whole. Precipitation is trending to be near normal across the area, except that convective precipitation means some areas will be above normal, while others nearby may be below normal.

Temperatures ONE-MONTH OUTLOOK TEMPERATURE PROBABILITY O.O MONTH LEAD VALID MAY 2017 MADE 30 APR 2017

Expected Impact, May 2017:

This May looks to be a continuation of the near to cooler than normal conditions observed this Wet Season, therefore slowing the drying process and melting of snow that usually comes in May. The overall progression of the weather will, of course, be toward spring as the month progresses, but periodic cool downs are likely with the warmer periods. The 2nd week of May looks to be very similar to the first week of the month, with warmer than normal temperatures followed quickly by cooler than normal temperatures, with potentially damaging frost and freezing temperatures through mid-month west of the Cascades. Cold upper level troughs expected through much of the month will lead to periods of showers and thunderstorms and even mountain snow, at times.



*A note about Period of Record (POR)

When looking at record setting events, it's important to consider the length and completeness of the site's period of record (POR). For example, a site may have records back to the early 1900's, but if there is a significant portion of the record missing, it's possible that the POR is not encompassing another significant event that may have surpassed the event in question. Therefore, "record setting" should be considered relative to the completeness/length of POR. To help keep records in context, the POR for each climate site is listed below:

- North Bend: 1/1/1902 Present
- Roseburg: 4/1/1900 Present
 - Missing:
 - > 05/1900-01/1901
 - > 03/1901-06/1902
 - > 08/1902-12/1930
 - > 10/1965-06/1997
- <u>Medford</u>: 3/11/1911 Present
- Klamath Falls: 1/1/1948 Present
 - Missing:
 - > 08-10/1970
 - > 1971-10/1997

- <u>Montaque, CA</u>: 7/1/1948 Present
 - Missing:
 - > 08-09/1952
 - > 02/1953-06/2000
- Mount Shasta City, CA: 4/15/1948 Present
 - Missing:
 - > 10/1984-01/1985
 - > 10/1985-03/1986
 - > 09/1986-07/1997
- Alturas, CA: 6/1/1998 Present
 - Missing:
 - > 08/1998