

Drought Information Statement for the Main Hawaiian Islands

Valid December 12, 2024

Issued By: WFO Honolulu, HI

Contact Information: w-hfo.webmaster@noaa.gov

- This product will be updated January 10, 2025 or sooner if drought conditions change significantly.
- Please see all currently available products at https://drought.gov/drought-information-statements.
- Please visit https://www.weather.gov/hfo/DroughtInformationStatement for previous statements.

Extreme drought over the lower leeward slopes of Moloka'i, Maui, and Kaua'i. Severe drought remains over leeward O'ahu and Lāna'i.









Link to the <u>latest U.S. Drought Monitor</u> for the main Hawaiian Islands

- Leeward areas remained generally dry while windward areas received rainfall over the past week.
- Drought intensity and Extent
 - D3 (Extreme Drought): Developed over leeward Maui, and remains over leeward areas of Kaua'i and Moloka'i.
 - D2 (Severe Drought): Remains over leeward Kaua'i and O'ahu, and increased in coverage over Maui County.
 - D1 (Moderate Drought): Remains over most leeward areas from Maui to Kaua'i, and a small portion of the Big Island.
 - D0: (Abnormally Dry): Covers the rest of the state not under D1 through D3 conditions.

U.S. Drought Monitor





U.S. Drought Monitor



Source(s): NDMC, NOAA, USDA; image courtesy of Drought.gov

Data Valid: 12/10/24



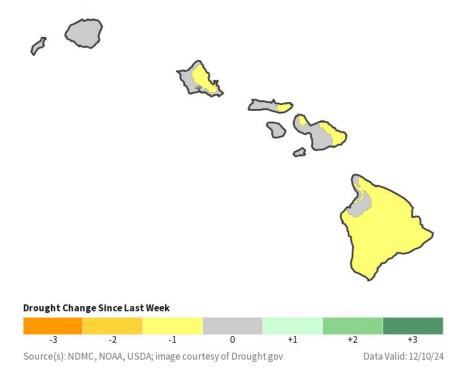


Recent Change in Drought Intensity

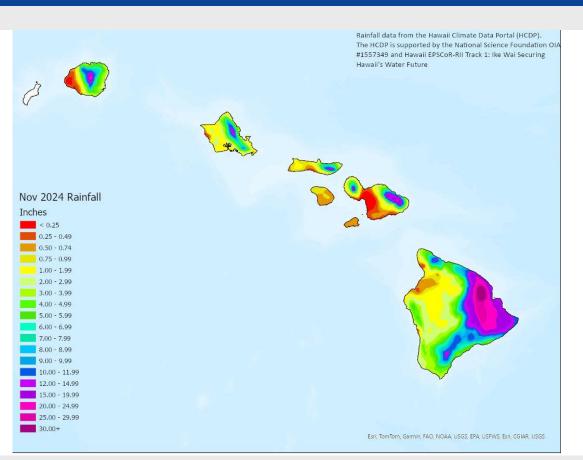
Link to the latest 4-week change map for the main Hawaiian Islands

- One Week Drought Monitor Class Change.
 - Drought worsened: Most of the Big Island, and windward areas of O'ahu and Maui County.
 - o Drought improved: None.
 - No Change: Kaua'i County, and leeward areas from O'ahu to the Big Island.
- Four Week Drought Monitor Class Change.
 - Drought worsened: Most of the Big Island, and windward areas from Maui to Kaua'i.
 - o Drought improved: No significant areas.
 - No Change: Most of Kaua'i County, and leeward areas from O'ahu to the Big Island.

U.S. Drought Monitor 1-Week Change Map



- Most of the Big Island, the windward slopes of Maui, and the Ko'olau Range on O'ahu received significant rainfall in early November.
- Remaining areas of the state, especially along the lower leeward slopes, had mostly near to below average rainfall in November.





Links: See/submit Condition Monitoring Observer Reports (CMOR) and view the Drought Impacts Reporter

Hydrologic Impacts

None.

Agricultural Impacts

- Rangelands in leeward areas of Kaua'i and O'ahu continue to indicate drought conditions (Hawai'i Rangeland Information Portal).
- Rangelands in leeward areas of Maui County remain very dry (Condition reports from the USDA-FSA and the State Dept. of Ag.).

Fire Hazard Impacts

None.

Other Impacts

None.

Mitigation Actions

None.





Hydrologic Conditions and Impacts

- The 14-day streamflow levels have dropped below normal at nearly all sites in the state.
- The 28-day streamflow levels were below normal at most of the sites from Kaua'i to Maui, and near normal at all of the Big Island sites.

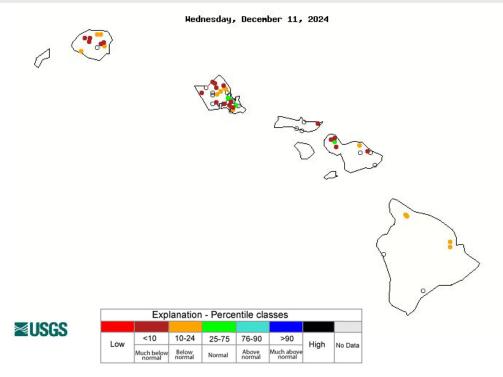


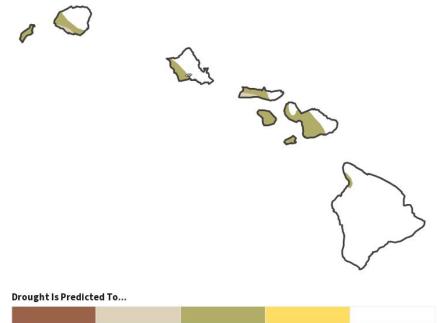
Image Caption: USGS 14 day average streamflow map.

Drought Outlook

The latest monthly and seasonal outlooks can be found on the CPC homepage

2024-February 28, 2025

- Climate models favor above normal precipitation across the main Hawaiian Islands into spring 2025.
- Despite recent dryness, leeward drought is expected to improve or end over the next several months.



Seasonal (3-Month) Drought Outlook for November 30,

Links to the latest:

Climate Prediction Center Monthly Drought Outlook Climate Prediction Center Seasonal Drought Outlook

