

Drought Information Statement for the Main Hawaiian Islands

Valid January 10, 2025

Issued By: WFO Honolulu, HI

Contact Information: w-hfo.webmaster@noaa.gov

- This product will be updated February 14, 2025 or sooner if drought conditions change significantly.
- Please see all currently available products at https://drought.gov/drought-information-statements.
- Please visit https://www.weather.gov/hfo/DroughtInformationStatement for previous statements.

A dry December worsens drought across the state.









Link to the latest U.S. Drought Monitor for the main Hawaiian Islands

- Unusually dry December weather resulted in an increase in drought extent and intensity across the state.
- Drought intensity and Extent
 - **D3 (Extreme Drought)**: Developed over leeward O'ahu, and remains over leeward areas of Kaua'i, Moloka'i, and Maui.
 - **D2 (Severe Drought)**: Remains over leeward areas from Kaua'i to Maui County, and developed over a portion of the leeward side of the Big Island.
 - **D1 (Moderate Drought)**: Covers the remaining areas of the state not under D2 or D3.
 - **D0: (Abnormally Dry)**: None. All areas worse than D0.

U.S. Drought Monitor





U.S. Drought Monitor



Source(s): NDMC, NOAA, USDA; image courtesy of Drought.gov

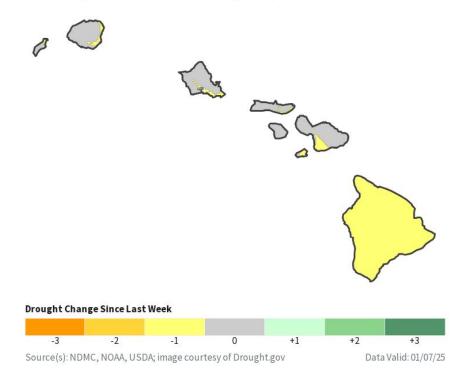


Recent Change in Drought Intensity

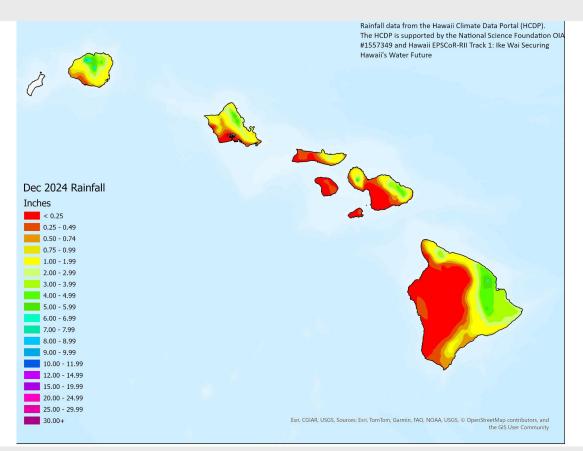
Link to the latest 4-week change map for the main Hawaiian Islands

- One Week Drought Monitor Class Change.
 - Drought worsened: Lower elevations of east Kaua'i and southeast O'ahu, leeward Haleakalā on Maui, and all of the Big Island.
 - Drought improved: None.
 - No Change: Most of Kaua'i County, O'ahu, and Maui County.
- Four Week Drought Monitor Class Change.
 - Drought worsened: All of the Big Island and O'ahu, most of Kaua'i, and localized portions of Maui County.
 - Drought improved: None.
 - No Change: Most of Maui County, and leeward areas of Kaua'i County.

U.S. Drought Monitor 1-Week Change Map



- Most areas across the main Hawaiian Islands had below average rainfall in December.
- Many locations had totals below 50 percent of the long term December average.



Links: See/submit Condition Monitoring Observer Reports (CMOR) and view the Drought Impacts Reporter

Hydrologic Impacts

None.

Agricultural Impacts

- A rancher operating in the leeward side of Haleakalā on Maui reported having to reduce his herd size by 50 percent. There is insufficient forage in his pastures. (via email)
- The USDA on Kaua'i reported that most of the ranchers on the island have been impacted by drought. Ranchers have been providing supplemental feed and have been hauling water for their cattle. (USDA-FSA via email)
- Ranchers on the Big Island have been reporting worsening pasture conditions in the north, southeast, and south sides of the island. (via email)

Fire Hazard Impacts

• Brush fires have occurred near Wainiha and Anahola over the past couple of weeks. The Anahola fire prompted evacuations of several homes as a precaution. (Kauaʻi EMA)

Other Impacts

None.

Mitigation Actions

None.





Hydrologic Conditions and Impacts

- The 14-day streamflow levels were below normal at most sites in the state.
- The 28-day streamflow levels (not shown here) were well below normal at most of the sites.

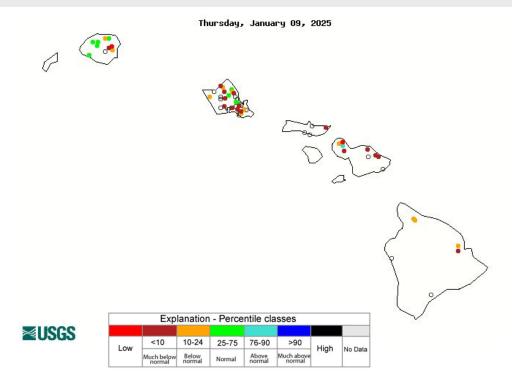


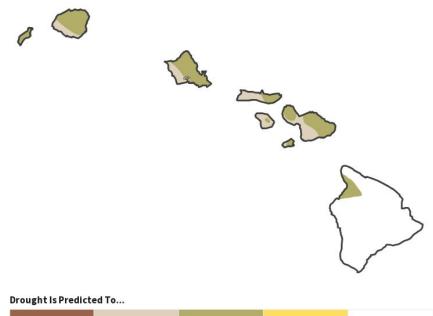
Image Caption: USGS 14 day average streamflow map.

Drought Outlook

The latest monthly and seasonal outlooks can be found on the CPC homepage

Seasonal (3-Month) Drought Outlook for December 31, 2024–March 31, 2025

- Despite recent dryness, climate models favor above normal precipitation across the main Hawaiian Islands into spring 2025.
- Drought conditions are still expected to ease or end over the next several months.



Links to the latest:

Climate Prediction Center Monthly Drought Outlook
Climate Prediction Center Seasonal Drought Outlook



