The Common Operations and Development Environment (CODE) for the WSR-88D Open RPG

CODE B23.0r1.9: November 2024

Includes ORPG Build 23.0r1.9

Volume 1. Setting Up the ORPG Development Environment

- Installing and Compiling ORPG Source Code and CODE Utilities-

The **U.S. Government Edition** of CODE is the complete version. Distribution is limited to within the United States Government.

The **Public Edition** of CODE is intended for public release. Certain Copyrighted material has been removed to permit release outside the U.S. Government.

CODE provides:

- Instructions for setting up the development environment (includes ORPG source code)
- Guidance for compiling software and configuring new ORPG tasks & products
- Instructions for definition and use of algorithm adaptation data and algorithm dependent parameters
- API Programming Guide and the structure of WSR-88D algorithms (with sample algorithms)
- WSR-88D specific analysis tools
- A set of WSR-88D Archive II Data files and other special test case data.

CODE User provides:

• An Intel PC with Red Hat Enterprise Workstation or CentOS desktop

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Volume 1. Guide to Setting Up the Development Environment

CODE is produced in two versions:

- 1. **National Weather Service Edition** This is the complete version of CODE. Distribution is limited to within the National Weather Service and other U.S. Government Agencies.
- 2. **Public Edition** This version of CODE is intended for public release. Certain proprietary software components have been removed to permit release outside the U.S. Government.
- 3. Differences between the two CODE editions are described in <u>Appendix J</u> of this Volume.

Introduction

This version of CODE contains the source code for the ORPG: Build 23.0r1.9.

Document 1. <u>CODE Specific ORPG Installation Instructions</u>

These instructions provide the basic information to configure the development environment including the installation of the ORPG source code and supplementary tools. Basic procedures for running the ORPG are also provided.

Document 2. Install CODE Software

This document includes instructions for the installation of the CODE development and analysis utilities and CODE sample algorithms.

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Archive II Disk Data Files - The CODE ORPG installation includes three volumes of Archive II data in the form of individual disk files in order to provide an immediate source of input data to test the ORPG. The CODE CD includes additional Archive II disk files in the ar2data directory.

Volume 1. Guide to Setting Up the Development Environment

Document 1. CODE Specific ORPG Installation Instructions

These instructions provide the basic information to configure the development environment including the installation of the ORPG source code and supplementary tools. The ORPG is designed to be installed into a standard Unix account.

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- Section II Installation Instructions
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Vol 1. Document 1 -CODE Specific ORPG Installation Instructions

Section I Preparation for Installation

Red Hat Enterprise 8 Workstation

These instructions are for preparing an Intel PC having Red Hat Enterprise 8 *Desktop with Workstation Option* as the operating system for use in the CODE environment. And can also be used in the similar way to prepare the CentOS Stream system if CODE users do not have Red Hat 8.

The installation script install_rpg (or any operational installation script included with the ORPG source code) should **not** be used. First, the scripts do not accomplish all configuration steps required for a development environment. Second, in most cases, some actions taken by these scripts must be accomplished in a different manner in order to accommodate your local environment. Third, some actions taken may not be appropriate for workstations that also serve users not involved with ORPG development.

Introduction

These instructions provide the basic information to configure the development environment including the installation of the ORPG source code and supplementary tools. The ORPG is designed to be installed into a standard Unix account.

Some experience using a Linux environment is assumed. Some aspects of installation and configuration require basic system administration knowledge.

Note: All procedures should be accomplished while logged into the account into which the ORPG is being installed unless indicated otherwise. Steps requiring administrative privileges are flagged with

System Administration Summary

A knowledgeable system administrator is needed to assess whether the system prerequisites are met:

- If installing Red Hat Enterprise Desktop from scratch, be sure to use the 64-bit releases. It is recommended that the latest ISO images be obtained from the Red Hat web site.
- Determining whether the necessary Linux packages have been installed and updating the Red Hat installation if they have not.

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- After installation, future updates can be installed automatically or manually.
 - If Red Hat Network is not used to automatically install updates;
 - Updates can be installed manually from the Red Hat Network web site, or
 - The latest ISO images can be downloaded from the Red Hat web site. Installation media can be created from these images and used to add additional packages and package updates.
 - If the workstations are going to be registered with the Red Hat Network for automatic updates, it is recommended that all required packages be installed before registration with Red Hat Network.
- Configure the disk storage file systems to provide necessary swap space and room for ORPG development accounts.

The following instructions include actions requiring administrative privileges:

- Installing any required software packages that are not included with the Red Hat Linux distribution.
- Creating the user account into which the ORPG will be installed and in which the ORPG will run.
- The workstation must be set up on a functional TCP/IP network with a static IP address. The ORPG is not compatible with dynamic address with DHCP.

In addition to the operating system files, software development packages and patches, the account into which the ORPG is being installed should have a minimum of 1 GB of space available.

Special Considerations

ORPG Previously Installed

It is recommended that the ORPG not be installed over a prior installation. The ORPG can be installed in more than one account. With special configuration and sufficient memory, more than one ORPG can be running simultaneously on a single workstation.

Do not reuse configuration files from the prior version of the ORPG. These files include: .cshrc, orpg_env_cshrc, .bash_profile, orpg_env_profile, make_rpg, make.lnux_x86, make.common, task_tables, etc. There may be subtle changes in these files that the instructions do not cover.

Installing more than one ORPG on a Workstation

More than one ORPG can be installed on a single workstation. There are several reasons for having multiple ORPG development environments. When upgrading to a new ORPG, development work can continue on the previous version until the new account is ready. Disk space permitting, it can be easier for more than one developer to share a workstation if not working on the same ORPG (useful if the development efforts are not related or not coordinated). Finally, it could be useful to have different versions of a single project installed at the same time.

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When installing more than one ORPG on a single workstation keep the following in mind:

- Each ORPG must be installed in it's own account
- The "installation" script provided with the ORPG must NOT be used. Only scripts supplied with CODE should be used.
- In order to have more than one instance of an ORPG running simultaneously on a single workstation, each must have a different value for the variable **RMTPORT** (see *Editing the customized ORPG Account Files* in Part C of Volume 1, Document 1, Section II).
- ORPG shared memory segments for two data buffers may consume resources. See note below.

NOTE: Four primary ORPG data buffers are configured to utilize individual shared memory segments that total over 50 MB in size. These memory segments are not released when the ORPG is shut down. The ORPG normally reuses the same allocated memory segments when restarted**. Each installed ORPG allocates its own memory segments. With multiple ORPGs installed on a single platform this could eventually consume sufficient memory space to prevent ORPG launch and development activities. Currently allocated segments can be listed with the *ipcs* – a command. Rebooting the operating system frees the memory.

****** Sometimes the ORPG does not reuse these allocated shared memory segments when restarted. One observed cause of this is an ORPG start that is aborted. This can lead to loss of memory even with only one ORPG installed on a workstation.

Prerequisite Actions by System Administrator

1. Ensure the development workstation is properly configured **SA**

- Properly configured Intel PC Workstation (see <u>Appendix A</u> CODE System Requirements).
- Installation of Red Hat Linux with all development utilities and desktop environments.
- <u>Appendix B</u> contains guidance of installing CentOS Stream if CODE users would like to use the free OS system instead of Red Hat 8.

Red Hat Linux Pre-Installed

If Red Hat Enterprise is pre-installed on the platform:

- If you wish to partition the disk beyond the single "/" file system usually provided by the vendor, see 'Disk Partitioning' under ADVANCED INSTALLATION for guidance.
- With Red Hat Enterprise 8, the System Tools -> Settings tool does not provide the same interface as the installation program. The only easy way to ensure all required packages are installed is to reinstall Red Hat Enterprise 8 from distribution media using the guidance in this Volume.

• When finished with the installation, continue with 'Software Not Installed during Red Hat Installation ', item 2 below.

Guidance for the Installation of Red Hat Linux

Red Hat 8 should be installed.

Before Installing Red Hat Linux

- Become familiar with the contents of the Red Hat *Installation Guide* relating to installation on an Intel PC.
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8 should be compatible with most hardware in systems that were factory built during the last two years. It is recommended that a list of hardware components present on the workstation (e.g., graphics display card) be compiled in case problems occur.
- When finished with the installation, continue with 'Software Not Installed during Red Hat Installation ', item 2 below.

Keep the following in mind when accomplishing the procedures in Part 1 of the Red Hat *Installation Guide*.

BASIC INSTALLATION: With limited experience in administration of Linux workstations, the following guidance will make installation relatively easy.

Disk Partitioning -

Option 1: The automatic partitioning ensures the selected destination storage disk will automatically be partitioned with required LVM logical volumes and formatted with the XFS file system.

- a. The easiest installation is to not share the PC with a Microsoft Windows installation or another Linux installation. To accomplish this
 - Select all available drives for installation
 - Select the option:
 - 'Automatic'
- b. If sharing the PC with a Microsoft Windows installation (not recommended for CODE):
 - Use a second physical hard disk dedicated to Linux.

• In some situations it may be easier to not install a boot loader. A Linux boot drive must then be created.

Option 2: If desired the definition and size of disk partitions can be customized. This is an advanced installation topic and should not be considered unless highly experienced in Linux administration.

Network & Hostname -

Note: The ORPG is not compatible with DHCP. The network interface can be configured at this time or after Red Hat installation. If configured during installation:

- Make sure that the "On" slider is selected for the primary interface eth0.
- Enter the hostname and click "Apply".
- With the primary interface **eth0** selected, click "Configure" to modify device configuration
 - In the "General" tab select the "Connect automatically with priority" checkbox.
 - In the IPv4 Settings select "(*) Manual configuration".
 - Add the workstation IP address and netmask (normally 255.255.255.0), the gateway address and the DNS information.

• Select the **Require IPvX addressing for this connection to complete** check box.

■ Save.

Time Setup -

After setting the time zone, recommend deselecting system use UTC time.

Software Selection -

Red Hat Enterprise 8 and CentOS Stream

 When presented with Base Environment options, select "Workstation" in the left column; "GNOME Applications", "Legacy UNIX Compatibility", "Development Tools", "Graphical Administration Tools", "Security Tools", and "Systems Tools" from the right column. This will get many of the necessary packages installed.

After Software Installation and First Reboot -

When setting the date and time, do NOT select the Enable Network Time Protocol. If there is a problem with the network configuration the next reboot can be significantly delayed.

The Red Hat firewall can be a little quirky to configure. Consider disabling the firewall if you are on a protected network and this does not conflict with your organization's security procedures. The firewall can be enabled later.

When prompted, decline the offer for Red Hat Network Setup and Registration. If desired this can be accomplished later. When installing from media, it is best to ensure all required packages are installed with a successful compile and ORPG launch before obtaining automatic updates from the Red Hat Network.

2. Software Not Installed during the OS Installation

There are a few packages needed by CODE that are not installed during installation of Red Hat or CentOS. The installer will need to enable pertinent repositories to obtain some needed packages, such as EPEL and CentOS Power Tools. Package giflib-devel is used by cvg. Package ncompress (contains Unix command compress and uncompress) is required by utility play_a2 when playing back .Z files. Packages tcl-devel, tk-devel, gsl and gsl-devel are required for the MIGFA algorithm (NWS Edition of CODE only).

To verify if these packages are installed, execute:

```
rpm -q giflib-devel
rpm -q ncompress
```

The following are required only for the NWS Edition of CODE (MIGFA algorithm):

```
rpm -q tcl-devel
rpm -q tk-devel
rpm -q gsl
rpm -q gsl-devel
```

If these packages are not installed, use yum to install them:

yum -y install giflib-devel
yum -y install ncompress

The following are required only for the NWS Edition of CODE (MIGFA algorithm):

```
yum -y install tcl-devel
yum -y install tk-devel
yum -y install gsl
yum -y install gsl-devel
```

After install all packages, it is better to install all available updates from Red Hat or CentOS.

yum -y update

3. Post Installation Red Hat Configuration Hints

- The GNOME Wayland desktop environment is the default if it has been installed. The GNOME Classic desktop is used operationally and can be activated via configuration changes. The KDE desktop has been removed from RHEL8 and is no longer supported.
- SA Many network communication services, for example httpd (web server), rsh, rexec, nfs, and the ftp server gssftp are not activated by default. On the other hand, some services are activated even if the software is not installed / configured. For example, sendmail and snmp can prolong system boot if they are activated but the appropriate software was not installed / configured.

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- These services can be activated or stopped using the systemctl start/stop <service> command.
- SA Even though DHCP is not selected during installation, the network configuration for TCP/IP is usually not complete. The ORPG will not launch with certain errors in the network configuration. The network device (ethernet card) can be configured using the System Tools → Settings → Network menu by selecting the desired connection profile and pressing the gear icon to edit.
 - A common configuration error resulting via the Red Hat administrative tools involves the /etc/hosts file. The tools place the host name on the line containing the localhost entry rather than on a separate line with the designated IP address.
 - If unfamiliar with Linux network configuration, the sample network configuration can be found in <u>Appendix C</u> Linux Network Configuration Files. Be sure to alias the hostname to rpg so that you do not need to modify .rssd.conf later.
- **SA** The firewall can be configured using the firewall-cmd command.

4. Create the user account for each ORPG installation **SA**

The user account created for each ORPG installation must have a minimum of 1GB of space available in the home directory. The default shell for these accounts should be the C shell. In the future, bash will be supported.

Platform Preparation Complete - Next Steps

This completes preparation for ORPG installation. Proceed with the instructions in Volume 1, Document 1, Section II for installing an ORPG into a CODE account.

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Section II Installation Instructions

Part A. Introduction

This document provides the basic information to configure the development environment on the Linux **PC** Platform.

Parts B - D of this document cover installation procedures for an ORPG in the CODE environment.

Section III contains supplemental information that is not required for installing a basic CODE development environment.

Some experience using a Unix environment is assumed. Some aspects of installation and configuration require basic system administration knowledge.

Note:

- All procedures should be accomplished while logged into the account into which the ORPG is being installed unless indicated otherwise.
- Steps requiring administrative privileges are flagged with

The following procedures assume that the ORPG is installed directly into the account home directory.

Part B. Initial Steps

Special Consideration - ORPG Previously Installed

It is recommended that the ORPG not be installed over a prior installation. The ORPG can be installed in more than one account (assuming the installation script provided with the ORPG was not used). In order to have more than one instance of an ORPG running simultaneously on a single workstation, each must have a different value for the variable **RMTPORT** (see Editing the customized ORPG Account Files in **Part c** of **Volume 1**, **Document 1**, **Section II**).

Do NOT reuse any configuration files from the prior version of the ORPG. These files include: .cshrc, orpg_env_cshrc, build_env_cshrc, make_rpg, make.lnux_x86, make.common, task_tables, etc. There may be subtle changes in these files that the installation instructions do not cover.

Confirm System Admin Steps are Complete

Before proceeding, insure all system administration prerequisites described in Section I of this document have been completed.

- 1. Determine the user account and the account home directory provided for this ORPG installation.
 - SA The ORPG Installation Account The user account created for the ORPG installation should have a minimum of 1 GB in the home directory. The account default shell must be the C shell. Other shells may be supported in the future.

Installing the ORPG Source Code Software Distribution Files

The following procedures are based on a C shell environment. In the future, when other shells are supported, the appropriate changes must be made to the corresponding configuration files (i.e., .bash_profile, .bashrc, .build_env_profile, and .orpg_env_profile).

- Obtain the ORPG source code distribution archive file (obtained electronically or included with the CODE ORPG Software Distribution CD in directory ==/files_orpg_sw/) and place into the account home directory.
- 2. Uncompress and extract the archive:

If you have the NWS Edition:

```
tar xvzf rpg_b23_0r1_9_nws_src.tgz
```

If you have the Public Edition:

tar xvzf rpg_b23_0r1_9_pub_src.tgz

Part C. ORPG Account Configuration Procedures (C shell)

The following procedures are based on a C shell environment. In the future, when other shells are supported, the appropriate changes must be made to the corresponding configuration files (i.e., .bash_profile, .bashrc, .build_env_profile, and .orpg_env_profile).

This scheme of configuring the ORPG is equivalent to but departs somewhat from the method used for an operational ORPG. The reason is to provide more flexibility in establishing the ORPG / WSR-88D CODE environment. A generic

.cshrc file is provided with comments documenting the contents and providing guidance on allowed changes.

Rather than extensively editing the .cshrc file that is delivered with the ORPG software, we have consolidated the environment required to run the ORPG (path, MANPATH, LD_LIBRARY_PATH, and other environmental variables) into an ORPG run environment file. We also localize changes needed to build the entire ORPG software and to compile subsets of the software in a software build environment file. These files are sourced at the end of .cshrc.

Extracting the Archive Containing the CODE Customization Files

- Obtain the code_config_b23_0r1_9.tar file (obtained electronically, or included with the CODE distribution CD in directory ==/config_files/) and place into the account home directory.
- 2. While in home directory extract the archive with the command:

tar xvf code_config_b23_0r1_9.tar

The replacement files and corresponding installation scripts are extracted into a subdirectory **code_config_b23_0r1_9**.

Installing the customized ORPG environment files

Several files must be customized in order to set up the account as an ORPG development environment. Some files set up the basic account environment and others modify makefiles. These files are installed **after** the ORPG source code archive has been extracted and **before** the ORPG is compiled.

1. While in the subdirectory **\$HOME/code_config_b23_0r1_9/env**, install the development environment configuration files with the following command:

```
./inst_env_config
```

- A list of the installed files is in Part A of Section III of this Document.
- The files being replaced are saved with a .OLD extension.
- A copy of the new file is made with a . CODE extension.
- 2. Ignore the files in the directory ~/code_config_b23_0r1_9/orpg for now. They will be installed after the ORPG is compiled.

Editing the customized ORPG Account Files

Only those files that require additional manual edits are listed here. For a description of all the customized files and guidance on additional account configuration topics see Part A of Section III of this

Document. Caution must be used when modifying the basic Unix account variables that are set in the CODE customized files (.chsrc, etc.).

Warning: After modifying any of the installed account configuration files be sure to make backup copies.

1. The ORPG run environment file: orpg_env_cshrc

This file is sourced at the end of .cshrc and sets the environment for running the ORPG.

If more than one installed ORPG is going to be run at the same time on a single workstation, the value of the variable **RMTPORT** must differ. Manually change the defined value of **RMTPORT** on each account. It is recommended that the first account have a value of 50000, the second 50100, etc.

Create a backup copy of the modified orpg_env_cshrc file

2. The software build environment file: build_env_cshrc

No changes required on the Linux platform. This file is sourced at the end of .cshrc and sets the environment for compiling the ORPG software and for compiling subsets of the software from within the source code tree.

If you make any changes, create a backup copy of the modified **build_env_cshrc** file

Editing the customized ORPG Makefiles

Only those files that require additional manual edits are listed here. For a description of all the customized files and guidance on additional account configuration topics see Part A of Section III of this Document. There is no reason for additional customization of the ORPG makefile system.

Final Steps

- 1. **IMPORTANT**. To ensure the account environment reflects the changes just made, log out and back into the account before attempting to compile the ORPG.
- 2. At the command line, run **env** and check the output to verify that both the run environment file and the build environment file are being sourced at login.

Part D. Building (compiling) the ORPG

Replacing selected ORPG source code files

Currently there are no issues that require patches prior to compiling the ORPG.

Quick Test Compile

Before attempting to compile the whole ORPG, a quick test compile of a portion of the source code should be conducted (less than 1 minute). This does not catch all possible configuration errors. However, if the correct language compilers are being used with a properly installed operating system, an error free compile of the libraries in ~/src/cpc100 should indicate a properly configured environment.

1. While in the **\$HOME** directory, execute the **test_make_cpc100** script with the following command if using **csh**:

test_make_cpc100 \$HOME >& <your output filename>

- 2. After compilation is complete, compare the created log file with a typical output file to ensure that the build was successful (see <u>Appendix D</u> CPC100 Compile Problems). This level of compiler warning message is normal. **Ensure there are no Error messages.**
- 3. With an unsuccessful build: Look closely at the first unexpected Error message to determine the probable cause. If the cause is not obvious review all procedural steps taken to this point.

Compiling the ORPG source code

Executing the **make_rpg** script builds the entire ORPG and installs the binary executables and libraries in the appropriate directories. It takes approximately 15 minutes on a typical Pentium PC.

IMPORTANT: Compiling the ORPG installs numerous configuration files. Unless backup copies of modified files are made, any changes or customization made will be lost if the ORPG is subsequently compiled again. This includes the <code>\$HOME/.rssd.conf</code> file and other files in the home directory. Modifications to any file in the <code>\$HOME/cfg</code> directory will be lost (e.g., <code>task_tables, comms_link.conf</code>, etc.).

1. While in the **\$HOME** directory, execute the **make_rpg** script with the following command (using **csh**):

make_rpg \$HOME >& <your output filename>

- 2. After compilation is complete, compare the created log file with a typical output file to ensure that the build was successful (see <u>Appendix E</u> ORPG Compile Problems). This level of compiler warning message is normal. **Ensure there are no unexpected Error messages.**
- 3. With an unsuccessful build: Look closely at the first unexpected Error message to determine the probable cause. If the cause is not obvious review all procedural steps taken to this point.

4. With a successful build: The procedures in the following paragraphs, *Replacing missing ORPG binary files* and *Configuring the ORPG Installation* should be accomplished even if the ORPG has been previously successfully built in this account. This is the easiest way to ensure the configuration is complete.

Replacing missing ORPG binary files

Currently there are no issues that require post build patches.

Configuring the ORPG Installation

These instructions provide the basic information to configure a standalone workstation running the ORPG with no communication managers (no wideband connection to an RDA or narrowband connections for product distribution). The configuration is based upon specific modifications to standard configuration files. More comprehensive configuration procedures for adding additional algorithm tasks and product data stores are provided in *CODE Guide Volume 2 - ORPG Application Development Guide*.

Warning: Many of the configuration files in **\$HOME/cfg** are copied or otherwise derived from default versions located in **\$HOME/src/cpc104**. Care should be taken to preserve copies of any manual changes to files in **\$HOME/cfg** because they may be overwritten when the system is rebuilt or an installation script is run.

Installing the customized ORPG configuration files

1. While in the directory \$HOME/code_config_b23_0r1_9/orpg, install the ORPG configuration files with the following command:

inst_orpg_config

The script prompts the user for the type of CODE distribution being installed (NWS or Public). This determines which version of the task_tables file is installed. If the wrong choice is made it can easily be corrected. See item 2 below.

- A list of the installed files are in Part B of Section III of this Document.
- The files being replaced are saved with a .OLD extension.
- A copy of the new file is made with a .CODE extension.
- In order to provide an immediate source of input data for testing the ORPG installation, three Archive II data files are installed in \$HOME/ar2data

Editing the customized ORPG configuration files

Only those files that require additional manual edits are listed here. For a description of all the customized files and additional guidance on ORPG configuration topics see Part B of Section III of this Document. The only reason additional edits might be required would be if external interfaces for a base data source not normally used for algorithm development or a product distribution interface were desired.

1. The Remote System Services configuration file: \$HOME/.rssd.conf

Modification might be required. If the hostname has been aliased to **rpg**, there is no need to change this file. Otherwise variable Client needs to point to the hostname or <ip_address>. Open .rssd.conf from your \$HOME directory with the editor of your choice. Modify the Client variable to be the <ip_address> of your machine.

RPG Development Workstations
Client: rpg

2. The \$HOME/cfg/task_tables configuration file

Two versions of the task_tables configuration file are installed: task_tables.nws_code and task_tables.public_code. Several tasks have been commented out in both versions: cm_ping, wbserver, wbserver_ingest, convert_ldm, rpc.ldmd, manage_ldm, ldm_recomb, levelII_status_ICAO_ldmping. The CODE script inst_orpg_config prompts the user for the type of CODE distribution being installed (Public or NWS). The script then copies the corresponding version of the file to the file task tables which is used by the ORPG.

- The NWS version of task_tables includes tasks associated with MIT/LL and NCAR supplied algorithms.
- The Public version of task_tables disables the startup of tasks associated with MIT/LL and NCAR supplied algorithms because these tasks are not included with the Public Edition. The following commands in the Operational_processes list near the end of the public CODE version of task_tables have been commented out.

Operational_processes {					
	• •				
	· ·				
#	data_qual				
#	hiresvil				
#	hireseet				
#	nexradMigfa				
#	ntda alg				
#	ntda_fp				

```
# icing_hazard
# hail_hazard
. .
}
```

- If you have the Public Edition of CODE, the tasks must remain disabled in order for the ORPG to start.
- After initial installation, if you make any changes, make a backup copy of this file.
- 3. **IMPORTANT**. To ensure the account environment reflects the changes just made, log out and back into the account before attempting to run the ORPG.
- 4. Test the installation by launching the ORPG following the instructions in Section IV of this document: *Running the ORPG*.

ORPG Installation Complete - Next Steps

This completes the ORPG installation into a CODE account. Proceed with the instructions in Volume 1, Document 2 to install CODE software (CODE utility updates and sample algorithms).

The next section of this document contains optional procedures to create additional CODE accounts from an existing account.

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Section III Supplemental Information

This document is not required for setting up a basic CODE algorithm development environment on a stand-alone workstation. It contains additional information that would be useful for

- accomplishing additional customization of the Unix user account
- configuring the ORPG external interfaces
- maintaining the CODE distribution

Part A. ORPG and Unix Account Environment Files Modified for CODE

Several files must be customized in order to set up the account as an ORPG development environment. Some files set up the basic account environment and others modify makefiles. These files are installed **after** the ORPG source code archive has been extracted and **before** the ORPG is compiled.

Files installed with the inst_env_config script.

• The following files are replaced with modified CODE versions:

```
$HOME/.cshrc
$HOME/make_rpg
$HOME/src/cpc104/lib001/makefile
$HOME/src/cpc104/lib003/makefile
$HOME/src/cpc104/lib005/makefile
$HOME/src/cpc104/lib006/makefile
$HOME/src/cpc104/lib009/makefile
```

• The following new files are installed:

```
$HOME/build_env_cshrc
$HOME/orpg_env_cshrc
$HOME/test make cpc100
```

• The following files support the bash shells (not tested):

```
$HOME/.bash_profile
$HOME/.bashrc
$HOME/.envfile
$HOME/build_env_profile
$HOME/orpg_env_profile
```

- The files being replaced are saved with a .OLD extension.
- A copy of the new file is made with a .CODE extension.

Files defining the ORPG Account Environment

1. The account's .cshrc file

Typically no change is required in the sample .cshrc file installed with the script. If you wish to customize your environment, read the comments included in the file (for example, changing the umask setting can adversely affect installation of CODE software and setting the noclobber shell variable will prevent ORPG launch).

2. The ORPG run environment file: orpg_env_cshrc

This file is sourced and the end of .cshrc and sets the environment for running the ORPG.

If more than one installed ORPG is going to be run at the same time on a single workstation, the value of the variable **RMTPORT** must differ. Manually change the defined value of **RMTPORT** on each account. It is recommended that the first account have a value of 50000, the second 50010, etc.

3. The software build environment file: build_env_cshrc

No changes required on the Linux platform. This file is sourced at the end of .cshrc and sets the environment for compiling the ORPG software and for compiling subsets of the software from within the source code tree.

Other Files

1. .bashrc, .bash_profile, and .env_file

Together these files set up the environment for the bash shell (not tested for CODE) as the .cshrc does for the csh shell.

2. orpg_env_profile and build_env_profile

These files set up the ORPG run environment and the build environment for the bash shell (not tested for CODE) and are sourced at the end of .bash_profile

Vol 1 Doc 1 Section III - Supplemental Information Part B. ORPG Configuration Files Modified for CODE

The installed configuration files provide the basic information to configure a standalone workstation running the ORPG with no communication managers (no wideband connection to an RDA or narrowband connections for product distribution). These files are installed **after** the ORPG is compiled.

Warning: Many of the configuration files in **\$HOME/cfg** are copied or otherwise derived from default versions located in **\$HOME/src/cpc104**. Care should be taken to preserve copies of any manual changes to files in **\$HOME/cfg** because they may be overwritten when the system is rebuilt or an installation script is run.

Files installed with the inst_orpg_config script.

• The following files are replaced with modified CODE versions:

```
$HOME/cfg/comms_link.conf
$HOME/cfg/site_info.dea
$HOME/cfg/blockage.lb
$HOME/cfg/task_tables
$HOME/cfg/task_attr_table
```

• The following new files are installed:

```
$HOME/.rssd.conf
$HOME/tools/bin/rm_orpg_data
$HOME/cfg/version_rpg
$HOME/cfg/task_tables.nws_code
$HOME/cfg/task_tables.public_code
```

- The files being replaced are saved with an .OLD extension.
- A copy of the new file is made with a .CODE extension.
- In order to provide an immediate source of input data for testing the ORPG installation, three Archive II data files are installed in \$HOME/data/ar2data

Files configuring basic aspects of the ORPG

1. The Communications Link Configuration file: \$HOME/cfg/comms_link.conf

Normally no editing required. The customized comms_link.conf file installed by the script normally requires no modification for a basic development environment. This file configures a stand-alone ORPG that is not controlling an RDA and does not have any narrowband product distribution lines. The file also assumes that the source of base data from reading Archive II data from disk files using the ORPG utility play_a2. This file does not require modification unless another source of base data is used or narrow band product distribution lines are configured. The

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critical entries for a development environment are documented in <u>Appendix F</u> Files Modified for CODE.

2. The Remote System Services configuration file: \$HOME/.rssd.conf

Modification might be needed. The sample .rssd.conf file installed into the account home directory by the script uses hostname rpg as Client. If the hostname of your computer has been aliased to rpg in file /etc/hosts, there is no need to change this file. *The examples provided indicate correct syntax.* Otherwise, replace rpg with the hostname or IP address of your computer.

• Make a client entry for the TCP/IP address (or hostname) of your workstation.

RPG Development Workstations Client: rpg

3. Site Adaptation Data: site_info.dea and blockage.lb

No editing required. The site adaptation data is set for Melbourne Florida. This is the site that is the source of the sample Archive II disk files provided with the initial ORPG installation. The following files are installed in the \$HOME/cfg directory: site info.dea and blockage.lb.

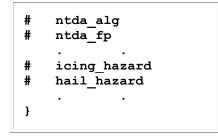
4. The \$HOME/cfg/task_tables configuration file

Two versions of the task_tables configuration file are provided: task_tables.nws_code and task_tables.public_code. Several tasks have been commented out in both versions: cm_ping, wbserver, wbserver_ingest, convert_ldm, rpc.ldmd, manage_ldm, ldm_recomb, levelII_status_ICAO_ldmping. The CODE script inst_orpg_config prompts the user for the type of CODE distribution being installed (Public or NWS). The script then copies the corresponding version of the file to the file task_tables which is used by the ORPG.

- The NWS version of task_tables includes tasks associated with MIT/LL and NCAR supplied algorithms.
- The Public version of task_tables disables the startup of tasks associated with MIT/LL and NCAR supplied algorithms because these tasks are not included with the Public Edition. The following commands in the Operational_processes list near the end of the public CODE version of task tables have been commented out.

```
Operational_processes {
    . .
    . .
    data_qual
    hiresvil
    . .
    hireseet
    . .
    nexradMigfa
```

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• If you have the Public Edition of CODE, the tasks must remain disabled in order for the ORPG to start.

5. The \$HOME/cfg/task_attr_table configuration file

No editing required. Option -f is added to task control_rda so that the data being played back looks like coming from RDA.

Other Files

1. The \$HOME/tools/bin/rm_orpg_data script

No editing required. This script provides a safe means to erase all of the ORPG data files located in the data directory (**\$ORPGDIR**) configured for the installation account.

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Section IV Running the ORPG

Preliminary Notes

- The following actions should be accomplished in the order presented. Specifically, **ORPG tasks** should be running before beginning base data ingest (reading Archive II data files or launching hci_read_l2 to ingest live WSR-88D data).
- Having problems starting the ORPG? Refer to <u>Appendix G</u> ORPG Launch Problems.

TO START ORPG TASKS:

- Log in as an appropriate user, that is the account into which the ORPG is installed.
- Type: mrpg -p -v startup

The **-v** option provides a verbose output. The **-p** option cleans up all data stores before starting up.

• Wait for the command prompt to return. Startup normally requires less than one minute.

A sample output of this command is provided in <u>Appendix H</u>.

Note 1: In Build 14, a new error message is seen about syslog.lb. At the RPG startup with option –p, syslog.lb is deleted first thus can not be opened. It will be re-created by the RPG. User should ignore this error message.

```
18:40:10 mrpg: ORPGDA: RSS_orpgda_lb_open $(ORPGDIR)/mngrpg/syslog.lb failed
(ret = -43)
18:40:10 mrpg: ORPGDA write ORPGDAT SYSLOG failed (ret -43)
```

Note 2: If you have the Public Distribution Edition of CODE, a few products are not included and are disabled in the task_tables configuration file. For example, the data_qual, hiresvil, hireseet, nexradMigfa, ntda_alg, ntda_fp, icing_hazard, hail_hazard tasks are disabled. Vol 1 Doc 1 Section IV - Running the ORPG

Note 3: If the **sysstat package** was not installed on a Linux Platform, you will receive the following **iostat** error message. You may see the following after launching the ORPG. This message does not affect using CODE to develop algorithms.

To Check Status of Running Programs:

Type: rpg_ps

A sample output of *rpg_ps* is provided in <u>Appendix I</u>.

Note: The *rpg_ps* command does not work unless certain ORPG tasks are running (it will not work after executing mrpg cleanup). In this case, the status of running tasks can be checked with the standard ps -ef command.

To Launch the ORPG User Interface Program:

• Type: hci

When not connected to an operational RDA, it is normal for the *hci* to display a warning for *Wideband Link Failure*.

If the colors of the hei application window are washed out, it may be due to having other applications open (i.e. a web browser) on an 8-bit color display.

Note: ORPG algorithm tasks will run without launching the *hci*. Documentation of the *hci* is not included with this package.

Ingest a Source of Base Data

The ORPG utility "play_a2" is used for disk file playback. In addition to the command line mode for Archive II disk files, play_a2 includes an interactive mode. If current weather data ingest is desired, use the tool "hci_read_12."

Method 1, Using Archive II data disk files:

The ORPG utility "play_a2" reads individual files each containing a volume of Archive II data and ingests the data into the ORPG. In order to provide a quick test of the ORPG, three files are included with the CODE ORPG configuration files and have been installed in \$HOME/ar2data. The CODE CD contains additional Archive II disk files.

Execute the following command to ingest these files.

- Type: play_a2 -d \$HOME/ar2data
- If you have launched the *hci*, observe the RDA radome indicate scanning in progress on the GUI window

If the variable AR2_DIR has been set to the \$HOME/ar2data directory, executing 'play_a2' will suffice.

See the CODE Utility documentation contained in CODE Guide Volume 4 for additional information the command line mode of play_a2.

The CODE Utility documentation contained in CODE Guide Volume 4 does not yet cover the interactive modes of play_a2. See the man page.

Method 2, Using the hci_read_l2 tool for live WSR-88D data:

The ORPG utility "hci_read_12" reads current WSR-88D level 2 data from the Internet. The tool presents three choices for a data source but external to the Radar Operations Center, only two of the options will work: Iowa State or NCEI.

Configure the RPG for the site of data ingest:

Although the RPG can ingest data from any WSR-88D site regardless of its current site configuration, to ensure background maps and site information displayed on RPG products agree with the weather event being ingested, use the "change_radar" tool to configure the RPG to the WSR-88D site:

change_radar -r **kxxx** where kxxx is any existing WSR-88D site mnemonic.

For Graphic Display of a Subset of Legacy Products:

NOTE: The environmental variable **cvg_def_pref_dir** must be defined as the path of the location of the default preferences files (normally **\$HOME/tools**) for **cvg** to function properly.

• Type: cvg to launch the CODEview Graphics Display tool

Once the utility is launched, a product must be selected from the product database using the product list on the main CVG window.

After the product is selected, the desired data packets for display are chosen from the Packet Selection popup-screen.

See the CODE Utility documentation contained in CODE Guide Volume 4 for additional information.

TO STOP ORPG TASKS:

- Type: mrpg shutdown
- Type: mrpg cleanup

IMPORTANT: Even though mrpg cleanup command is optional, it should always be executed in a development environment when stopping the ORPG. The *hci* and two other ORPG tasks (*rssd* and *mrpg*) are still active after shutdown and this command terminates these. It is important to execute mrpg cleanup if the ORPG is installed in more than one account. If these tasks are not terminated during shutdown, an ORPG that is installed in another account will not launch unless the value of RMTFORT has been modified. The rpg_ps command will not function after executing mrpg cleanup.

To Stop Ingest of Base Data:

• Type **ctrl-c** in the terminal that started the 'play_a2' utility, or if hci_read_l2 is being used close the hci_read_l2 window.

Volume 1. Guide to Setting Up the Development Environment

Document 2. Installing CODE Software

This document includes instructions for the installation of the CODE development and analysis utilities and CODE sample algorithms.

Section I	Software Requisites for CODE Utilities			
Section II	Instructions for CODE Utilities			
Section III	Instructions for Sample Algorithms			
Section IV	Instructions for Dual Pol Test Products			

Vol 1 Doc 2 Section I - Software Requisites for CODE Utilities

Vol 1. Document 2 -Installing CODE Software

Section I Software Requisites for CODE Utilities

CVG 9.0 and later requires packages gd, gd-devel, giflib, and giflib-devel.

If the platform preparation instructions (Red Hat Linux installation) in Volume 1 Document 1 are followed, many of the packages should be installed. You will need to activate additional repositories in both RHEL8 and CentOS to get all the required rpms, including EPEL, and CentOS Power Tools. Others may be needed. SA

To verify if the required packages are installed, execute:

```
rpm -q gd
rpm -q gd-devel
rpm -q giflib
rpm -q giflib-devel
```

The following procedures require Administrative permissions.

If these packages are not installed, use yum to install them:

```
yum -y install gd
yum -y install gd-devel
yum -y install giflib
yum -y install giflib-devel
yum -y install gcc
yum -y install gcc-c++
yum -y install gcc-gfortran
yum -y install bzip2-devel
yum -y install motif-devel
yum -y install ncurses-devel
yum -y install pam-devel
yum -y install libxml2-devel
yum -y install libgtop2-devel
yum -y install gtk2-devel
yum -y install libcurl-devel
yum -y install cracklib-devel
yum -y install libcanberra-gtk2
yum -y install libglade2
yum -y install libglade2-devel
yum -y install tcsh
yum -y install ksh
```

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Section II Instructions for CODE Utilities

Part A. Introduction

NOTE: The CVG 9.2 and CVT 4.4.3 utilities are integrated into the ORPG source code tree and compiled with the ORPG.

The major enhancements included in CVG 9.2 are:

Product Display Related changes

- Improved display of radial products to greatly reduce the number of black pixels between radials, artifacts of the display resolution and the X-windows drawing primitives. User Interface Enhancements
 - NONE.

Misc Bug Fixes

• BUG Fixed: The product database size in CVG was smaller than the maximum possible in the RPG. This would cause the display of product other than the product selected for display when using larger product databases.

Other:

• NONE.

The major enhancements included in CVT 4.4.3 are:

- A Build 12 change in the radial header for the generic radial component changed the azimuth from center azimuth to beginning azimuth.
- Part B. contains installation instructions for code utility updates (if provided). These procedures accomplish a local installation.
- Part C. provides the optional global (and standalone) installation procedures for CVT and CVG.
- Part D. contains special instructions for the CODE utilities CVG & CVT and the ORPG utility 'play_a2'. The environmental variables that must be set before using cvt, cvg, and play_a2 are described.
- Part E. lists the installed file locations for the CODE utilities.

Installation Types

- The local installation, which is accomplished when the ORPG is compiled, has one advantage. With multiple accounts on a workstation, each account could run different versions of a utility. This may be required for CODEview Graphics if some accounts have different ORPG Builds. The local installation requires that ~/tools/bin and ~/tools/bin/lnux_x86 are in the path environmental variable.
- 2. A second installation type, a 'global' installation, is provided for CVT and CVG. A global installation is not required and normally not used. A global installation places the installed executables (and the default CVG configuration files) into a location accessible by more than one account on a workstation. As a convenience, scripts are provided (run with root privileges) which place the executables in /usr/local/bin. These scripts must be run after CVG / CVT are compiled. The global installation requires that the installed location (e.g., /usr/local/bin) be in the path environmental variable. Through modification of each utility's global installation script, another location could be chosen. For CODEview Graphics (cvg), an environmental variable must be set to load default preferences.

A 'standalone' installation option is provided. The **standalone option** permits CVT and CVG to be used outside of (not logged into) an ORPG account. CVT and CVG must be compiled with the standalone option set. **This option should not be used for a local installation.**

Prerequisite Software

All requisite software is provided with a full installation of Red Hat Linux, using the Linux ORPG installation instructions.

Part B. Compiling CODE Utility Updates

A **local installation** of CVG 9.2 and CVT 4.4.3 has been included in baseline source code. For a global installation, the procedures in Part C must be accomplished.

There are no utility updates with this CODE distribution.

Part C. Global Installation Instructions (Optional)

A global installation is not required and normally not used because the CODE utilities are installed when the ORPG is compiled. The purpose of a global installation would be to install the utilities only once and have them accessible by more than one user account.

IMPORTANT: For best operation, CVG should be compiled with the same ORPG Build with which it will be used. If multiple accounts on a workstation have a mixture of ORPG Builds, if the global installation option is used, CVG should be compiled on the most recent build.

All global installation scripts must be executed with **SA** administrative privileges.

The standalone option can be used with a global installation if there is a need to use CVT or CVG outside of an ORPG configured account.

CVT - Global Installation

- 1. CVT must first be compiled with the executable in the local source code subdirectory **lnux_x86**. If a standalone option is desired the environmental variable **STANDALONE_CVT** must be set prior to compiling CVT (see the **CODE-specific** section of the .cshrc file).
- 2. If accomplishing a global installation of the utility included with the ORPG, the source code directory is ~/src/code_util/tsk004/.
- 3. To install CVT under /usr/local/bin: From within the applicable source code directory execute the global installation script:

./cvt_global_install

4. The executable **cvt** can be manually copied to another location (in the **PATH**). In this case ensure the binary is executable by all intended users.

CVG - Global Installation

- 1. CVG must first be compiled with the executables in the local source code subdirectory lnux_x86. If a standalone option is desired the environmental variable **STANDALONE_CVG** must be set prior to compiling CVG (see the **CODE-specific** section of the .cshrc file).
- 2. If accomplishing a global installation of the utility included with the ORPG, the source code directory is ~/src/code_util/tsk001/.
- To install CVG under /usr/local/bin:
 From within the applicable source code directory execute the global installation script: SA

./cvg_global_install

- 4. The executables cvg, cvg_read_db, and cvg_color_edit can be manually copied to another location (in the PATH). In this case ensure the binary is executable by all intended users.
- 5. To install the default configuration files under /usr/local/share: execute the following script: **SA**

./cvg_install_config

6. The default configuration files can manually copied to another location. In this case ensure all intended users have both read and write permissions of the configuration files at the top level (e.g., cvgN.N/.cvgN.N/) and read permission of all other files.

Part D. Special Instructions - Before using cvt, cvg, and play_a2

CVG - Special Instructions

The CVG configuration files usually differ significantly from prior versions of CVG. These files are installed in directories associated with a specific CVG release.

WARNING: Any locally developed products which were used with prior versions of CVG must be reconfigured from scratch. Do not attempt to reuse any configuration files from previous CVG installations other than locally developed color palette files / digital legend files.

- 1. The option menu on the CVG main window should be used to set the ORPG Build number (for example '8') of the ORPG from which the products were produced. For CVG, the environmental variable cv_ORPG_BUILD only affects the initial value in this menu when CVG is first launched.
- 2. For all installations, the CVG default configuration files must be placed into a directory named cvgN.N/.cvgN.N (where N.N refers to the CVG version number). These default configuration files must not be modified by the user. The environmental variable cvg_DEF_PREF_DIR must point to the parent of that directory (see the CODE-specific section of the .cshrc file). For example, if the default configuration files are placed in /mytools/cvg8.0/.cvg8.0, then cvg_DEF_PREF_DIR must be set to /mytools. CRITICAL STEP
 - With the **local installation** that is accomplished when the ORPG is compiled, the CVG default configuration files are placed in the directory: **\$HOME/tools/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N**. The environmental variable **cvg_def_pref_dir** must be set to **\$HOME/tools** which is the value used in the account configuration file .cshrc supplied with CODE.
 - If the optional global installation is accomplished with the cvg_global_install and cvg_install_config scripts (instructions in Part C.), the CVG default configuration files are placed in the directory: /usr/local/share/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N. The environmental variable Cvg_DEF_PREF_DIR must be set to /usr/local/share (see the CODE-specific section of the .cshrc file).
 - If the configuration files were manually copied into a custom location or the cvg_install_config script was modified during a global installation, the definition of CVG_DEF_PREF_DIR must reflect this new location (see the CODE-specific section of the .cshrc file).

CVG Notes - Actions during startup

The configuration files in the directory configured with cvg_DEF_PREF_DIR serve as a repository for default configuration files. When launched, cvg accomplishes the following:

- Searches for the local configuration directory when launched. If the local configuration directory corresponding to the version of CVG does not exist,
 - it is created and default configuration files are copied from the default configuration directory. CVG uses a directory named \$HOME/.cvgN.N according to the version number (e.g., \$HOME/.cvg9.2).
 - **CVG** also checks to see if the installed map data file are installed and decompressed, then creates several sample map files.

cvg uses the local configuration files which can be customized. These local files can be replaced by the defaults by either renaming or deleting the local configuration directory (\$HOME/.cvgN.N) and subsequently launching cvg.

CVG Notes - Standalone Installation

If the standalone option is used with a global installation to permit using CVG from any account:

- The environmental variable **STANDALONE_CVG** must be set before CVG is compiled.
- The CVG File->Preferences menu on the main window must be used to locate the product database linear buffer file.

CVT - Special Instructions

- 1. **IMPORTANT:** To ensure proper operation, the environmental variable **cv_ORPG_BUILD** must be set to the ORPG build number (for example '14') of the ORPG from which the products were produced (see the **CODE-specific** section of the .cshrc file).
- 2. In order to configure a new product for decoding the data levels in an unsigned integer array (data packet 16 or the generic radial component), the configuration file containing the Scale-Offset parameters must be placed in the \$HOME/.cvt directory. A sample configuration file decode_params.1992 is installed in this directory.
- 3. If the **standalone** option is used with a global installation to permit using CVT from any account:
 - The environmental variable **STANDALONE_CVT** must be set before CVT is compiled.
 - The environmental variable CVT_DB must be used to locate the product database linear buffer file.

Archive II Disk File - Special Instructions

The ORPG utility play_a2 is used for all Archive II disk file ingest capability.

1. The environmental variable **AR2_DIR** must be defined for each account using the **play_a2** utility to replay the Archive II disk files (see the **CODE-specific** section of the .cshrc file). This variable

represents the default location of stored Archive II disk files. This directory can be used to contain the most commonly used ingest data set. It is convenient to place each data set in individual directories under AR2_DIR.

Note: The CODE ORPG installation places three volumes of data into **\$HOME/ar2data** as a convenience in order to easily test the ORPG installation. You may wish to install the more extensive collection of disk files into another location. In any case, the **AR2_DIR** environmental variable must be defined for proper operation of the **play_a2** utility.

Part E. Installed file locations

CVT - Installed Files

The following files are installed in the indicated location, based upon whether a local or global installation was performed.

Installed File		Installed Location		
Name	type	local	global	
cvt	binary	~/tools/bin/lnux_x86	/usr/local/bin	
decode_params.1992	text	~/.cvt	~/.cvt	

For a global installation, the location of the executable binary can be changed through modification of the cvt_global_install script and appropriate modification of the path environmental variable. For a standalone installation, the executable can be manually copied anywhere in the path.

CVG - Installed Files

CVG Binary Files

The following files are installed in the indicated location, based upon whether a local or global installation was performed.

Installed File		Installed Location		ion
Name	type	local		global

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cvg	binary	~/tools/bin/lnux_x86	/usr/local/bin
cvg_read_db	binary	~/tools/bin/lnux_x86	/usr/local/bin
edit_cvgplt	binary	~/tools/bin/lnux_x86	/usr/local/bin
map_cvg	binary	~/tools/bin/lnux_x86	/usr/local/bin

For a global installation, the location of the executable binaries can be changed through modification of the cvg_global_install script and appropriate modification of the path environmental variable. For a standalone installation, the executables can be manually copied anywhere in the path.

CVG Map Data Files

The background map data files are installed into the following locations.

Installed File		Installed Location		
Name	type	local	global	
us_map.dat.bz2	binary	~/tools/cvg_map	/usr/local/share/cvg_map	
ak_map.dat.bz2	binary	~/tools/cvg_map	/usr/local/share/cvg_map	
hi_map.dat.bz2	binary	~/tools/cvg_map	/usr/local/share/cvg_map	

These map data files are automatically uncompressed when accessed for the first time by the CVG map utility or the associated scripts.

CVG Configuration Files

The default configuration files are installed into the following locations. The directory name **cvgN.N** represents a version-specific directory name (e.g., **cvg9.2**).

Installed File		Installed Location			
Name	type	local	global		
colors	dir	~/tools/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N	/usr/local/share/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N		
help	dir	~/tools/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N	/usr/local/share/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N		
legends	dir	~/tools/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N	/usr/local/share/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N		
prefs	text	~/tools/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N	/usr/local/share/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N		
radar_info	text	~/tools/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N	/usr/local/share/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N		
prod_config	text	~/tools/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N	/usr/local/share/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N		
resolutions	text	~/tools/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N	/usr/local/share/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N		
site_data	text	~/tools/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N	/usr/local/share/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N		
prod_db_size	text	~/tools/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N	/usr/local/share/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N		

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sort_method	text	~/tools/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N	/usr/local/share/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N
prod_names	text	~/tools/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N	/usr/local/share/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N
descript_source	text	~/tools/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N	/usr/local/share/cvgN.N/.cvgN.N

Note 1: The configuration files in the above installed locations must not be modified by the user.

Note 2: When CVG is launched, if a local directory \$HOME/.cvgN.N (where N.N is the CVG version number) does not exist, it is created and these configuration files (and directories) are copied into this local configuration directory for use by CVG. Some of the files in this local directory are modified when new products are configured for display.

For a global installation, the location of the default configuration files can be changed through modification of the cvg_install_config script and use of an environmental variable. For a standalone installation, the default configuration files can be placed into any cvgN.N/.cvgN.N directory as long as the environmental variable CvG_DEF_PREF_DIR points to the parent of that directory and the account has read permissions.

Note: If using the C shell, the added commands can be executed based upon the **path** environmental variable after updating the hash table with the **rehash** command.

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Section III Instructions for Sample Algorithms (NOTE: As of Build 21, CODE sample algorithms are no longer supported. The current RPG contains sufficient examples of these algorithms as part of the operational software.)

This archive contains the source code for four sample algorithms written in C. The source code for these sample algorithms is not included with the ORPG source code and must be installed and compiled separately. A description of each sample algorithm is provided in CODE Guide Volume 3, Document 3, Section II.

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Section IV Instructions for Dual Pol Test Products

This archive contains the configuration files to generate dual pol test products 340-344, 600-605, 700-705. These configuration files should be installed to \sim /cfg/extensions.

Dual Pol Test Products Installation Instructions

The following procedures should be accomplished while logged into the applicable ORPG account.

- Obtain the CODE archive dp_test_prod.tar (included with the CODE software CD in the ==/files_code_sw/ directory) and place into the ORPG cfg directory (\$HOME/cfg) of the applicable account.
- While in this directory, extract the archive with the following command: tar xvf dp_test_prod.tar
- 3. The archive is extracted into \$HOME/cfg/dp_test_prod. There are 3 files in this directory:

product_generation_tables.dualpol8bit_test

To generate products 340-344

product_generation_tables.test_base_prods_8bit

To generate products 600-605 and 700-705.

install_dual_pol_test_prod.sh

To install the above 2 configuration files from this directory and below configuration files to **\$HOME/cfg/extensions**:

\$HOME/src/cpc024/tsk001/

product_attr_table.dualpol8bit_test

task_attr_table.dualpol8bit_test

\$HOME/src/cpc102/tsk001

product_attr_table.test_base_prods_8bit_combbase

product_attr_table.test_base_prods_8bit_refldata

task_attr_table.test_base_prods_8bit_combbase

task_attr_table.test_base_prods_8bit_refldata

Vol 1 Doc 2 Section IV - Instructions for Dual Pol Test Products task_tables.test_base_prods_8bit

4. While in the \$HOME/cfg/dp_test_prod directory run the script: ./install_dual_pol_test_prod.sh

Verify all configuration files have been installed to **\$HOME/cfg/extensions/**:

cd ~/cfg/extensions

5. Restart the ORPG with the -p switch to rebuild the binary configuration files.

Volume 1. Guide to Setting Up the Development Environment

Appendices

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Appendix B. <u>CentOS 8 Desktop Installation Guidance</u>

Appendix C. Linux Network Configuration Files

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Appendix H. Outputs of ORPG Start up

Appendix I. <u>Outputs of rpg ps</u>

Appendix J. Software Removed for the Public Edition

Appendix A. CODE System Requirements

Only the Linux PC platform running Red Hat 8 or CentOS Stream is currently supported for CODE.

Workstation Platform

The *Operational Configuration* provides a development platform that is essentially the same as the operational system. This is not required for algorithm development or implementation. The *Development Configuration* provides an acceptable platform for running an ORPG clone and developing ORPG algorithms but does not match the performance criteria of the operational system.

Performance Testing. Any desktop PC with a current processor and 2 GB of RAM would be sufficient in order to determine the relative performance of an algorithm.

	Operational Configuration	Development Configuration	Notes
Workstation	Dual AMD 6348 CPUs	Any PC with a dual core or quad core CPUs	1
Operating System	Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8 Desktop with Workstation Option (64-bit)	Red Hat Enterprise 8 Desktop with Workstation Option (64- bit) or CentOS Stream Desktop (64-bit)	2
Physical Memory	16 GB	4 GB RAM minimum 16 GB recommended	
Swap Space	TBD	1 GB minimum	3
Disk Drive	1 TB SATA III hard drives	1 GB plus for each ORPG account	4
Display Capability	N/A	24-Bit color, 1024x768 min, 1280x1024 recommended	

Note 1: With the amount of overhead in the operational system there is little reason to replicate it for development. Any recent quality desktop PC with 4 GB of RAM can be used to obtain a good idea of an algorithms relative performance.

Vol 1 Appendix A. CODE System Requirements

- Note 2: Red Hat Enterprise 8 Workstation has been selected as the operating system for the deployed ORPG. CentOS Stream has been tested to be a good alternative Operating System of Red Hat 8.
- Note 3: Currently 1 GB of swap space is sufficient for the CODE development environment.
- Note 4: Does not include space for compilers and other development tools.

Software Language Compilers

The CODE Linux platform uses libraries and software development tools that are provided with the basic distribution of Red Hat Enterprise 5 Desktop with Workstation option.

Compilers used to build the Operational ORPG

- Compilers and utilities provided with Red Hat Enterprise Workstation
 - \circ GCC 8.5.0 (includes gcc, g++, and gfortran)
 - GNU make 4.2.1
 - GNU linker in binutils 2.25.1-32
 - o glibc 2.28-225

Appendix B. CentOS Stream Desktop Installation Guidance

CentOS is an Enterprise-class Linux Distribution derived from sources freely provided to the public by a prominent North American Enterprise Linux vendor.

Load Instructions CentOS Stream

1. Download CentOS 8 64bit ISO image from: https://www.centos.org/download/

2. Boot from boot media, at the prompt choose **Install CentOS Stream 8-stream** and press [Enter] key.

3. The system will start loading media installer and a Welcome screen should appear. Select your Installation Process Language and click on Continue.

4. The next screen prompt is Installation Summary. Choose time settings (UTC). Click on **Date & Time** and select the options; hit on upper **Done** button to apply configuration.

5. Choose the **Language Support** settings and click the **Done** button.

6. Choose the **Keyboard** and click the upper **Done** button to apply changes.

7. Choose the **Software Selection**. Select "Workstation" with the options "GNOME Applications", "Legacy UNIX Compatibility", "Development Tools", "Graphical Administration Tools", "Security Tools", and "System Tools". If you discover you need additional packages after the install, they can be loaded later.

8. Click on **Installation Destination** menu and choose "Automatic" for the disk partitioning option.

9. Set the system hostname and enable networking. Click on **Network & Hostname**, then enable the Network interface, switching the top **Ethernet** button to ON. Manual configuration can be done after the install if preferred (see step 13).

10. Click on **Begin Installation** button and set up the password for root account.

11. After installation completes, reboot and log back in as root.

12. Disable SELinux: in /etc/sysconfig/selinux, set SELINUX=disabled; then reboot and log back in as root again.

13. Complete manual network configuration, and activate the network adapter (via GUI under System Tools->Settings->Network), or by hand editing /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts files ifcfg-em1 (or the pertinent network adapter on your system) to ensure the following settings.

ifcfg-em1:

TYPE=Ethernet BOOTPROTO=none DEFROUTE=no IPV4_FAILURE_FATAL=no IPV6INIT=yes IPV6_AUTOCONF=yes IPV6_DEFROUTE=yes IPV6_FAILURE_FATAL=no IPV6_ADDR_GEN_MODE=stable-privacy

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NAME=em1 UUID=e19561ce-4b13-43c3-98a5-0ec928840646 DEVICE=em1 ONBOOT=no DNS1=xxx.xxx.xxx ZONE=public IPADDR=xxx.xxx.xxx PREFIX=24 GATEWAY=xxx.xxx.xxx IPV6_PEERDNS=yes IPV6_PEIVACY=no

Appendix C. Linux Network Configuration Files

Example contents of four files required for TCP/IP networking: --- /etc/hosts ------This is the file which typically is in error if attempting to set up the non DHCP configuration during installation. The first line of the hosts file contains the local host loopback. The second line of the hosts file contains the IP address and the Hostname (nimbus) of the workstation. Alias the hostname to rpg. 127.0.0.1 localhost.localdomain localhost xxx.xxx.xxx nimbus rpg --- /etc/resolv.conf -----The only required entry in resolv.conf is the IP address of at least one DNS server. For example (two nameservers): nameserver xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx nameserver xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx --- /etc/sysconfig/network -----The network file must contain the hostname. On a system with only one network device card, this file may contain the GATEWAY (default router) address instead of the 'ifcfg-eth0' file. For example: NETWORKING=yes NETWORKING IPV6=no HOSTNAME=nimbus --- /etc/sysconfig/networking/devices/ifcfg-eth0 -----The eth0 file is the configuration file for the primary (or only) network interface card. The entries that must be customized for the workstation are: IPADDR (IP address), GATEWAY (default router address), NETMASK (typically 255.255.25.0), HWADDR (the MAC address of the device card. On systems with only one network device card, the GATEWAY may be identified in the 'network' file rather than here. ONBOOT should be yes and DEVICE corresponds to the filename. For example: DEVICE=eth0 ONBOOT=yes BOOTPROTO=static IPADDR=xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx NETMASK=255.255.255.0 NETWORK=xxx.xxx.xxx BROADCAST=xxx.xxx.xxx HWADDR=00:13:72:D5:00:00 GATEWAY=xxx.xxx.xxx TYPE=Ethernet _____

Place copies of the above files into the

/etc/sysconfig/networking/profiles/default directory.

Appendix D. CPC100 Compile Problems

Evaluating the Compilation of CPC 100 Libraries

If the CODE specific instructions are followed, the output of the **test_make_cpc100** script contains both the standard output and standard error of the ORPG build attempt.

Error Messages

• The first step in checking the saved output of the test_make_cpc100 script to search the file for the string "Error" (match the case). The output of a good compile will not contain either of these words as message types. A good command for returning only the error messages is:

grep -e 'Error [1-9]' <output_file_name>

The output of the grep command should be blank (no errors).

- If Error messages are found, focus on the first few messages in the file. Subsequent errors are often misleading because they are a result of previous errors. Resolve one or two errors and recompile the libraries.
- Comparing the section containing Error messages with the sample build output file may help evaluate the error. The test output file (test_make_cpc100.out) is located in directory code_b21_0r1_7/output_files/.

Typical Configuration Problems

Assuming the correct compilers and tools are installed and the correct version of the operating system is being used, failure to successfully build the ORPG is normally due to some problem in the build environment. The error messages contained in the output from the test_make_cpc100 script will provide an indication of the problem. The following list provides several hints where to look.

- If a command cannot be found, the error is probably in the **PATH** variable as defined in the .cshrc file and the *build environment script*.
- Is the account successfully sourcing the *build environment script*? This can be determined by looking at the output of the env command.
- Experiencing file access problems? One cause is not being logged in as the account owner when attempting to compile the ORPG.

Warning Messages

It is not necessary to evaluate every Warning message in the output file, however it is generally a good idea to make a general comparison of the types of Warnings to this sample build output file. The test output file (test_make_cpc100.out) is located in directory code_b21_0r1_7/output_files/.

Appendix E. ORPG Compile Problems

Evaluating the Compilation of the ORPG Software

If the CODE specific instructions are followed, the output of the **make_rpg** script contains both the standard output and standard error of the ORPG build attempt.

Error Messages

• The first step is checking the saved output of the make_rpg script to search the file for the string "Error" (match the case). The output of a good compile normally does not contain either of these words as **message types** (the word 'Error' is included as part of a few names, which is normal). A good command for returning only the error messages is:

grep -e 'Error [1-9]' <output_file_name>

The output of the grep command should be blank (no errors).

- If unexpected Error messages are found, focus on the first few messages in the file. Subsequent errors are often misleading because they are a result of previous errors. Resolve one or two errors and recompile the ORPG.
- Comparing the section containing Error messages with the sample build output file may help evaluate the error. The output file make_rpg.out (2.2 MB) is located in directory code_b21_0r1_7/output_files/.

Meeting Basic System Requirements

If multiple tasks fail to compile, the problem could be not having all the required software packages installed with Red Hat Linux.

Beginning with Red Hat 5, an 'installation number' obtained from Red Hat is required to get a successful installation. The installation number must reflect a license for Red Hat Desktop with workstation option. Red Hat is rather vague in describing the results of not supplying an installation number when prompted during installation. One result is that not all software packages required for CODE will be installed.

Typical Configuration Problems

Vol 1 Appendix E. ORPG Compile Problems

Assuming the correct compilers and tools are installed and the correct version of the operating system is being used, failure to successfully build the ORPG is normally due to some problem in the build environment. The error messages contained in the output from the make_rpg script will provide an indication of the problem. The following list provides several hints where to look.

- If a command cannot be found, the error is probably in the **PATH** variable as defined in the .cshrc file and the *build environment script*.
- Is the account successfully sourcing the *build environment script*? This can be determined by looking at the output of the env command.
- Experiencing file access problems? One cause is not being logged in as the account owner when attempting to compile the ORPG.

Warning Messages

• It is not necessary to evaluate every Warning message in the output file, however it is generally a good idea to make a general comparison of the types of Warnings to this sample build output file. The output file make_rpg.out (2.2 MB) is located in directory code_b21_0r1_7/output_files/.

Appendix F. Files Modified for CODE

The two files with the most significant modifications are included in this appendix. Other files modified for CODE are Volume 1, Document 1, Section III parts A and B.

make_rpg

The following changes have been included in the modified **make_rpg** script for the development environment.

• The definition of the **makecmd** macro was modified for the Solaris platform using the default location for GNU make as follows:

- ALL occurrences of "/\$RPG_LEVEL" were changed to "\$RPG_LEVEL" (i.e., removed the leading "/"). (This change is made because we pass the complete path to the ORPG installation directory (\$HOME) to the make_rpg script. The original development environment passed a simple directory name without the leading "/").
- A command setting the LD_LIBRARY_PATH variable was commented out because the variable is set in the build env files in the CODE environment.
- The method of defining symbolic links in the cpc904 directory was changed in order to support cloning (or copying) of development accounts.

```
###### RELATIVE PATH LINKS FOR CODE ACCOUNT CLONING PROCEDURE ###
##ln -s $RPG LEVEL/src/cpc904 $RPG LEVEL/src/cpc904/lib001/sys/snet
##1n -s $RPG LEVEL/src/cpc904 $RPG LEVEL/src/cpc904/tsk002/sys/snet
##ln -s $RPG LEVEL/src/cpc904 $RPG LEVEL/src/cpc904/tsk003/sys/snet
##ln -s $RPG LEVEL/src/cpc904 $RPG LEVEL/src/cpc105/tsk002/sys/snet
cd $RPG LEVEL/src/cpc904/lib001/sys
rm -f snet
ln -s ../.. snet
cd $RPG LEVEL/src/cpc904/tsk002/sys
rm -f snet
ln -s ../.. snet
cd $RPG LEVEL/src/cpc904/tsk003/sys
rm -f snet
ln -s ../.. snet
cd $RPG LEVEL/src/cpc105/tsk002/sys
rm -f snet
ln -s ../../cpc904 snet
cd $workdir
######
```

Vol 1 Appendix F. Files Modified for CODE

• The following modification corrects a problem if accomplishing more than one Build attempt for the ORPG on the Linux platform.

• The following modification eliminates error messages on subsequent compiles (if accomplished).

• A command was modified to permit the removal of a temporary shared library without prompting the user.

Vol 1 Appendix F. Files Modified for CODE comms_link.conf

The following entries in **comms_link.conf** are required for a basic development environment that uses Archive II tape or Archive II disk files as the data input.

• The name of the wideband comm manager for the RDA link must be a dummy name (such as **player**). The RDA link is identified by comparing the value in the first column labeled with the value set for **RDA_link** in later this file. In the example below, the name of the RDA comm manager is **player**.

CN DN PN LT LR CS MPS NS LS DEN CLASS TOUT AW # LN UN 0 Dedic 1536000 player 4096 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 • • . . . • . • • . . • • • • • • • • RDA link 0

• All other communication line entries must be commented out.

# : ##	-	N CI 0					LR CS 1536000		-						TOUT	AW
			0 0	0	De	dic 1	.536000 pl	layer	409	96 1	L 0) 0		1		
# ·	the f	ollo	wing	line	can	be us	ed for nh	otcp dist	trik	ouior	ı					
#	1	1	1	1 (0 D	edic	100000 c	m_tcp_	1	L28	2	0	1	99	0	
##	1	1	1	1	0	D-in	14400	cm_ucons	к	128	2	0	1	. 2	60	LINE
##	2	1	1	1	1	D-in	14400	cm_ucons	к	128	2	0	1	. 2	60	LINE
##	3	9	9	0	0	Dedic	1500000	cm_tcp_	_	128	2	0	1	. 99	60	
##	4	9	9	0	0	Dedic	1500000	cm_tcp_		128	2	0	1	. 99	60	
##	5	9	9	0	0	Dedic	1500000	cm_tcp_		128	2	0	1	. 99	60	

• The number of links must be set to 1 (for the remaining RDA link).

number_links 1

• Make a backup copy of the new comms_link.conf file if you make any changes.

Appendix G. ORPG Launch Problems

Meeting Basic System Requirements

If multiple tasks fail to launch, the problem could be not having all the required software packages installed with Red Hat Linux.

Beginning with Red Hat 5, an 'installation number' obtained from Red Hat is required to get a successful installation. The installation number must reflect a license for Red Hat Desktop with workstation option. Red Hat is rather vague in describing the results of not supplying an installation number when prompted during installation. One result is that not all software packages required for CODE will be installed.

Typical Configuration Problems

Initially, failure to completely launch the ORPG is normally due to some problem in the run environment. The error messages contained in the output from the mrpg -v startup command will provide an indication of the problem. The following list provides several hints where to look.

- Recheck the configuration instructions for missed steps. For example: Are the .cshrc, .profile, and .dtprofile files the same versions provided with the CODE distribution? Was a ~/tmp directory created with appropriate permissions? Were all of the configuration files modified as instructed and saved? Were both of the CODE installation scripts executed (one before compiling the RPG and one after)?
- Is the account successfully sourcing the *ORPG run environment script*? This can be determined by looking at the output of the printenv or env command and examining the values of path, LD LIBRARY PATH, ORPGDIR, etc.
- Experiencing file access problems? Unable to create linear buffer files? One cause is not being logged in as the account owner when attempting to run the ORPG.
- Unable to find an executable file or a command? Check the value of the path variable.
- One source of a failure of the ORPG to launch is a missing .rssd.conf file.

```
code21_0r1_7:code21_0r1_7/ 60 > mrpg -p -v startup
01/26/10 18:48:00 Checking permanent file
/home/code21_0r1_7/data/logs/mrpg.log
18:48:00 mrpg: start_rssd failed (0) - mrpg_main.c:124
code21_0r1_7:code21_0r1_7/ 61 >
```

• Another source of a failure is due to certain errors in the TCP/IP network setup. During a Red Hat Linux installation, the /etc/hosts file is often misconfigured by the Linux administration tools. For example, the host name is mixed with the localhost:

```
127.0.0.1 dev2 localhost.localdomain localhost
192.168.x.x dev2
```

To fix the problem, just remove the host name (dev2) from the localhost line. See Appendix D.

Vol 1 Appendix G. ORPG Launch Problems

```
code21 Or1 7:code21 Or1 7/ 64 > mrpg -p -v startup
01/26/10 18:55:00 Checking permanent file
/home/code21 Or1 7/data/logs/mrpg.log
18:55:00 mrpg: mrpg goes to background
18:55:00 mrpg: Reading task tables
18:55:00 mrpg:
                Reading task attr table file
/home/code21_0r1_7/cfg/task_attr_table
18:55:00 mrpg: Reading task table file /home/code21 0r1 7/cfg/task tables
18:55:00 mrpg: Empty shutdown commands table
18:55:00 mrpg: Cleaning up all data stores...
18:55:01 mrpg: Start up RPG - Non-operational
18:55:01 mrpg: Reading data table
18:55:01 mrpg:
                Reading data table file
/home/code21 0r1 7/cfg/data attr table
18:55:01 mrpg: Reading product table
18:55:01 mrpg: Reading product table file
/home/code21 0r1 7/cfg/product attr table
18:55:01 mrpg: Generating system configuration file
18:55:01 mrpg:
                  Use old system config file
18:55:01 mrpg: Reading comms configuration
18:55:01 mrpg: RMT: authentication failed in connecting to dev2
18:55:01 mrpg: RMT: authentication failed in connecting to dev2
18:55:01 mrpg: LB open (create) nds LB
dev2:/home/code21_0r1_7/data/infr/nds.lb failed (ret -1010) -
mrpg_pr*_info.c:132
18:55:02 mrpg: mrpg exits with 1
code21 0r1 7:code21 0r1 7/ 65 >
```

Not Related to Initial Configuration

If the ORPG had been running previously and is now experiencing launch problems:

• If there is more than one ORPG installed on this workstation, check for ORPG tasks still running from the other account. Typically these could include mrpg and rssd which would remain if the other account was shutdown without executing mrpg cleanup. These tasks must be killed before an ORPG in a different account can be launched. The launch failure occurs quickly in this case with an EN_register failure:

```
code21 Or1 7:/home/code21 Or1 7: 65>mrpg -p -v startup
01/26/10 19:08:40 Checking permanent file
/home/code21 0r1 7/data/logs/mrpg.log
19:08:40 mrpg: mrpg goes to background
19:08:40 mrpg: RMT: connect to the local rssd failed (errno 111)
19:08:40 mrpg: Reading task tables
19:08:40 mrpg: Reading task attr table file
/home/code21 Or1 7/cfg/task attr table
19:08:40 mrpg: Reading task table file /home/code21 0r1 7/cfg/task tables
19:08:40 mrpg: Empty shutdown commands table
19:08:40 mrpg: Cleaning up all data stores...
19:08:40 mrpg: Start up RPG - Non-operational
19:08:40 mrpg: Reading data table
19:08:40 mrpg:
                 Reading data table file
/home/code21 0r1 7/cfg/data attr table
```

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```
19:08:40 mrpg: Reading product table
19:08:40 mrpg: Reading product table file
/home/code21_0r1_7/cfg/product_attr_table
19:08:40 mrpg: RMT: connect to the local rssd failed (errno 111)
19:08:40 mrpg: EN_register failed (ret -1007) - mrpg_ge*onfig.c:62
19:08:42 mrpg: mrpg exits with 1
code21 0r1 7:/home/code21 0r1 7: 66>
```

• Another reason for the ORPG launch to fail is a syntax error in the task_attr_table configuration file. In this case the mrpg cleanup command may also fail.

```
code21_0r1_7:cfg/ 75 > mrpg -p -v startup
01/26/10 19:12:23 Checking permanent file
/home/code21_0r1_7/data/logs/mrpg.log
19:12:23 mrpg: mrpg goes to background
19:12:23 mrpg: Reading task tables
19:12:23 mrpg: Reading task attr table file
/home/code21_0r1_7/cfg/task_attr_table
19:12:23 mrpg: CS_entry CS_NEXT_LINE failed (-798) - mrpg_re*_tats.c:286
19:12:23 mrpg: Failed in first call to MRT_init
19:12:25 mrpg: mrpg exits with 1
code21_0r1_7:cfg/ 76 >
```

If the ORPG launch stops at the point of initializing the Product Generation and Distribution function, the product_attr_table configuration file may have a syntax error or incorrect information entered. The following output of the mrpg -p -v startup command is one example of this error:

```
code21 Or1 7:cfg/ 86 > mrpg -p -v startup
01/26/10 19:21:27 Checking permanent file
/home/code21 Or1 7/data/logs/mrpg.log
19:21:27 mrpg: mrpg goes to background
19:21:27 mrpg: Reading task tables
19:21:27 mrpg: Reading task attr table file
/home/code21_0r1_7/cfg/task_attr_table
19:21:27 mrpg: ____ Reading task table file /home/code21 0r1 7/cfg/task tables
19:21:27 mrpg: Empty shutdown commands table
19:21:27 mrpg: Cleaning up all data stores...
19:21:27 mrpg: Start up RPG - Non-operational
19:21:27 mrpg: Reading data table
19:21:27 mrpg: Reading data table file
/home/code21 0r1 7/cfg/data attr table
19:21:27 mrpg: Reading product table
19:21:27 mrpg: Reading product table file
/home/code21 0r1 7/cfg/product attr table
19:21:27 mrpg: CS: unclosed { (file
/home/code21 Or1 7/cfg/product attr table) - mrpg main.c:825
19:21:27 mrpg: CS: unclosed { (file
/home/code21 Or1 7/cfg/product attr table) - mrpg main.c:825
19:21:27 mrpg: CS entry CS NEXT LINE failed (-798) - mrpg re* dats.c:650
19:21:27 mrpg: Failed in reading product attributes - mrpg re* dats.c:117
19:21:29 mrpg: mrpg exits with 1
code21 0r1 7:cfg/ 87 >
```

Vol 1 Appendix G. ORPG Launch Problems

• Depending upon the manner in which the site_info.dea file is corrupted, there may be no apparent problem at launch. However, if some parameters of the station_type are missing, the corrupted data could lead to the following message. If the binary adaptation data is corrupted after launch, this can prevent shutdown of the ORPG as well.

```
code21 Or1 7:cfg/ 96 > mrpg -p -v startup
01/26/10 19:26:13 Checking permanent file
/home/code21_0r1_7/data/logs/mrpg.log
19:26:13 mrpg: mrpg goes to background
19:26:13 mrpg: Reading task tables
19:26:13 mrpg: Reading task attr table file
/home/code21 0r1 7/cfg/task attr table
19:26:13 mrpg: Reading task table file /home/code21 0r1 7/cfg/task tables
19:26:13 mrpg: Empty shutdown commands table
19:26:13 mrpg: Cleaning up all data stores...
19:26:13 mrpg: Start up RPG - Non-operational
19:26:13 mrpg: Reading data table
19:26:13 mrpg: Reading data table file
/home/code21 0r1 7/cfg/data attr table
19:26:13 mrpg: Reading product table
19:26:13 mrpg: Reading product table file
/home/code21_0r1_7/cfg/product_attr_table
19:26:13 mrpg: Generating system configuration file
19:26:13 mrpg: Use old system config file
19:26:13 mrpg: Reading comms configuration
19:26:14 mrpg: RPG state file /home/code21 0r1 7/data/rpg state created
19:26:14 mrpg: Removing all RPG operational tasks
19:26:14 mrpg: Removing all RPG tasks ...
19:26:14 mrpg: Checking/creating/clearing RPG data stores - startup
19:26:14 mrpg: Checking permanent file
/home/code21 Or1 7/data/config device.*
19:26:14 mrpq: Checking permanent file /home/code21 0r1 7/data/trap.log
19:26:24 mrpg: Executing init commands - startup
19:26:24 mrpg: --->Initialize Adaptation Data
19:26:24 mrpg: RPG init command (init adapt data) failed (exit 1) -
mrpg_pr*_cmds.c:559
19:26:24 mrpg: mrpg exits with 1
code21 0r1 7:cfg/ 97 >
```

• A corrupted **product_generation_tables** file may produce the following output.

```
code21_0r1_7:cfg/ 103 > mrpg -p -v startup
01/26/10 19:28:52 Checking permanent file
/home/code21_0r1_7/data/logs/mrpg.log
19:28:52 mrpg: mrpg goes to background
19:28:52 mrpg: Reading task tables
19:28:52 mrpg: Reading task attr table file
/home/code21_0r1_7/cfg/task_attr_table
19:28:52 mrpg: Reading task table file
/home/code21_0r1_7/cfg/task_tables
19:28:52 mrpg: Empty shutdown commands table
19:28:52 mrpg: Cleaning up all data stores...
19:28:52 mrpg: Start up RPG - Non-operational
19:28:52 mrpg: Reading data table
```

Vol 1 Appendix G. ORPG Launch Problems

```
Reading data table file
19:28:52 mrpg:
/home/code21 0r1 7/cfg/data attr table
19:28:52 mrpg: Reading product table
19:28:52 mrpg: Reading product table file
/home/code21 0r1 7/cfg/product attr table
19:28:52 mrpg: Generating system configuration file
19:28:52 mrpg: Use old system config file
19:28:52 mrpg: Reading comms configuration
19:28:53 mrpg: RPG state file /home/code21 0r1 7/data/rpg state created
19:28:53 mrpg: Removing all RPG operational tasks
19:28:53 mrpg: Removing all RPG tasks ...
19:28:53 mrpg: Checking/creating/clearing RPG data stores - startup
19:28:53 mrpg: Checking permanent file
/home/code21 0r1 7/data/config device.*
19:28:53 mrpq: Checking permanent file /home/code21 0r1 7/data/trap.log
19:29:02 mrpg: Executing init commands - startup
19:29:02 mrpg: --->Initialize Adaptation Data
19:29:03 mrpg: --->Initialize the Binary Task Attribute Table
19:29:03 mrpg: --->Initialize Critical Data Stores
19:29:03 mrpg: --->Initialize RDA Alarms Table
19:29:03 mrpg: --->Initialize the ITCs
19:29:03 mrpg: --->Check HYDROMET Files.
19:29:03 mrpg: --->Initialize HYDROMET Files.
19:29:03 mrpg: --->Initialize GSM
19:29:04 mrpg: --->Initialize Binary Product Attributes Table
19:29:04 mrpg: --->Initialize Product Distribution
19:29:04 mrpg: --->Initialize Routine Request Product Generation
19:29:04 mrpg: --->Initialize Product Generation Tables
19:29:04 mrpg: RPG init command (mnttsk pgt -t startup) failed (exit 1) -
mrpg pr* cmds.c:559
19:29:04 mrpg: mrpg exits with 1
code21 0r1 7:cfg/ 104 >
```

- A launch failure could be due to the binary configuration files having become corrupt. They can be replaced by erasing the contents of the **\$ORPGDIR** directory by using the -**p** option for **mrpg startup**.
- Another cause of launch failure is the consumption of addressable memory by unreleased shared memory segments. Each installed ORPG allocates four shared memory segments, totaling over 50 MB. These are not released on shutdown. Normally these segments are reused the next time the ORPG is started. However, there are times when the ORPG allocates new memory segments when restarted. Allocated memory segments can be listed by executing the ipcs -a command. If more than four are listed for any account into which the ORPG is installed, they can be eliminated by rebooting the operating system.
- When all else fails, reboot the workstation. There have been other instances where restarting the operating system has corrected an unknown problem that prevented ORPG launch.

Problems launching the X-windows components of the ORPG (the hci and xpdt):

- Check the value of the SCREEN environmental variable.
- Running from a remote X terminal? If so, check the operation of these applications from the console.

Appendix H. Outputs of ORPG Start up

```
code21 Or1 7:/home/code21 Or1 7: 28>mrpg -p -v startup
03/04/15 18:51:46 mrpg: mrpg goes to background
18:51:46 mrpg: Reading task tables
18:51:46 mrpg: Reading task attr table file
/home/code21 0r1 7/cfg/task attr table
18:51:46 mrpg: cpu_limit set to 80 for veldeal
18:51:46 mrpg: mem_limit set to 2100 for veldeal
18:51:46 mrpg: Reading task table file /home/code21_0r1_7/cfg/task_tables
18:51:46 mrpg: Common cpu_limit set to 50
18:51:46 mrpg: Common mem_limit set to 60
18:51:46 mrpg: Common cpu_window set to 40
18:51:46 mrpg: Function cpu_window set to 40
18:51:46 mrpg: Empty shutdown commands table
18:51:46 mrpg: Cleaning up all data stores...
18:51:46 mrpg: Start up RPG - Non-operational
18:51:46 mrpg: Reading data table
                   Reading data table file
18:51:46 mrpg:
/home/code21 0r1 7/cfg/data attr table
18:51:46 mrpg: Reading product table
18:51:46 mrpg: Reading product table file
/home/code21 0r1 7/cfg/product attr table
18:51:46 mrpg: Generating system configuration file
18:51:46 mrpg: New system config file generated
18:51:46 mrpg: Reading comms configuration
18:51:46 mrpg: RPG state file /home/code21 0r1_7/data/rpg_state created
18:51:46 mrpg: RPG System is STARTING UP
18:51:46 mrpg: ORPGDA: RSS orpgda lb open $(ORPGDIR)/mngrpg/syslog.lb failed
(ret = -43)
18:51:46 mrpg: ORPGDA write ORPGDAT SYSLOG failed (ret -43)
18:51:46 mrpg: Removing all RPG operational tasks
18:51:46 mrpg: Removing all RPG tasks ...
18:51:47 mrpg: Checking/creating/clearing RPG data stores - startup
18:51:47 mrpg: Checking permanent file /home/code21 0r1 7/data/config device.*
18:51:47 mrpg: Checking permanent file /home/code21 0r1 7/data/trap.log
18:51:47 mrpg: Checking permanent file /home/code21_0r1_7/data/owr server.log
18:51:47 mrpg: Checking permanent file /home/code21 0r1 7/data/syslog shadow.lb
18:51:57 mrpg: Executing init commands - startup
18:51:57 mrpg: --->Initialize Adaptation Data
18:51:58 mrpg: --->Initialize the Binary Task Attribute Table
18:51:58 mrpg: --->Initialize Critical Data Stores
18:51:58 mrpg: --->Initialize RDA Alarms Table
18:51:58 mrpg: --->Initialize the ITCs
18:51:58 mrpg: --->Check HYDROMET Files.
18:51:58 mrpg: --->Initialize HYDROMET Files.
18:51:58 mrpg: --->Initialize GSM
18:51:58 mrpg: --->Initialize Binary Product Attributes Table
18:51:58 mrpg: --->Initialize Product Distribution
18:51:58 mrpg: --->Initialize Routine Request Product Generation
18:51:58 mrpg: --->Initialize Product Generation Tables
18:51:58 mrpg: --->Initialize Alert Requests/Alert Thresholds
18:51:58 mrpg: --->Initialize Loadshed Information
18:51:59 mrpg: --->Initialize Clutter
18:51:59 mrpg: --->Initialize RDA Adaptation Data
18:51:59 mrpg: --->Initialize ISDP Estimate
```

Vol 1 Appendix H. Outputs of ORPG Start up

10.51.50 mmore	Ctarting oner	ational nr	
18:51:59 mrpg:			
18:51:59 mrpg:			recomb -T a_recomb -A -l 1000
18:51:59 mrpg:		p process:	
18:51:59 mrpg:			basrflct -T basrflct
18:51:59 mrpg:			basspect -T basspect
18:51:59 mrpg:		p process:	
18:51:59 mrpg:			basvlcty -T basvlcty
18:51:59 mrpg:			bref8bit -T bref8bit
18:51:59 mrpg:			bvel8bit -T bvel8bit
18:51:59 mrpg:		p process:	
18:52:00 mrpg:		p process:	
18:52:00 mrpg:			cmprfcg -T cmprfcg
18:52:00 mrpg:		p process:	
18:52:00 mrpg:		p process:	
18:52:00 mrpg:			control_rda -d -l 5000 -v
18:52:00 mrpg:		p process:	
18:52:00 mrpg:	Execute c	p process:	crapeprd
18:52:00 mrpg:	Execute c	p process:	data_qual
18:52:00 mrpg:	Execute c	p process:	dp_dua_accum -T dp_dua_accum
18:52:00 mrpg:	Execute c	p process:	dp elev prod
18:52:00 mrpg:	Execute c	p process:	dp lt accum
18:52:01 mrpg:	Execute c	p process:	dp precip 4bit
18:52:01 mrpg:			dp precip 8bit
18:52:01 mrpg:			dp s2s accum
18:52:01 mrpg:		p process:	
18:52:01 mrpg:		p process:	
18:52:01 mrpg:			dualpol4bit
18:52:01 mrpg:			dualpol8bit
18:52:01 mrpg:		p process:	-
18:52:01 mrpg:			elev prod -T elev prod
18:52:01 mrpg:		p process:	—
18:52:02 mrpg:			hail hazard
18:52:02 mrpg:		p process: p process:	
18:52:02 mrpg:		p process: p process:	-
18:52:02 mrpg.		p process: p process:	
18:52:02 mrpg.			
	Execute o		
18:52:02 mrpg: 18:52:02 mrpg:			hhc8bit -T hhc8bit
1 3		p process:	
18:52:02 mrpg:		p process:	
18:52:02 mrpg:		p process:	
18:52:02 mrpg:			icing_hazard
18:52:02 mrpg:		p process:	
18:52:03 mrpg:		p process:	
18:52:03 mrpg:		p process:	
18:52:03 mrpg:		p process:	
18:52:03 mrpg:			recomb -T ldm_recomb -A -l 1000
18:52:03 mrpg:	Execute c	p process:	mdald
18:52:03 mrpg:	Execute c	p process:	mda2d
18:52:03 mrpg:	Execute c	p process:	mda3d
18:52:03 mrpg:	Execute c	p process:	mdaprod
18:52:03 mrpg:	Execute c	p process:	mdattnn
18:52:03 mrpg:		p process:	
18:52:04 mrpg:			mlprod -T mlprod
18:52:04 mrpg:			mngdskerr
18:52:04 mrpg:			nexradAmda
18:52:04 mrpg:			nexradMigfa -N
18:52:04 mrpg:		p process:	-
······································			

Vol 1 Appendix H. Outputs of ORPG Start up

11	1 1	
18:52:04 mrpg:	Execute op process:	ntda_fp
18:52:04 mrpg:	Execute op process:	owr_server -l
18:52:04 mrpg:	Execute op process:	pbd -v -l 5000
18:52:04 mrpg:	Execute op process:	pcipdalg
18:52:04 mrpg:	Execute op process:	prcpadju
18:52:04 mrpg:	Execute op process:	prcpprod
18:52:05 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:05 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:05 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:05 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:05 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:05 mrpg:		ps routine -v 3 -1500
18:52:05 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:05 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:05 mrpg:		radcdmsg -T radcdmsg
18:52:05 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:05 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:05 mrpg.		recomb -T recomb -1 1000
18:52:06 mrpg:		basrflct -T replay basrflct
18:52:06 mrpg:		basspect -T replay_basspect
18:52:06 mrpg:		basvlcty -T replay_basvlcty
18:52:06 mrpg:		bref8bit -T replay_bref8bit
18:52:06 mrpg:		bvel8bit -T replay_bvel8bit
18:52:06 mrpg:		cmprfcg -T replay_cmprfcg
18:52:06 mrpg:		dp_dua_accum -T replay_dp_dua_accum
18:52:06 mrpg:		radcdmsg -T replay_radcdmsg
18:52:06 mrpg:		srmrmrv -T replay_srmrmrv
18:52:07 mrpg:		user_sel_LRM -T replay_user_sel_LRM
18:52:07 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:07 mrpg:		vertxsct -T replay_vertxsct
18:52:07 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:07 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:07 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:07 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:07 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:07 mrpg:		elev_prod -T sr_elev_prod
18:52:08 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:08 mrpg:	Execute op process:	status_prod
18:52:08 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:08 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:08 mrpg:	Execute op process:	superes8bit
18:52:08 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:08 mrpg:	Execute op process:	tdald
18:52:08 mrpg:	Execute op process:	tda2d3d
18:52:08 mrpg:	Execute op process:	tda2d3dru
18:52:08 mrpg:	Execute op process:	tdaruprod
18:52:08 mrpg:	Execute op process:	trfrcalg
18:52:09 mrpg:	Execute op process:	tvsprod
18:52:09 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:09 mrpg:	Execute op process:	user_sel_LRM -T user_sel_LRM
18:52:09 mrpg:	Execute op process:	vad -T vad
18:52:09 mrpg:	Execute op process:	veldeal -I
18:52:09 mrpg:	Execute op process:	vertxsct -T vertxsct
18:52:09 mrpg:	Execute op process:	viletalq
	EXCERCE OF PIOCEDD.	
18:52:09 mrpg:	Execute op process:	
18:52:09 mrpg: 18:52:09 mrpg:		vilprod
	Execute op process:	vilprod vwindpro

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Vol 1 Appendix H. Outputs of ORPG Start up

18:52:09 mrpg: All operational processes started. Waiting for OP ready ... 18:52:11 mrpg: RPG State: OPERATE 18:52:11 mrpg: RPG Operability Status: ONLINE 18:52:11 mrpg: RPG System Startup Completed 18:52:11 mrpg: RPG startup completed code21 Or1 7:/home/code21 Or1 7: 29>

Appendix I. Outputs of rpg_ps

code21 Or1 7:/home/co	de21 0r1	7:	29>rpg_	ps	
name	pid	cpu	mem		command
a recomb	21980	0m	284K		recomb -T a recomb -A
alerting		Om	308K		alerting _
basrflct		Om	316K		basrflct -T basrflct
basspect	21986	Om	316K	47s	basspect -T basspect
basvgrid		Om	288K		basvgrid
basvlcty	21990	Om	320K		basvlcty -T basvlcty
bref8bit	21992	Om	300K		bref8bit -T bref8bit
bvel8bit	21994	Om	304K	47s	bvel8bit -T bvel8bit
clutprod	21996	Om	732K	47s	clutprod
cmprfape	21998	Om	416K	46s	cmprfape
cmprfcg	22000	Om	476K	46s	cmprfcg -T cmprfcg
cmprflct	22002	Om	288K	46s	cmprflct
combattr	22004	Om	308K	46s	combattr
control_rda	22006	Om	228K	46s	control_rda -d -l 5000 .
cpcntalg	22008	Om	388K	46s	cpcntalg
crapeprd	22010	Om	476K	46s	crapeprd
data_qual	22012	Om	492K	46s	data_qual
dp_dua_accum	22014	Om	300K	46s	dp_dua_accum -T dp_dua
dp_elev_prod	22016	Om	296K		dp_elev_prod
dp_lt_accum	22018	Om	292K	45s	dp_lt_accum
dp_precip_4bit	22020	Om	320K	45s	dp_precip_4bit
dp_precip_8bit	22022	Om	324K	45s	dp_precip_8bit
	22024	Om	300K		dp_s2s_accum
dpprep	22026	Om	284K	45s	dpprep
dqa_elev	22028	Om	296K	45s	dqa_elev
dualpol4bit	22030	Om	304K	45s	dualpol4bit
dualpol8bit	22032	Om	304K	45s	dualpol8bit
ecotppro	22034	Om	448K	45s	ecotppro
elev_prod	22036	Om	280K	45s	elev_prod -T elev_prod
epre	22038	Om	304K	44s	epre
hail_hazard	22040	Om	296K	44s	hail_hazard
hailalg	22042	Om	384K	44s	hailalg
hailprod	22044	Om	396K	44s	hailprod
hca	22046	Om	304K	44s	hca
hci_agent	22048	Om	512K		hci_agent
hhc8bit	22050	Om	304K	44s	hhc8bit -T hhc8bit
hireseet	22052	Om	296K	44s	hireseet
hiresvil	22054	Om	296K	44s	hiresvil
hybrprod		Om	316K	44s	hybrprod
icing_hazard	22058	Om	1156K	44s	icing_hazard
itwsdbv	22060	Om	316K		itwsdbv
lcrap	22062	Om	432K		lcrap
lcrappg	22064	Om	424K	43s	lcrappg
lcrflct		Om	444K	43s	lcrflct
ldm_recomb		Om	280K	43s	recomb -T ldm_recomb -A.
mdald	22070	Om	304K	43s	mdald
mda2d	22072	Om	576K		mda2d
mda3d	22074	Om	1232K		mda3d
-		Om	300K		mdaprod
mdattnn	22078	Om	1436K		mdattnn
mlda	22080	Om	1204K	42s	mlda

Vol 1 Appendix I. Outputs of rpg_ps

<pre>mlprod 22082 Om 300% 42s mlprod -T mlprod mmgdskerr 22084 Om 100% 42s mqdskerr nexradMigfa 22086 Om 2206K 42s nexradMigfa -N nexradMigfa 22089 Om 2206K 42s nexradMigfa -N ntda_fp 22094 Om 302K 42s nexradMigfa -N ntda_fp 22094 Om 302K 42s nexradMigfa -N ntda_fp 22096 Om 136K 42s owr_server -1 pbd 22086 Om 366K 42s pdo -v -1 5000 peipdalg 22100 Om 312K 42s propadju prepadju 22102 Om 436K 42s propadju prepadju 22102 Om 436K 42s propadju prepadju 22102 Om 436K 41s prepadju prepadju 22102 Om 436K 41s prepadju prepadju 22102 Om 446K 41s prepadju prepadju 22101 Om 446K 41s prepadju prepadju 22110 Om 446K 41s prepadju prepadju 22112 Om 225K 41s gperate radedmsg 22122 Om 460K 41s radedmsg -T radedmsg recolprod 22126 Om 300K 41s radedmsg -T radedmsg recolprod 22126 Om 300K 40s recolprods replay_basrlict 22130 Om 306K 40s baspect -T replay_basr replay_basrlict 22130 Om 476K 40s baspect -T replay_basr replay_basrlict 22130 Om 476K 40s baspect -T replay_basr replay_basrlict 22130 Om 476K 40s baspect -T replay_cmprf replay_basrlict 22130 Om 476K 40s cmprfcg -T replay_cmprf replay_radedmsg 22140 Om 476K 40s cmprfcg -T replay_cmprf replay_radedmsg 22140 Om 476K 40s marrer -T replay_cmprf replay_radedmsg 22140 Om 476K 40s marrer -T replay_mar replay_radedmsg 22140 O</pre>	11 1	18_1				
<pre>mngdikerr 22084 0m 100k 42s angdskerr mrg 21891 770m 712k 60s mrgd -p v startup nexradAmda 22086 0m 2200k 42s nexradAmda nexradAmda 22089 0m 2736K 42s nexradAmda nexradAmda 22089 0m 3736K 42s nexradAmda ntda_1p 22094 0m 300k 42s ntda_1p ovr_server 22096 0m 336K 42s ovr_server-1 pd 22098 0m 368K 42s pbd-v-15000 pcipdalg 22100 0m 312K 42s propadju prcpadju 22102 0m 436K 42s propadju prcpadju 22102 0m 436K 42s propadju prcpat 22108 0m 312K 41s prcptac prcpust 22108 0m 448K 41s prcpust prtbamp 22110 0m 308K 41s prcbate prtbamp 22110 0m 308K 41s prcbate prtbamp 22110 0m 308K 41s prcbate prcpust 22128 0m 448K 41s prcpust prtbamp 22110 0m 308K 41s prcbate recclag 21212 0m 460K 41s recclag r recclag 21220 0m 22KF 41s gprate recclag 22122 0m 460K 41s recclag r recclag 22122 0m 308K 40s recclprods repeting 22120 0m 308K 40s recclprods repeting 22120 0m 308K 40s basspect -T replay_bass replay_basspect 22120 0m 308K 40s basspect -T replay_bass replay_basspect 22123 0m 308K 40s basspect -T replay_bass replay_bref8bit 22136 0m 308K 40s basspect -T replay_bass replay_bref8bit 22136 0m 308K 40s bref8bit -T replay_smmm replay_acdmag 22140 0m 476K 40s cmprfog -T replay_cmet replay_ad 22150 0m 444K 39s var_sel_LRM-T veplay_ sausers 22160 0m 324K 39s sausers segmetalg 22162 0m 436K 39s segmetalg sausers 22160 0m 324K 39s sausers segmetalg 22128 0m 324K 39s sausers segmetalg 22170 0m 304K 38s suberob_vel superes8bi</pre>	mlprod	22082	Om	300K	42s	mlprod -T mlprod
<pre>mrgg 21891 770m 712% 60g mrgg -p -v startup nexradMigfa 2208 0m 2736K 42s nexradMigfa =N ntda_iig 22092 0m 328K 42s ntda_ip ntda_ip 22094 0m 306K 42s ntda_ip ovr_server 22096 0m 136K 42s ovr_server -1 wbd 22098 0m 36K 42s pclpdalg propadju 22100 0m 312K 42s pclpdalg propadju 22100 0m 312K 42s pclpdalg propadju 22102 0m 436K 42s propadju propred 22104 0m 596K 41s propupt propred 22104 0m 596K 41s propupt propred 22106 0m 44KK 41s proputac propust 22108 0m 44KK 41s proputac propust 22108 0m 44KK 41s proputac propust 22108 0m 44KK 41s profeser propust 22108 0m 44KK 41s ps_routine -v 3 -1500 gia 22118 0m 226K 41s ps_routine -v 3 -1500 gia 22118 0m 284K 41s gis recclprods 22122 0m 300K 40s hearflot -T replay_basy replay_baspect 22130 0m 304K 40s basyloty -T replay_basy replay_baspect 22132 0m 300K 40s basyloty -T replay_basy replay_baspect 22130 0m 304K 40s basyloty -T replay_basy replay_baspect 22140 0m 476K 40s cmpfeg -T replay_basy replay_verset 22152 0m 46KK 339 suser_sel_LKM -T replay_vert replay_ardedmag 22144 0m 460K 40s radedmag -T replay_rade replay_ser_sel_LKM 22166 0m 324K 339 saprods sausers 22160 0m 324K 338 supersebit supersebit 22170 0m 300K 38s supersebit supersebit 22170 0m 300K 38s supersebit supersebit 22170 0m 300K 38s supersebit supersebit 22170 0m 304K 38s supersebit supersebit 22170 0m 304K 38s supersebit supersebit 22170 0m 304K 38s supersebit supersebit 22170 0m 3</pre>						
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<pre>ntda_ilg 22092 0m 328K 42s ntda_if</pre>						
<pre>ntda fp 22094 0m 300k 42s ntda fp owr_server 22096 0m 136K 42s pod -v -1 5000 pcipdalg 22100 0m 312k 42s pcipdalg prcpadju 22102 0m 436K 42s pcropdiu prcpadju 22102 0m 436K 42s prcpadju prcprad 22106 0m 912K 41s prcprac prcpuspt 22108 0m 448K 41s prcpuspt prfbmap 22110 0m 308K 41s prfbmap prfbmap 22110 0m 308K 41s prfbmap prfselect 22112 0m 312K 41s ps_routine -v 3 ps_routine 22116 0m 412K 41s ps_routine -v 3 -1500 qia 22118 0m 224K 41s qsa ps_routine 22120 0m 426K 41s qsa recclarg 22122 0m 460K 41s recclarg recclarg 22128 0m 308K 40s recclarg recclarg 22128 0m 308K 40s recclarg recclarg 22128 0m 308K 40s basspect -T replay_bass replay_basrfict 22130 0m 304K 40s basspect -T replay_bass replay_basvlety 22140 0m 476K 40s cmprfcg -T replay_bass replay_basslety 22140 0m 476K 40s radcdmsg -T replay_bass replay_basslety 22140 0m 476K 40s radcdmsg -T replay_mapsf replay_radcdmsg 22140 0m 476K 40s radcdmsg -T replay_mapsf replay_radcdmsg 22140 0m 324K 40s basspect -T replay_mapsf replay_srmmv 22166 0m 324K 39s user_sel_LRM -T replay_radc replay_srmmv 22166 0m 324K 39s sausers segmtalg 22160 0m 324K 38s strumrv -T srmerv status_prod 22170 0m 300K 38s strumprd -T sr_elev_pr srmmrv 22168 0m 324K 38s strumprd strucprod 22170 0m 300K 38s status_prod strucprod 22170 0m 304K 38s strumprd strucprod 22170 0m 304K 38s strumprd strucprod 22170 0m 304K 38s status_prod strumprd 22172 0m 400K 38s strumprd strucprod 22174 0m 400K 38s strumprd strumprd 22176 0m 324K 37s typrd update_alg_data 22186 0m 337K 37s typrd u</pre>	-					_
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<pre>prcpuspt 22108 0m 448K 41s prcpuspt prfselect 22112 0m 308K 41s prfselect ps_onetime 22114 0m 220K 41s ps_onetime -v 3 ps_routine 22116 0m 412K 41s ps_routime -v 3 -1500 qia 2218 0m 284K 41s qia qperate 22120 0m 2252K 41s qperate radcdmsg 22122 0m 460K 41s radcdmsg - Tradcdmsg recclalg 22124 0m 300K 40s recclprods recomb 22128 0m 308K 40s recclprods recomb 22128 0m 304K 40s basrflct -T replay_basr replay_basrlct 22130 0m 304K 40s basrflct -T replay_basr replay_basrlct 22130 0m 304K 40s basrlct -T replay_basr replay_basrlct 22130 0m 304K 40s basrlct -T replay_basr replay_basrpect 22132 0m 304K 40s basrlct -T replay_basr replay_basrpect 22132 0m 304K 40s basrlct -T replay_basr replay_basrpect 22130 0m 304K 40s basrlct -T replay_basr replay_basrpect 22130 0m 304K 40s basrlct -T replay_basr replay_basrpect 22130 0m 304K 40s boref&bit -T replay_basr replay_bref&bit 22136 0m 308K 40s bref&bit -T replay_bref replay_merfcg 22140 0m 476K 40s cmprfcg -T replay_cmprf replay_merfcg 22140 0m 476K 40s cmprfcg -T replay_svel replay_radcdmsg 22144 0m 466K 40s radcdmsg -T replay_sradc replay_srmrv 22146 0m 312K 39s sumrrv -T replay_srmr replay_user_sel_LRM 22148 0m 1924K 39s user_sel_LRM -T replay_srm replay_vertxsct 22152 0m 448K 39s vad -T replay_srm replay_vertxsct 22152 0m 468K 39s vad -T replay_srm saaprods 22156 0m 328K 39s saaprods saausers 22160 0m 324K 39s saausers segmtalg 22162 0m 436K 39s segmtalg snowaccum 22166 0m 324K 38s sinuerrod -T sr_elev_pr srmrrv 22168 0m 324K 38s sinuerrod -T sr_elev_pr srmrrv 22168 0m 324K 38s sinuerrod stmtrprd 22170 0m 400K 38s status_prod status_prod 22170 0m 300K 38s status_prod status_prod 22176 0m 304K 38s superes&bit superes&bit 22178 0m 306K 38s stucprod status_prod 22174 0m 400K 38s stucprod status_prod 22176 0m 336K 38s tda23d tda23d2t tda23d2t tda2d3d2t 22188 0m 372K 37s trfrcalg tvsprod 22188 0m 372K 37s trsfrcalg update_alg_data 22190 0m 452K 37s tvsprod</pre>	prcpprod	22104	Om	596K	41s	prcpprod
<pre>prfsmap 22110 0m 308K 41s prfsmap prfselect 22112 0m 312K 41s prfselect ps_onetime 22114 0m 220K 41s ps_notime -v 3 ps_routine 22116 0m 412K 41s ps_routine -v 3 -1500 qia 22118 0m 228K 41s qperate radcdmsg 22122 0m 460K 41s radcdmsg -T radcdmsg recclalg 22124 0m 300K 41s recclards recclards 22126 0m 308K 40s recclards recclprods 22126 0m 308K 40s recclards recclards 22128 0m 308K 40s recclards recclards 22128 0m 304K 40s basrflct -T replay_basr replay_basrflct 22130 0m 304K 40s basrflct -T replay_basr replay_basrect 22132 0m 304K 40s basrflct -T replay_basr replay_basrlcty 22134 0m 304K 40s basrflct -T replay_basr replay_bef8bit 22136 0m 304K 40s basrlcty -T replay_basr replay_bef8bit 22138 0m 304K 40s basrlcty -T replay_bref replay_bef8bit 22138 0m 304K 40s basrlcty -T replay_bref replay_cmprfcg 22140 0m 476K 40s cmprfcg -T replay_radc replay_marking 22142 0m 284K 40s dp_dua_accum -T replay_replay_ replay_armnrv 22146 0m 312K 39s smrmrv -T replay_smrm replay_srmrmv 22146 0m 1924K 39s user_sel_LRM -T replay_radc replay_vad 22150 0m 444K 39s vad -T replay_vad replay_vertxsct 22152 0m 466K 39s vertxsct -T replay_vat replay_vertxsct 22158 0m 328K 39s saaprods saausers 22160 0m 324K 39s saavers segmtalg 22162 0m 406K 39s snowaccum sr_elev_prod 22170 0m 300K 38s stutusprod stmtrprd 22176 0m 336K 38s supers&bit superes&bit 22176 0m 336K 38s superob_vel tdald 22180 0m 432K 38s stdald tda2d3dru 22184 0m 432K 38s tda2d3dru tdaruprod 22186 0m 336K 38s tda2d3dru tdaruprod 22186 0m 336K 38s tda2d3dru tdaruprod 22186 0m 336K 38s tda2d3dru tdaruprod 22180 0m 432K 37s trfrcalg tvsprod 22190 0m 452K 37s tvsprod update_alg_data 22192 0m 232K 37s update_alg_data user_sel_LRM 22194 0m 1924K 37s user_sel_LRM -T user_se</pre>	prcprtac	22106	Om	912K	41s	prcprtac
<pre>prfselect 22112 0m 312K 41s prfselect ps_onetime 22114 0m 220K 41s ps_onetime -v 3 ps_routine 22116 0m 412K 41s ps_routine -v 3 -1500 qia 22118 0m 284K 41s qia qperate 22120 0m 2252K 41s qperate radcdmsg 22122 0m 460K 41s radcdmsg -T radcdmsg recclang 22124 0m 300K 41s recclang recclang 22126 0m 300K 41s recclang recclprods 22126 0m 304K 40s recclprods recomb 22128 0m 288K 40s recomb -T recomb -1 100 replay_basrlct 22130 0m 304K 40s basrlct -T replay_basr replay_basspect 22132 0m 304K 40s basrlct -T replay_bass replay_basrlcty 22134 0m 304K 40s basrlct -T replay_bass replay_bestbit 22136 0m 304K 40s bosrlcty -T replay_basy replay_bref8bit 22136 0m 304K 40s boref8bit -T replay_bref replay_bref8bit 22138 0m 304K 40s boref8bit -T replay_bref replay_cmprfcg 22140 0m 476K 40s cmprfcg -T replay_cmprf replay_radcdmsg 22144 0m 460K 40s radcdmsg -T replay_radc replay_srmrw 22146 0m 312K 39s srmrw -T replay_srmr replay_user_sel_LRM 22148 0m 1924K 39s user_sel_LRM -T replay_srmr replay_vertxsct 22152 0m 466K 39s regdom -v saaprods 22158 0m 328K 39s saaprods saausers 22160 0m 324K 39s saaprods saausers 22160 0m 324K 39s saausers segmtalg 22162 0m 436K 39s snowaccum sr_elev_prod 22166 0m 280K 38s elev_prod -T sr_elev_pr srmrv 22168 0m 324K 39s saausers segmtalg 22162 0m 436K 39s snowaccum sr_elev_prod 22170 0m 300K 38s status_prod stntrprd 22170 0m 300K 38s status_prod stntrprd 22170 0m 304K 38s stntrprd studered 22174 0m 400K 38s strucprod stntrprd 22174 0m 400K 38s strucprod stntrprd 22174 0m 400K 38s strucprod stntrprd 22174 0m 400K 38s strucprod superes8bit 22176 0m 304K 38s status_prod stntrprd 22178 0m 304K 38s status_prod stntrprd 22178 0m 304K 38s status_prod stntrprd 22178 0m 304K 38s status_prod stntrprd 22186 0m 432K 37s trgraalg tda2d3dru 22186 0m 432K 37s trgraalg update_alg_data 22190 0m 452K 37s trgraalg tvsprod 22190 0m 452K 37s trgraalg_data user_sel_LRM 22194 0m 1924K 37s user_sel_LRM -T user_se</pre>	prcpuspt	22108	Om	448K	41s	prcpuspt
<pre>prfselect 22112 0m 312K 41s prfselect ps_onetime 22114 0m 220K 41s ps_onetime -v 3 ps_routine 22116 0m 412K 41s ps_routine -v 3 -1500 qia 22118 0m 284K 41s qia qperate 22120 0m 2252K 41s qperate radcdmsg 22122 0m 460K 41s radcdmsg -T radcdmsg recclang 22124 0m 300K 41s recclang recclang 22126 0m 300K 41s recclang recclprods 22126 0m 304K 40s recclprods recomb 22128 0m 288K 40s recomb -T recomb -1 100 replay_basrlct 22130 0m 304K 40s basrlct -T replay_basr replay_basspect 22132 0m 304K 40s basrlct -T replay_bass replay_basrlcty 22134 0m 304K 40s basrlct -T replay_bass replay_bestbit 22136 0m 304K 40s bosrlcty -T replay_basy replay_bref8bit 22136 0m 304K 40s boref8bit -T replay_bref replay_bref8bit 22138 0m 304K 40s boref8bit -T replay_bref replay_cmprfcg 22140 0m 476K 40s cmprfcg -T replay_cmprf replay_radcdmsg 22144 0m 460K 40s radcdmsg -T replay_radc replay_srmrw 22146 0m 312K 39s srmrw -T replay_srmr replay_user_sel_LRM 22148 0m 1924K 39s user_sel_LRM -T replay_srmr replay_vertxsct 22152 0m 466K 39s regdom -v saaprods 22158 0m 328K 39s saaprods saausers 22160 0m 324K 39s saaprods saausers 22160 0m 324K 39s saausers segmtalg 22162 0m 436K 39s snowaccum sr_elev_prod 22166 0m 280K 38s elev_prod -T sr_elev_pr srmrv 22168 0m 324K 39s saausers segmtalg 22162 0m 436K 39s snowaccum sr_elev_prod 22170 0m 300K 38s status_prod stntrprd 22170 0m 300K 38s status_prod stntrprd 22170 0m 304K 38s stntrprd studered 22174 0m 400K 38s strucprod stntrprd 22174 0m 400K 38s strucprod stntrprd 22174 0m 400K 38s strucprod stntrprd 22174 0m 400K 38s strucprod superes8bit 22176 0m 304K 38s status_prod stntrprd 22178 0m 304K 38s status_prod stntrprd 22178 0m 304K 38s status_prod stntrprd 22178 0m 304K 38s status_prod stntrprd 22186 0m 432K 37s trgraalg tda2d3dru 22186 0m 432K 37s trgraalg update_alg_data 22190 0m 452K 37s trgraalg tvsprod 22190 0m 452K 37s trgraalg_data user_sel_LRM 22194 0m 1924K 37s user_sel_LRM -T user_se</pre>		22110	Om	308K		
<pre>ps_onetime 22114 0m 220K 41s ps_onetime -v 3 ps_routine 22116 0m 412K 41s ps_routine -v 3 -1500</pre>		22112	Om	312K		
<pre>ps_routine 22116</pre>	—					
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<pre>replay_dp_dua_accum 22142 0m 284K 40s dp_dua_accum -T replay_ replay_radcdmsg 22144 0m 460K 40s radcdmsg -T replay_radc replay_srmrmrv 22146 0m 312K 39s srmrmrv -T replay_srmrm replay_user_sel_LRM 22148 0m 1924K 39s user_sel_LRM -T replay_srmrm replay_vertxsct 22150 0m 444K 39s vad -T replay_vad replay_vertxsct 22152 0m 468K 39s vertxsct -T replay_vert saaprods 22156 0m 360K 39s rpgdbm -v saaprods 22158 0m 328K 39s saaprods saausers 22160 0m 324K 39s saausers segmtalg 22162 0m 436K 39s segmtalg snowaccum 22166 0m 280K 38s elev_prod -T sr_elev_pr srmrmv 22166 0m 300K 38s status_prod status_prod 22170 0m 300K 38s status_prod stmtrprd 22172 0m 400K 38s strucprod stmtrprd 22176 0m 304K 38s superes8bit superes8bit 22178 0m 304K 38s superes8bit superes8bit 22178 0m 304K 38s status_prod stmtrprd 22170 0m 304K 38s status_prod stmtrprd 22172 0m 400K 38s status_prod stmtrprd 22178 0m 304K 38s status_prod stmtrprd 22178 0m 304K 38s status_prod strucprod 22178 0m 304K 38s status_prod strucprod 22178 0m 304K 38s status_prod superes8bit 22176 0m 304K 38s status_prod strucprod 22188 0m 332K 38s tda1d tda2d3d 22182 0m 416K 38s tda2d3d tda2d3dru 22184 0m 416K 38s tda2d3d tda2d3dru 22184 0m 416K 38s tda2d3d tfa2d3dru 22186 0m 336K 38s tda2d3d tfa2d3dru 22180 0m 432K 37s trfrcalg trsprod 22190 0m 452K 37s tvsprod update_alg_data 22192 0m 232K 37s update_alg_data user_sel_LRM 22194 0m 1924K 37s user_sel_LRM -T user_se</pre>	replay cmprfcg	22140	Om	476K	40s	cmprfcg -T replay cmprf.
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replay_srmrnv 22146 Om 312K 39s srmrnv -T replay_srmrm replay_user_sel_LRM 22148 Om 1924K 39s user_sel_LRM -T replay_ replay_vad 22150 Om 444K 39s vad -T replay_vad replay_vertxsct 22152 Om 468K 39s vertxsct -T replay_vert rpgdbm 22156 Om 360K 39s saaprods saaprods 22158 Om 328K 39s saaprods saausers 22160 Om 328K 39s saaprods snowaccum 22164 Om 636K 39s snowaccum sr_elev_prod 22166 Om 280K 38s stegmtalg stntuprod 22170 Om 300K 38s stmtrprd status_prod 22174 <		22144	Om			
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<pre>snowaccum 22164 0m 636K 39s snowaccum sr_elev_prod 22166 0m 280K 38s elev_prod -T sr_elev_pr srmrmv 22168 0m 324K 38s srmrmrv -T srmrmrv status_prod 22170 0m 300K 38s status_prod stmtrprd 22172 0m 400K 38s stmtrprd strucprod 22174 0m 400K 38s strucprod superes8bit 22176 0m 304K 38s superes8bit superob_vel 22178 0m 300K 38s superob_vel tdald 22180 0m 432K 38s tdald tda2d3d 22182 0m 416K 38s tda2d3d tda2d3dru 22184 0m 416K 38s tda2d3dru tdaruprod 22186 0m 336K 38s tdaruprod trfrcalg 22188 0m 372K 37s trfrcalg tvsprod 22190 0m 452K 37s tvsprod update_alg_data 22192 0m 232K 37s update_alg_data user_sel_LRM 22194 0m 1924K 37s user_sel_LRM -T user_se</pre>						
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srmrmv 22168 Om 324K 38s srmrmv -T srmrmv status_prod 22170 Om 300K 38s status_prod stmtrprd 22172 Om 400K 38s stmtrprd strucprod 22174 Om 400K 38s strucprod superes8bit 22176 Om 304K 38s superes8bit superob_vel 22178 Om 300K 38s superob_vel tda1d 22180 Om 432K 38s tda1d tda2d3d 22182 Om 416K 38s tda2d3d tda2d3dru 22184 Om 416K 38s tda2d3dru tdaruprod 22186 Om 336K 38s tda2d3dru tdaruprod 22186 Om 372K 37s trfrcalg tvsprod 22190 Om 452K 37s tvsprod update_alg_data 22192 Om 232K 37s update_alg_data user_sel_LRM 22194 Om 1924K 37s user_sel_LRM -T user_se						
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stmirprd 22172 Om 400K 38s stmirprd strucprod 22174 Om 400K 38s stmirprd superes8bit 22176 Om 304K 38s superes8bit superob_vel 22178 Om 300K 38s superob_vel superob_vel 22178 Om 300K 38s superob_vel tda1d 22180 Om 432K 38s tda1d tda2d3d 22182 Om 416K 38s tda2d3d tda2d3dru 22184 Om 416K 38s tda2d3dru tdaruprod 22186 Om 336K 38s tdaruprod tfrcalg 22188 Om 37s trfrcalg update_alg_data 22190 Om 452K 37s trsprod update_alg_data 22192 Om 232K 37s update_alg_data user_sel_LRM 22194 Om 1924K 37s user_sel_LRM -T user_sel_LRM -T						
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tda2d3dru 22184 Om 416K 38s tda2d3dru tdaruprod 22186 Om 336K 38s tdaruprod trfrcalg 22188 Om 372K 37s trfrcalg tvsprod 22190 Om 452K 37s tvsprod update_alg_data 22192 Om 232K 37s update_alg_data user_sel_LRM 22194 Om 1924K 37s user_sel_LRM -T user_se	tdald	22180	Om	432K	38s	tdald
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user_sel_LRM 22194 Om 1924K 37s user_sel_LRM -T user_se						
Vau 22190 UM 440K 3/S Vad -T Vad						
	vad	22190	UIII	440K	3/8	vau -i vau

Vol 1 Appendix I. Outputs of rpg_ps

veldeal	22198	Om	380K	37s	veldeal -I
vertxsct	22200	Om	460K	37s	vertxsct -T vertxsct
viletalg	22202	Om	424K	37s	viletalg
vilprod	22204	Om	444K	37s	vilprod
vwindpro	22206	Om	340K	37s	vwindpro
wideband_agent	22208	Om	404K	37s	wideband_agent
RPG: Operating state	- Active	- In	Operati	onal	Mode
<pre>code23_0r1_9:/home/co</pre>	de23_0r1	_9: 3	30>		

Appendix J. Software Removed for the Public Edition

Differences between the U.S. Government and Public Editions of CODE

The significant difference between the U.S. Government Edition and the Public Edition of CODE is the removal of certain proprietary software components in the Public release. The source code archive provided with the Public Edition has been modified to eliminate this software and the filename changed to include the term "pub" for public (e.g., rpg_b##_#r#_##_pub_src.tgz) in order to identify the correct archive.

Currently, this material consists of six operational tasks producing both intermediate and final products. A summary of the software removed is contained in the following table.

Operational Processes Removed from the Public Edition								
Source Code Directory	Executable Task Name	Product Name	ID	Product Description	Source			
cpc010 /tsk001	nexradMigfa	MIGFA	140	GFM Gust Front MIGFA	MIT/LL			
cpc010/tsk002	nexradAmda	MBA	196	MicroBurst Detection	MIT/LL			
cpc022/tsk003	data_qual	DQA	297	Edited Reflectivity Data	MIT/LL			
cpc022/tsk004	hiresvil	HRVIL	134	High Resolution Digital VIL	MIT/LL			
cpc022/tsk005	hireseet	HREET	135	Enhanced Echo Tops	MIT/LL			
cpc022/tsk007	icing_hazard	IHL	178	Icing Hazard Level	MIT/LL			
cpc022/tsk008	hail_hazard	HHL	179	Hail Hazard Level	MIT/LL			
cpc022/tsk009	dqa_qual_sr	SQA	355	Super-res DQA Editor	MIT/LL			
cpc022/tsk010	dqa_elev_sr			Super-res DQA Elevation Product	MIT/LL			
cpc022/tsk011	chf_det			Chaff Detection	MIT/LL			
cpc022/tsk012	chf_vol			Chaff Detection Volume Processor	MIT\LL			
cpc022/tsk013	zdrbb			ZDR Brightband	MIT\LL			
cpc022/tsk014	zdrbbv			ZDR Brighband Volume Processor	MIT/LL			
cpc022/tsk015	<pre>srqcaphist_v ol</pre>			SRQ CAPPI History	MIT/LL			
cpc023/tsk004	aca	AC	1965	Aviation Classification Algorithm	MIT/LL			