

P7 Albany Forecast Area Significant Hail Climatology and Case Studies

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8-9 June 2011 Case

Case Review

SPC Storm Reports for 06/08/1

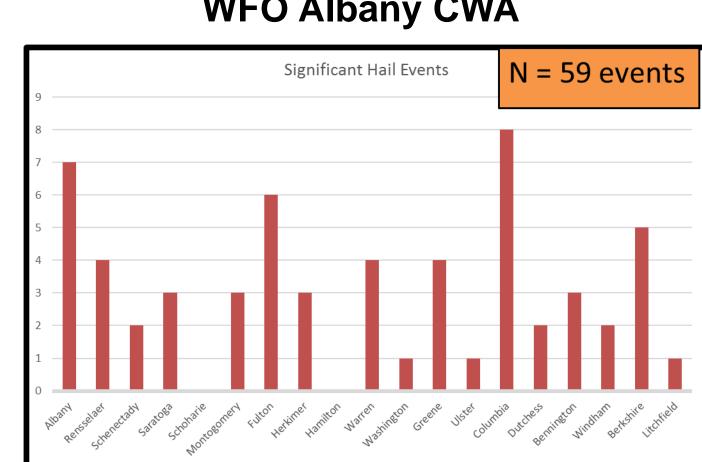
1200 UTC 8 June 2011

500 hPa Heights (dam),

Isotachs (kts), &Temps (°C)

ALY County Warning Area Significant Hail Climatology 1950 - March 2018

Reports vs. Counties in **WFO Albany CWA**



1950 to March 2018 WFO ALY

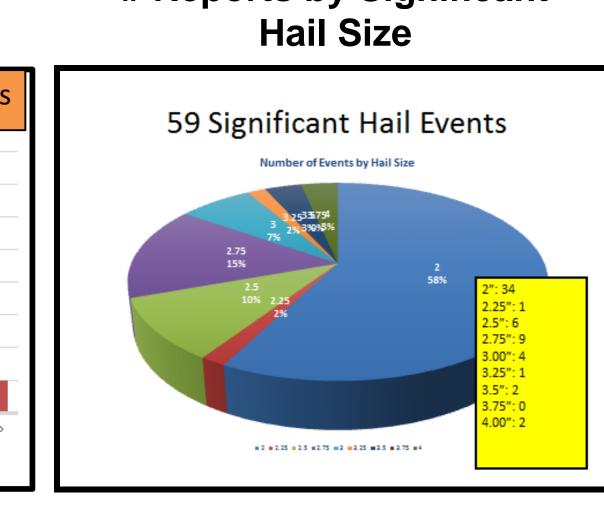
Significant Hail Climatology by Month

N = 59 events

Sounding Wet Bulb Zero Heights

with Significant Hail Events

Reports by Significant Hail Size



WFO ALY Significant Hail

by the Decade (n=59)

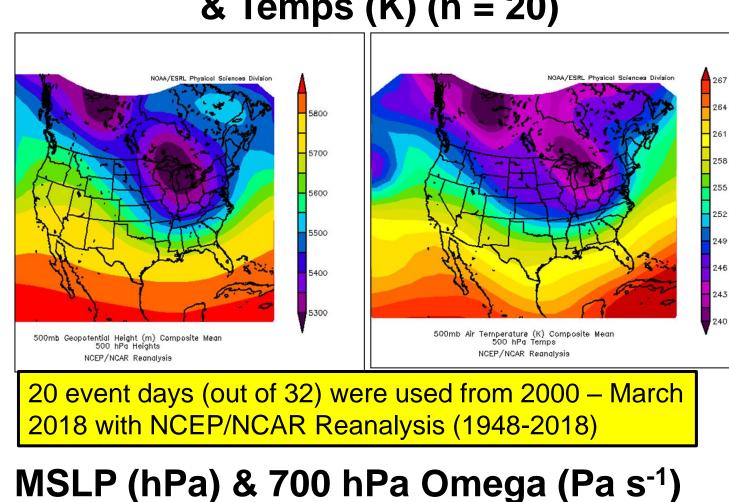
NUMBER OF EVENTS

Increased # of weather spotters, social media,

Rates Significant Hail Events

500 hPa Composite Mean Heights (m) & Temps (K) (n = 20)

Composites



Composite Means (n=20)

250 hPa Zonal (u) and Meridional (v)

Composite Mean Winds (m s⁻¹) (n=20)

20 event days (out of 32) were used from 2000 - March

Mesoscale &

Sounding Analysis

2018 with NCEP/NCAR Reanalysis (1948-2018)

Presence of 500 hPa closed low upstream

(kts) and Divergence

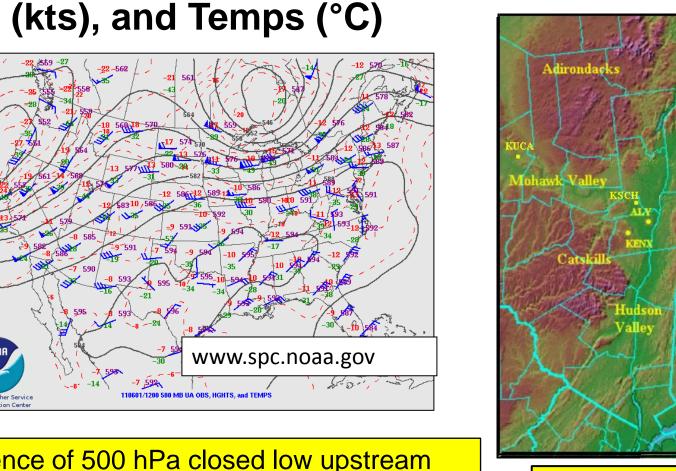
1500 UTC Surface Map

Developing prefrontal surface trough

Synoptic Overview

1200 UTC 1 June 2011

500 hPa Heights (dam), Isotachs



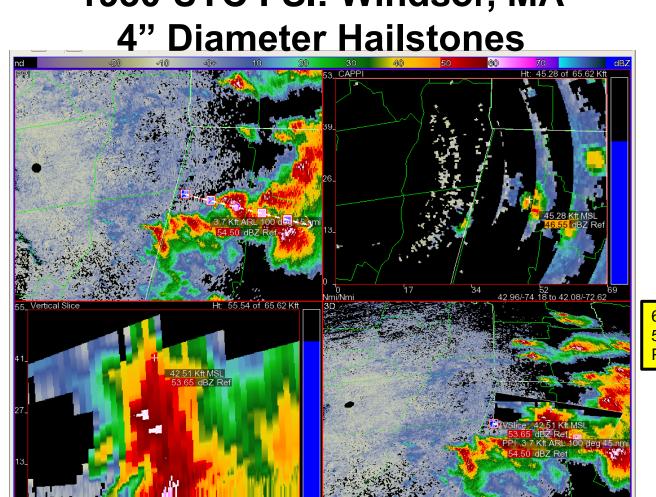
1 June 2011 Case

Storm-Scale Analysis

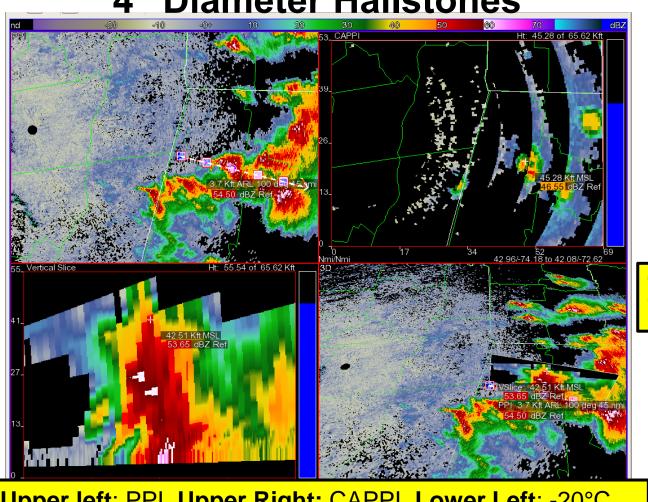
Albany Forecast Area

300 hPa Streamlines, Isotachs 1858 UTC FSI: Shaftsbury, VT 2.75-3.25" Diameter Hailstones

00 UTC 9 June 2011 **KALY Sounding**



1930 UTC FSI: Windsor, MA



Upper left: PPI, Upper Right: CAPPI, Lower Left: -20°C neight: 22.8 kft AGL (50 dBZ to 45 kft AGL, 55 dBZ to 42 kft AGL, 60 dBZ to 28 kft AGL, Lower Right: 3-D Flier

0435 UTC 9 June 2011 KENX Base REF (dB2

Outchess Co. shortly before midnight. Summary

Significant hail events are on the increase in the Albany forecast area with 30 out of 59 events (51%) occurring this decade (68% occur in May and June)

Moderate to abundant instability and deep shear (40 knots or greater) necessary for supercells to support hail monsters, as majority of the cases were in super cells environments. Steep mid-level lapse rates/EML's present in several cases

- Composites of 20 out of 32 hail event days indicated anomalous, cold upper trough over Great Lakes Region into Northeast coupled with strong omega and anomalous 250 hPa meridional (v) jet component near Northeast.
- Intense/extreme updrafts due to thick CAPE allowed 50/55/60/65 dBZ reflectivity cores to reach incredible heights for mammoth hail stones with both cases (11 significant hail events with 2 cases shown)
- Epic 3 events with 125+ large hail reports in forecast area in the first 9 days of June 2011 (13 significant hail events), as WFO ALY thrived issuing 67 warnings, verifying 55 (POD: 0.96, FAR: 0.18, CSI: 0.80, and Average Lead Time: 31.7 minutes)
- Expansion of significant hail study to include all of NY and New England planned

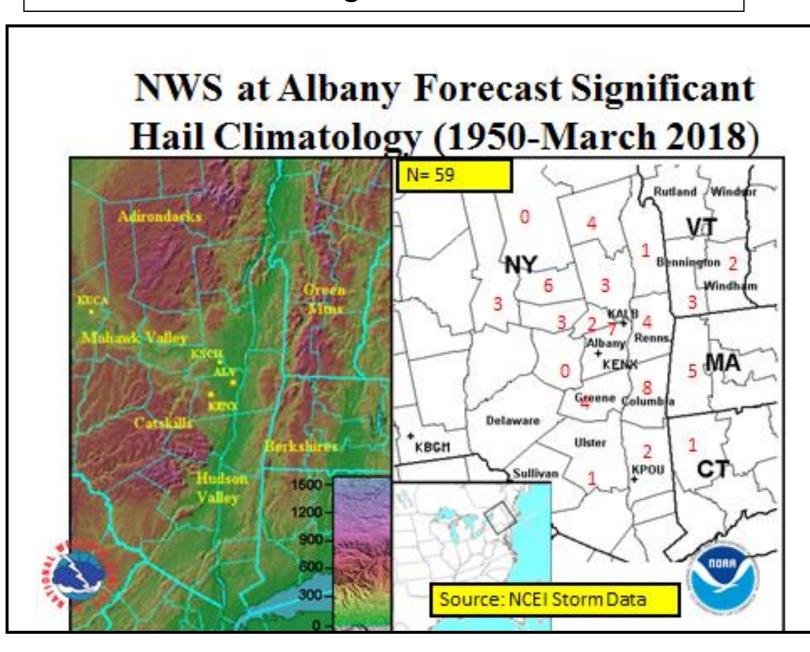
Motivation

- Five "historical" or significant hail events have occurred in the ALY forecast area since 2011 (poster will briefly review 2 of them)
- CSTAR VI with SUNY Albany Goals (2016 – Present)
- (1) To examine a variety of severe weather topics including: "an expansion of the ALY 1" hail study, tornado climatology and Vr-shear study, role of complex terrain, and the used of dual polarization data in severe weather operations."
- (2) Key Question: What caused the anomalously "large" hail stones?

CSTAR Grant #: NA16NWS4680005

Background and Definition

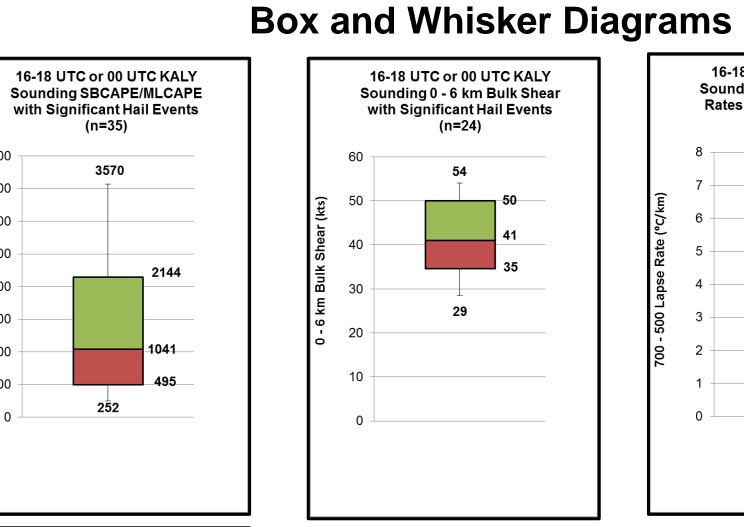
- NCEP SPC significant severe thunderstorm definition:
- ✓ Wind gusts (measured or estimate) ≥ 65 knots (74.8 mph) OR
- Hail ≥ 2 inches (5.0 cm) in diameter
- EF2 tornado or greater

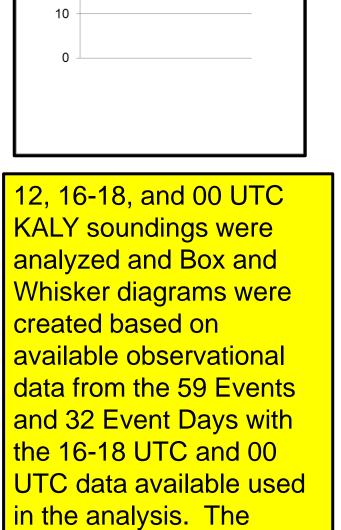




East Windsor, MA: 4" hail stones in the Berkshires this was the same day as the Springfield, MA EF3 Tornado (Photo: J.B. Budaj)

advanced technology and more "exciting cases" are some reasons for the dramatic increase **Observational KALY Sounding Analysis**





nstability shows a lot

environments favored

supercells based on the

variability, but most

0-6 km Bulk Shear.

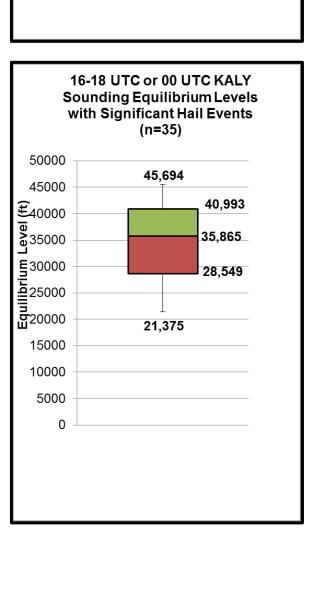
29 May 2012

This hail report tied the 2nd greatest in NY.

A 3.5" hail stone was recorded in Bolton,

Warren Co. 6/19/68. The record max hail

stone is 4" in Niagara Falls 27 Sep 1998.

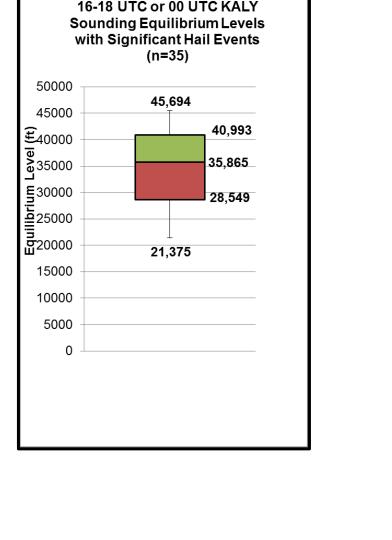


22 May 2014

22 May 2014: 4" hailstones in Amsterdam,

NY in Montgomery County. These

hailstones tied the NY record.



1200 UTC 1 June 2011 ALY Sounding **YSPLIT** backwards trajectory had Elevated Mixed Layer (EML) originating in northern Mexico/El Paso, TX 5 days earlier

1200 UTC 1 June 2011 RUC/RAP 700-500 hPa Lapse Rates (°C/km)

1600 UTC 1 June 2011 ALY Sounding **1800 UTC Surface Map**

3-6km Agl Lapse Rate = 7.0 C/km 850-500mb Lapse Rate = 7.0 C/km Sig Tor (CIN) = 1.5 Sig Tor (fixed) = 1.

Pre-frontal trough forms near Hudson River Valley increasing low-level convergence and backed surface flow for more low-level shear/helicity for

1 June 2011: Hail Monster Event