

Drought Information Statement for the Missouri Ozarks Valid November 7, 2024

Issued By: WFO Springfield, MO Contact Information: contact.sgf@noaa.gov

This product will be updated December 5, 2024 or sooner if drought conditions change significantly.

- Please see all currently available products at <u>https://drought.gov/drought-information-statements</u>.
- Please visit <u>https://www.weather.gov/sgf/SGFDroughtMonitor</u> for additional information.







U.S. Drought Monitor

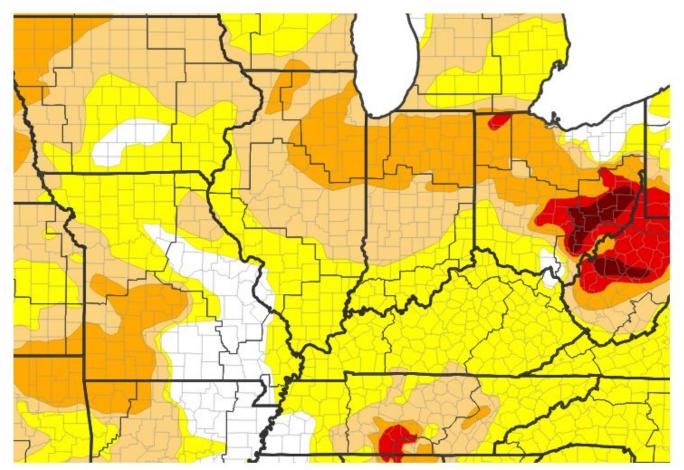
Link to the Latest U.S. Drought Monitor for Lower Midwest

• Drought Generally Decreases across the Ozarks Region.

• Drought Intensity and Extent

- <u>D2 (Severe Drought):</u> Portions of McDonald, Newton, Jasper, Barton, Barry, Stone, Taney, Christian, Douglas, Webster, Greene, Dade, Morgan, Miller, Maries, Camden, Pulaski, Laclede, Dallas, St. Clair, Benton, Polk, Hickory, and Cedar counties in Missouri, as well as portions of Cherokee, Crawford Counties in Kansas.
- <u>D1 (Moderate Drought)</u>: Portions of previously mentioned D2 areas, in addition to portions of Ozark, Phelps, and Vernon Counties in Missouri and Bourbon County in Kansas.
- <u>D0: (Abnormally Dry)</u>: Portions of some previously mentioned D1 areas, as well as portions of Dent County in Missouri.

U.S. Drought Monitor



U.S. Drought Monitor





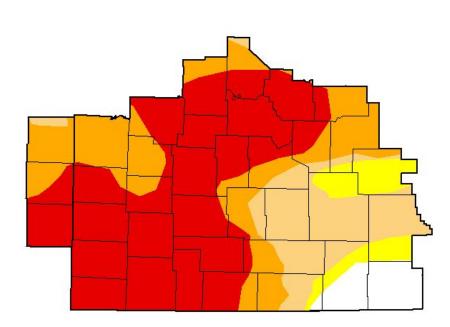
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Drought Monitor - Last Week vs. This Week

Link to the Latest U.S. Drought Monitor for Lower Midwest

Last Week (Oct 29)

U.S. Drought Monitor Springfield, MO WFO



October 29, 2024

(Released Thursday, Oct. 31, 2024) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area) D0-D4 D1-D4 D2-D4 D3-D4 D4 Vone 5.43 94.57 88.49 72.34 49.43 0.00 Current Last Week 94.48 84.81 55.43 18.47 5.52 0.00 10-22-2024 3 Months Ago 78.56 0.00 0.00 0.00 21.44 0.00 07-30-2024 Start of Calendar Year 14.22 85.78 71.72 39.81 0.55 0.00 Start of 79.02 51.60 25.72 0.00 20.98 0.00 Water Year 10-01-2024 One Year Ago 39.96 60.04 39.07 20.13 2.85 0.00 10-31-2023



D2 Severe Drought D3 Extreme Drought D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

Author:

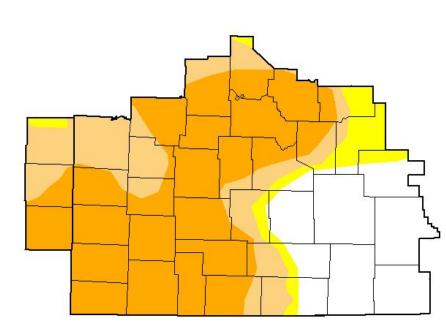
Brian Fuchs

National Drought Mitigation Center





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Latest (Nov 5)

November 5, 2024

(Released Thursday, Nov. 7, 2024) Valid 7 a.m. EST

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4	
Current	24.32	75.68	68.82	49.47	0.00	0.00	
Last Week 10-29-2024	5.43	94.57	88.49	72.34	49.43	0.00	
3 Month s Ago 08-06-2024	59.72	40.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	14.22	85.78	71.72	39.81	0.55	0.00	
Start of Water Year 10-01-2024	20.98	79.02	51.60	25.72	0.00	0.00	
One Year Ago 11-07-2023	39.80	60.20	38.96	20.13	0.70	0.00	

Intensity:

- None
- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought

D2 Severe Drought D3 Extreme Drought

D4 Exceptional Droug

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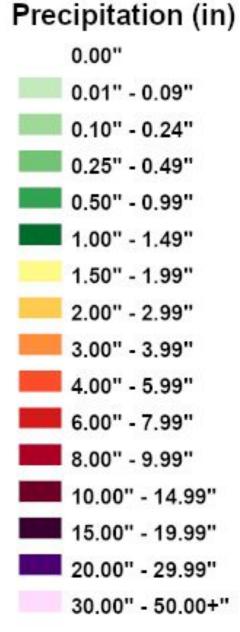
<u>Author:</u> Brian Fuchs National Drought Mitigation Center

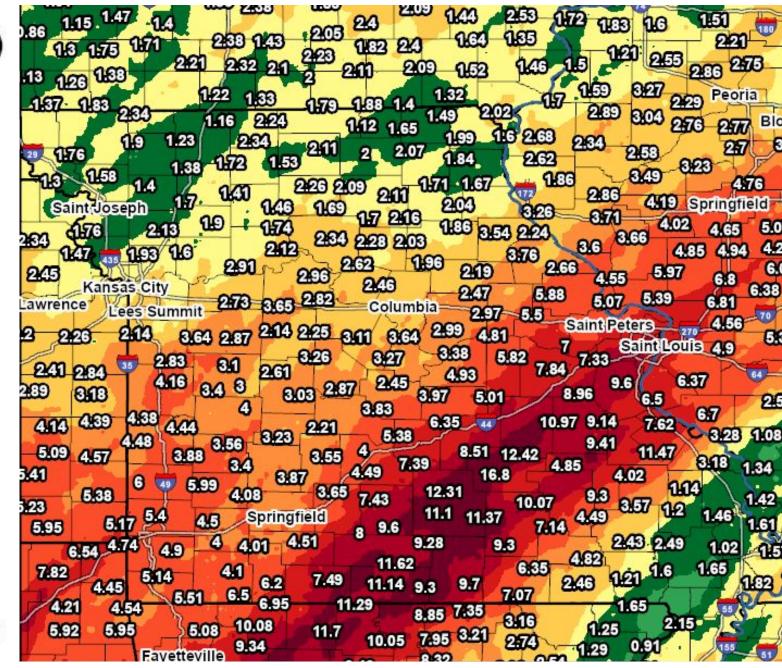


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Observed Precipitation in Last 7 Days





- weekend.

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Several rounds of heavy rain between November 2 and November 5 brought widespread accumulations of 2-4" of rain, with a large swath of central and south-central Missouri receiving over 11-12" of rain in 48 hours.

Between November 2 and November 7, there was major to record-breaking river flooding on the Gasconade, Big Piney, Jacks Fork, and Current Rivers.

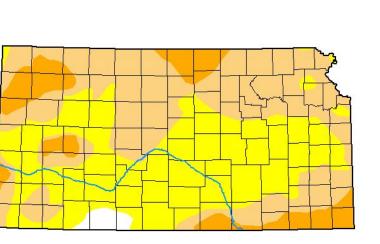
Flooding is generally receded in most of the eastern Ozarks, but lingering elevated river levels could remain into the early



State Drought Monitor

Link to Recent Change Maps

U.S. Drought Monitor Kansas



	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	1.52	98.48	53.69	11.41	0.00	0.00
Last Week 10-29-2024	1.56	98.44	76.84	3 <mark>1.</mark> 96	3.92	0.00
3 Month s Ago 08-06-2024	7.05	92.95	46.64	6.52	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	20.54	<mark>79.4</mark> 6	53.43	19.44	2.88	0.00
Start of Water Year 10-01-2024	7.48	<mark>9</mark> 2.52	50.40	8.34	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 11-07-2023	15.39	84.61	63.39	39.62	7.63	0.00

November 5, 2024

(Released Thursday, Nov. 7, 2024)

Valid 7 a.m. EST





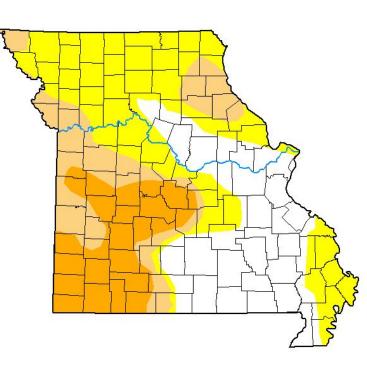
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National Drought Mitigation Center



U.S. Drought Monitor Missouri



Main Takeaways

- D3 Drought has been eliminated in all areas previously under D3 conditions.
- Eastward extent of all drought conditions decreased.
- All rainfall through November 5 was included in the making of this update.



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November 5, 2024

(Released Thursday, Nov. 7, 2024)

Valid 7 a.m. EST

	Drought Conditions (Percent Area)					
	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	30.19	69.81	35.12	17.85	0.00	0.00
Last Week 10-29-2024	5. 19	94.81	74.04	37.72	17.84	0.00
3 Month s Ago 08-06-2024	63.51	36.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	6.73	93.27	71.50	30.45	<mark>1.09</mark>	0.00
Start of Water Year 10-01-2024	39.30	60.70	23.73	7.95	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 11-07-2023	24.98	75.02	51.91	17.75	0.91	0.00

Intensity:

None

D0 Abnormally Dry

D2 Severe Drought D3 Extreme Drought D1 Moderate Drought D4 Exceptional Drought

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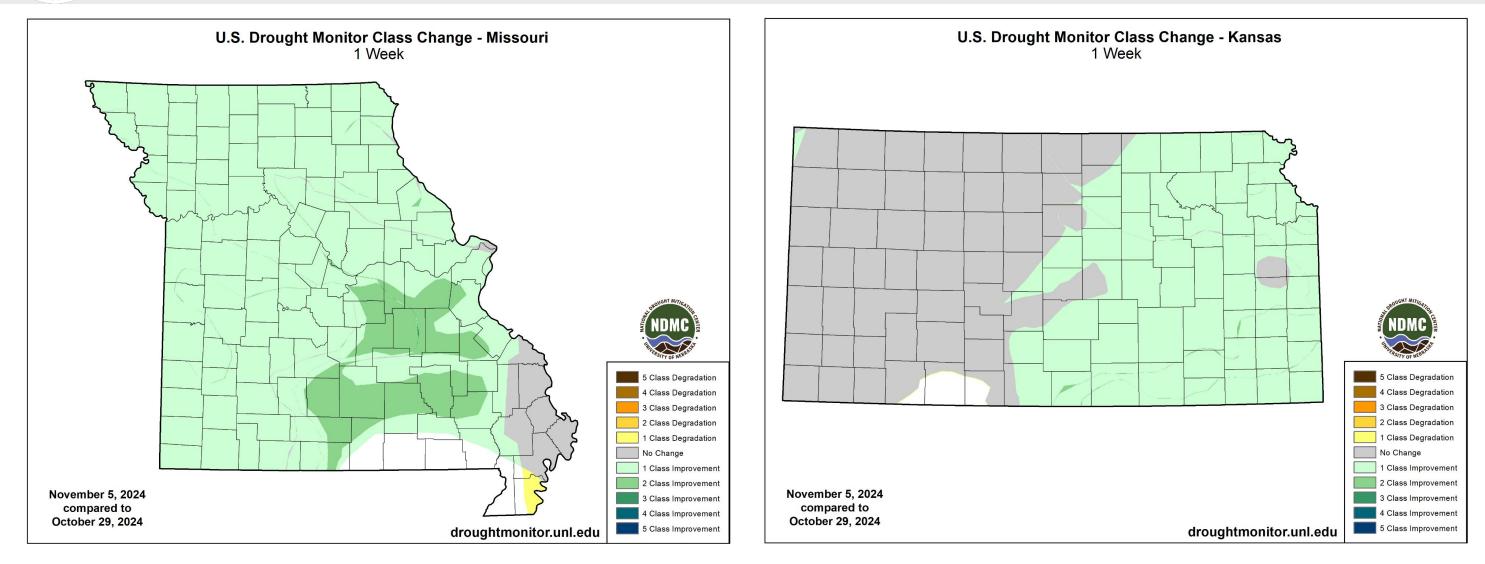




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Recent Change in Drought Intensity

Link to Recent Change Maps



Main Takeaways

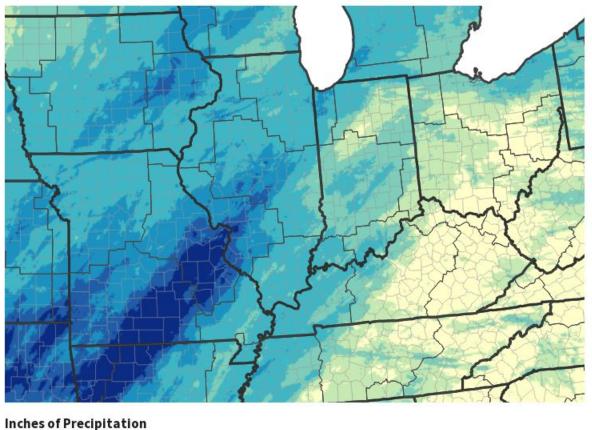
- Drought improved across all of southwest Missouri and much of southeast Kansas.
- Drought even improved by two categories in portions of central and south-central Missouri that received over 10" of rain.



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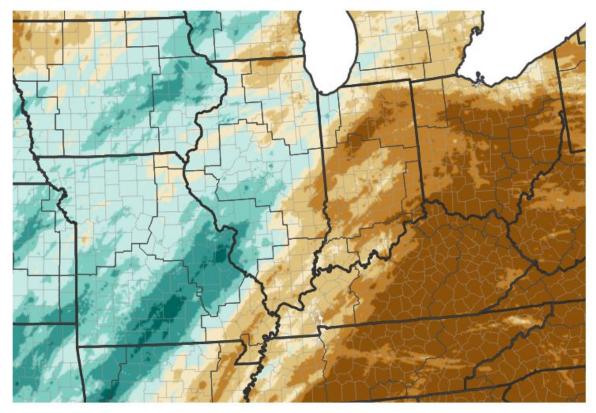


30-Day Precipitation Accumulations (Inches)

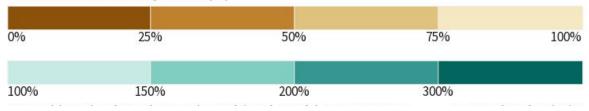


0.01 0.5 6 8

30-Day Percent of Normal Precipitation



Percent of Normal Precipitation (%)



Main Takeaways

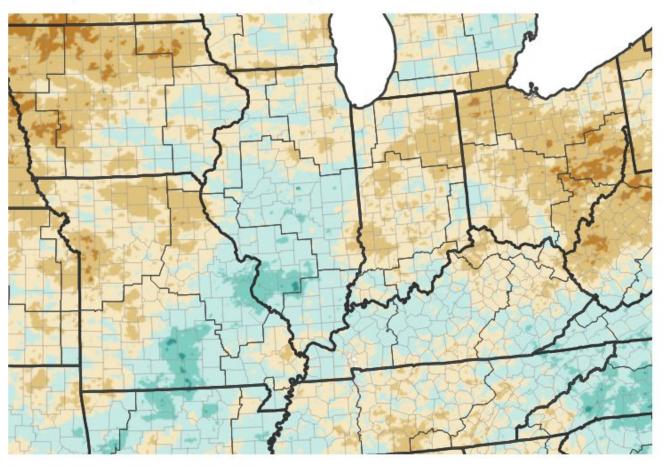
Recent heavy rainfall has significantly decreased 30 day precipitation deficit compared to normal, especially in south-central Missouri.



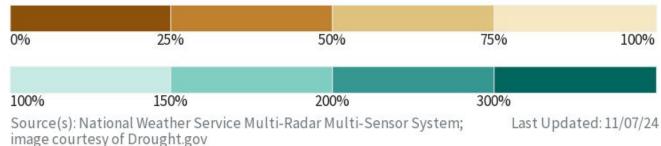
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120-Day Percent of Normal Precipitation



Percent of Normal Precipitation (%)



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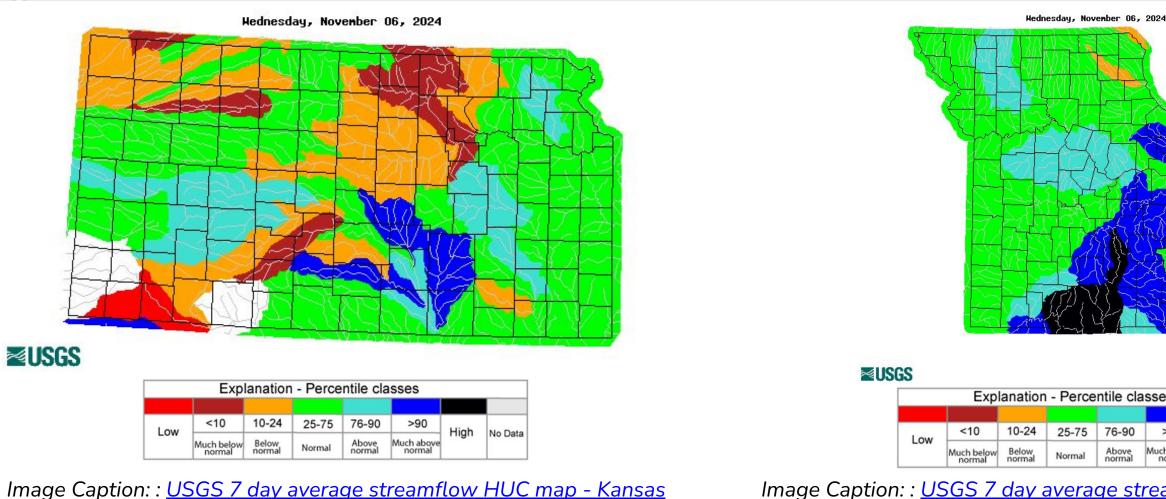
Main Takeaways

- However, the recent heavy rainfall has only made a dent in sub-seasonal precipitation deficits across the region.
- Only the eastern Ozarks in south-central Missouri have seen above normal precipitation over the last four months.
- Areas in worse drought conditions farther west remain near normal to below normal for four-month average precipitation values.

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Hydrologic Conditions and Impacts



Main Takeaways

- Streamflows have returned to normal in southeast Kansas and western Missouri.
- Many south-central and central Missouri basins and tributaries have much above normal or high streamflows in the wake of historic river flooding after the recent heavy precipitation in these areas.



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sses		
>90	High	No Dete
Much above normal	High	No Data

Image Caption: : USGS 7 day average streamflow HUC map - Missouri



Summary of Impacts

Links: See/submit Condition Monitoring Observer Reports (CMOR) and view the Drought Impacts Reporter

Hydrologic Impacts

Significant rainfall deficients were noted over southeast Kansas and across areas along and west of Highway 65 in Missouri. The Marmaton and Spring Rivers as well as most smaller creeks including some east of Highway 65 were in a low water threshold.

Agricultural Impacts

- Fall plantings have been impacted with wilting and bug infestation reported, some estimates show extreme degree of loss to near crop failure.
- Pastures are providing very little to no feed, requiring supplemental feeding in some regions.

Fire Hazard Impacts

- Local Fire Chiefs have reported a significant increase in grass fires and fire starts.
- Some area counties and municipalities have implemented burn bans due to dry conditions.



Mitigation actions

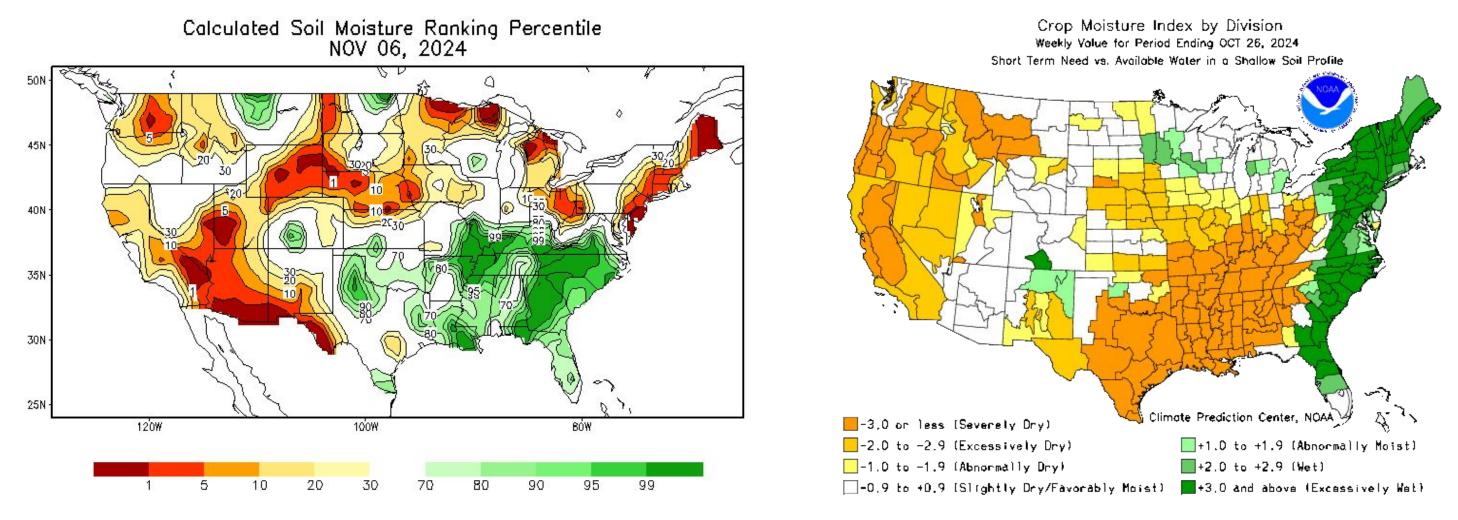
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The Missouri Department of Agriculture has an AgriStress Helpline at 833-897-2474.

The University of Missouri Extension Office has set up a **Psychological Service Clinic to** aid farmers and ranchers.

More information is available at muext.us/PSCFarmRanch.





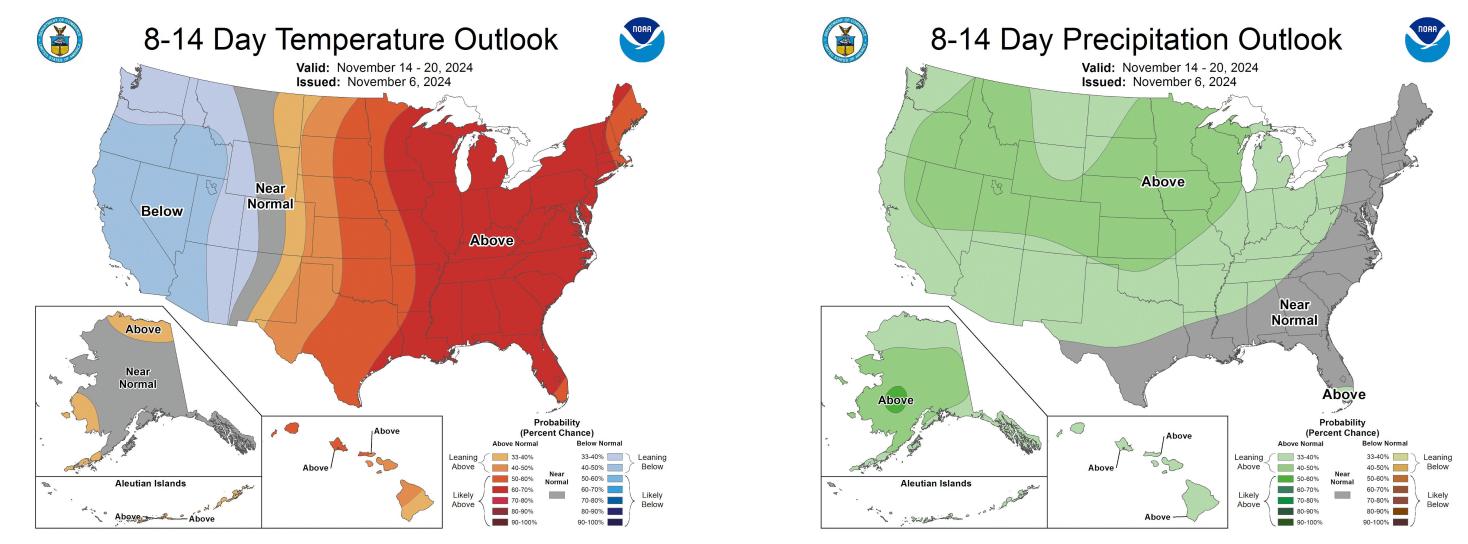
Significant portions of the Missouri Ozarks and and far SE Kansas recorded as many as 31 days without measurable rainfall. For some locations this extended period was in the Top 5 longest stretches of no rainfall on record.



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The Latest Monthly and Seasonal Outlooks can be Found on the CPC homepage



Main Takeaways

- Above-average temperatures look to continue into at least mid-November.
- Precipitation slightly leans toward an above-average outlook into mid-November.

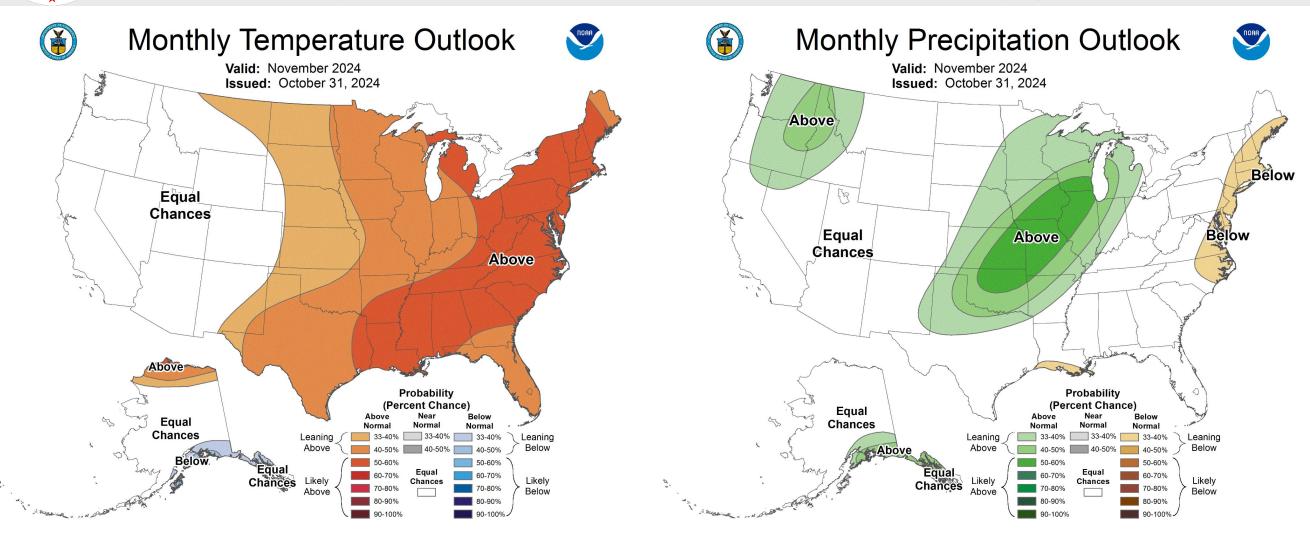


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October Monthly Outlooks

The Latest Monthly and Seasonal Outlooks can be Found on the CPC homepage



Main Takeaways

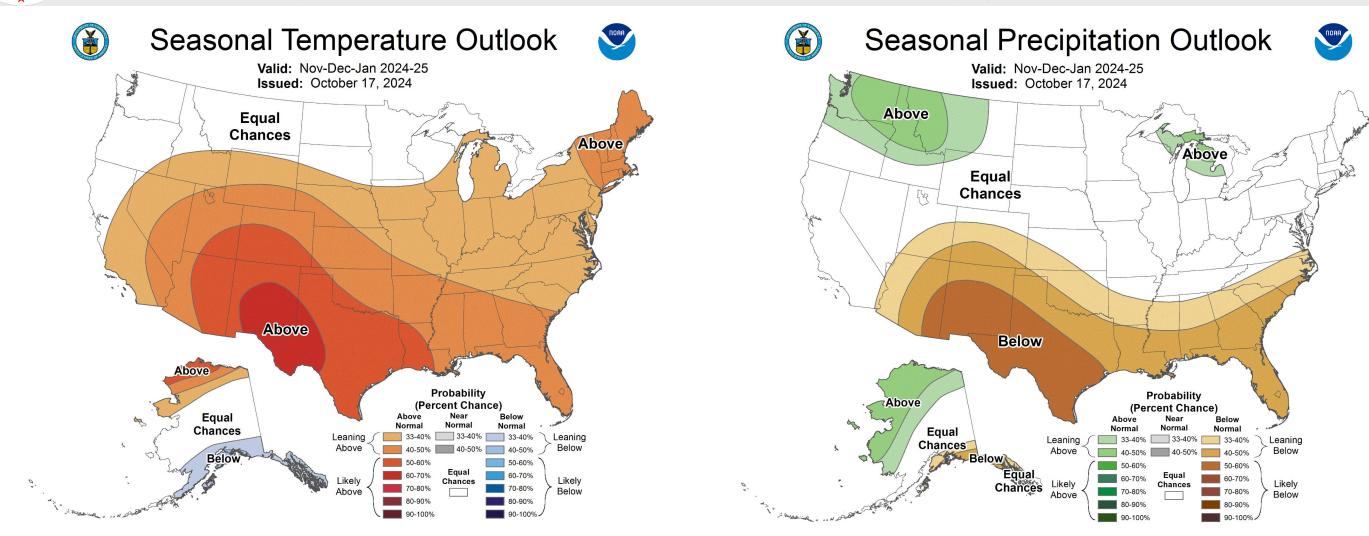
- The temperature pattern is leaning toward above-normal temperatures for November.
- The precipitation outlook favors an above-normal amount of rainfall in November, which is partially due to a strong bias from the recent heavy rainfall event during the first week of November.



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Seasonal Outlooks

The latest monthly and seasonal outlooks can be found on the CPC homepage



Main Takeaways

Outlooks very slightly favor above average temperatures and near average precipitation

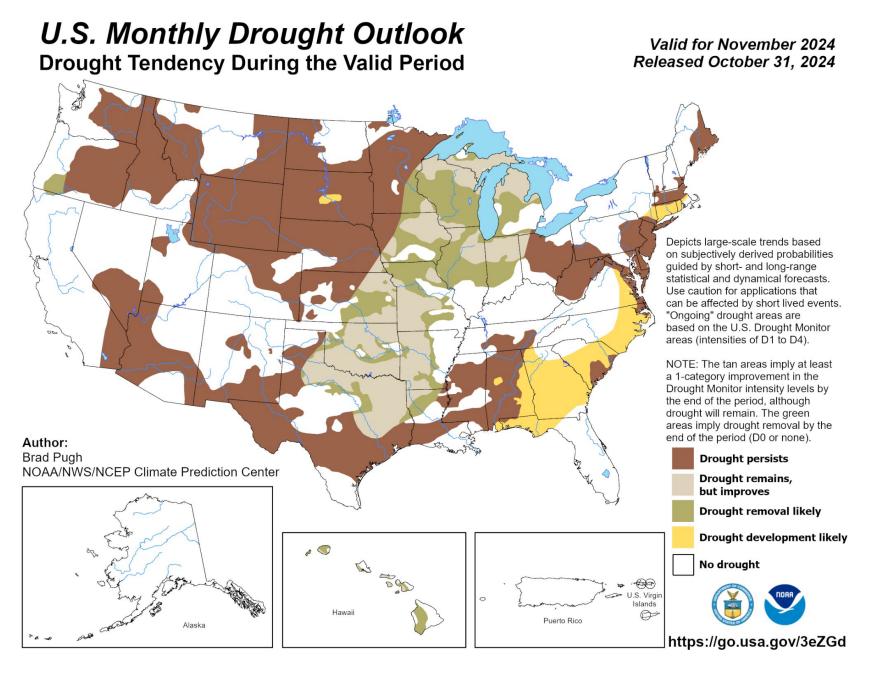


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Drought Outlook

Climate Prediction Center Monthly Drought Outlook | Climate Prediction Center Seasonal Drought Outlook



Main Takeaways

Drought should improve or be removed southeast Kansas.



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altogether in most of southwest Missouri and



Additional Drought Resources

For Additional Information

- NWS Springfield Webpage | IDSS Point Forecasts \rightarrow
- NWS Springfield Drought Monitor Resources \rightarrow
- Graphical Hazardous Weather Outlook \rightarrow
- Missouri Drought Monitor | Kansas Drought Monitor \rightarrow
- **Drought Monitor Archive** \rightarrow
- **CPC Drought Information** \rightarrow
- National Integrated Drought Information System (NIDIS) \rightarrow
- National Drought Mitigation Center (NDMC) \rightarrow
- Missouri USGS Streamflows | Kansas USGS Streamflows \rightarrow
- **Drought Safety** \rightarrow





Agriculture Farms, ranches, and grazing lands suffer, and increases the cost of their products



Harms fish, wildlife, and plants, as well as the benefits these ecosystems provide



Manufacturing Interruptions in the water supply can result in a reduction of productivity or closure of facilities

During a Drought be Vigilant

Conserve Water

Practice Fire Prevention Follow Directions from Local Officials

Trinity Lake, CA, dry lakebed during California Drought, 2014. Photo: USGS



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Public Health

A decrease of water can lead to an increase of illness



Wildfire Management Dry, hot, and windy weather combined with dried out vegetation can lead to more large-scale wildfires



Energy

Production of all types of energy requires water, and drought can severely impact energy systems and prices





